



ASIA TURBOMACHINERY & PUMP SYMPOSIUM

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TEXAS A&M
UNIVERSITY



TURBOMACHINERY LABORATORY
TEXAS A&M ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION

High Speed Coupling Failure related to Torsional Vibration

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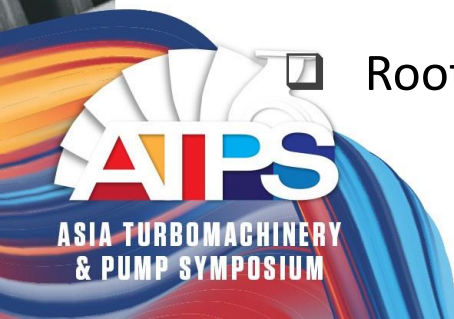
Woon Lip is a Machinery Engineer at ExxonMobil EMRE Houston. He has 16 years of experience in rotating equipment at refinery and petrochemical industry. He received Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering (2003) from National University of Singapore (NUS).



Imran is the Complex Machinery Engineer at ExxonMobil Chemical, Singapore. He has 23 years of experience in rotating equipment at refinery and petrochemical industry.

Abstract

- ❑ This case study presents compressor high speed coupling failure where torsional natural frequency is excited.
- ❑ The case study examines a repeat high speed coupling failure that excited 2nd torsional natural frequency of the compressor train.
- ❑ The mature unit had operated successfully for more than 15 years with no changes that would affect fundamental natural frequencies within compressor train until a series of compromising events created gears degradation which triggered natural frequencies excitation.
- ❑ Results are presented herein of the evidence of the failure mode of the couplings which show fatigue fractures leading to catastrophic failure due to high alternating torsional stress.
- ❑ An examination of bull gear modal analysis showed the possibility of excitation frequency
- ❑ Limitation of existing equipment monitoring (radial vibration measurement) cannot detect torsional vibration
- ❑ Root cause failure analysis to be discussed

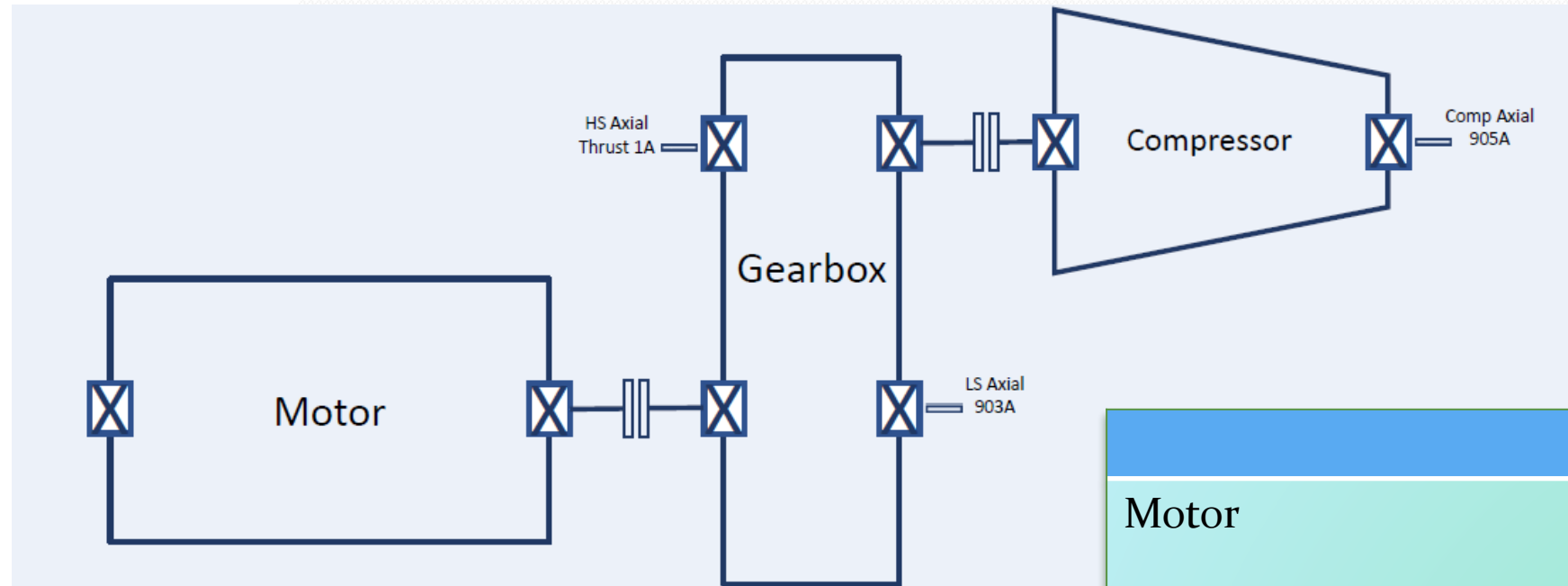


Agenda:

1. Machine Detail
2. Problem Statement
3. Sequence of Events
4. Observations
5. Analysis (Torsional Analysis)
6. Solution (Torsional Natural Frequency Verification, Bull Gear Modal Analysis)
7. Lessons Learnt



Machine Details



Detail	
Motor	Rated: 2,800kW Speed: 1,494 rpm
Low Speed Coupling	Disc Coupling Service Factor: 3.6
Gearbox	Single Helical Gearbox Ratio: 8.057 : 1 (282 gear teeth, 35 pinion teeth)
High Speed Coupling	Disc Coupling Service Factor: 3.8
Compressor	Suction Pressure = 12barG Discharge Pressure = 17 barG 3-stage centrifugal – Hydrogen service – 17 vanes impellers Speed: 12,037 rpm

Problem Statement:

- Compressor High Speed Coupling (between Gearbox and Compressor) failed after operating more than 15 years.
- Repeat failure within 2 weeks.



Sequences of Event:

1st Failure

4 years before 1st failure

Lube oil Cooler leak.
Cooling Water (Seawater)
leak into Lube oil system

3 months before 1st failure

Lube Oil Cooler Leak.
Cooling water
(Seawater) leak into
Lube Oil System

2 weeks before 1st failure

Lube Oil Temperature
Control Valve failed.
Actual temperature is
higher than 50 degC (58
degC)

4 days before 1st failure

Gearbox Casing
Vibration spiked
intermittently. Vibration
data collected at field.
Abnormal vibration
observed but below
alarm limit.

1st HS Coupling Failure

Compressor tripped due
to high vibration.
Gearbox HS coupling
failed

2nd Failure

6 – 9 days before 2nd failure

Repair Scope:
Damaged GB HS
coupling, HS coupling
hub and HS pinion
bearings were replaced

5 days before 2nd failure

Compressor restarted

3 days before 2nd failure

Gearbox casing vibration
spike when Unit oil-in.
Compressor load
increase

1 – 2 days before 2nd failure

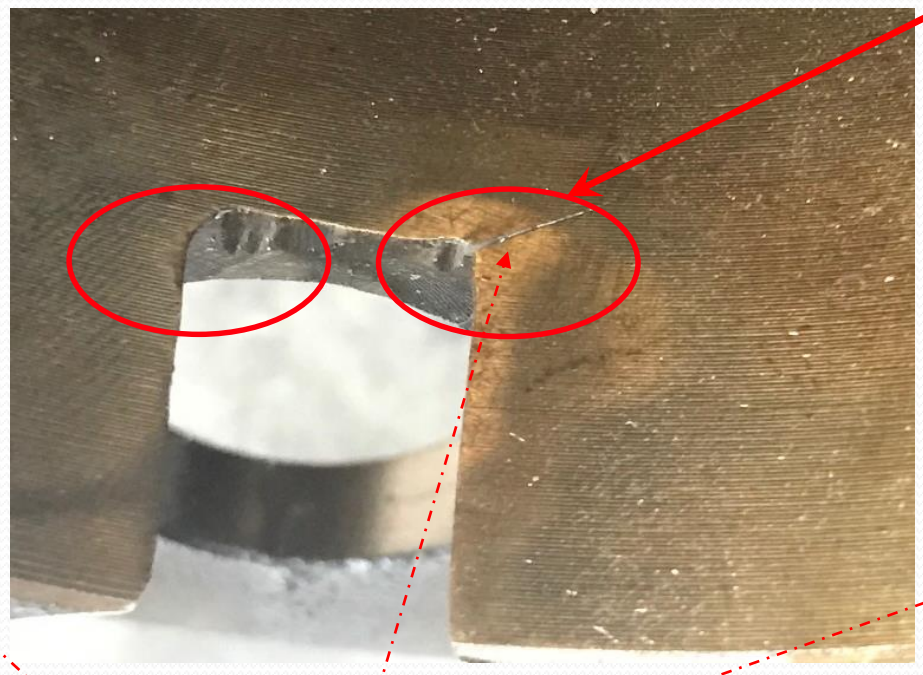
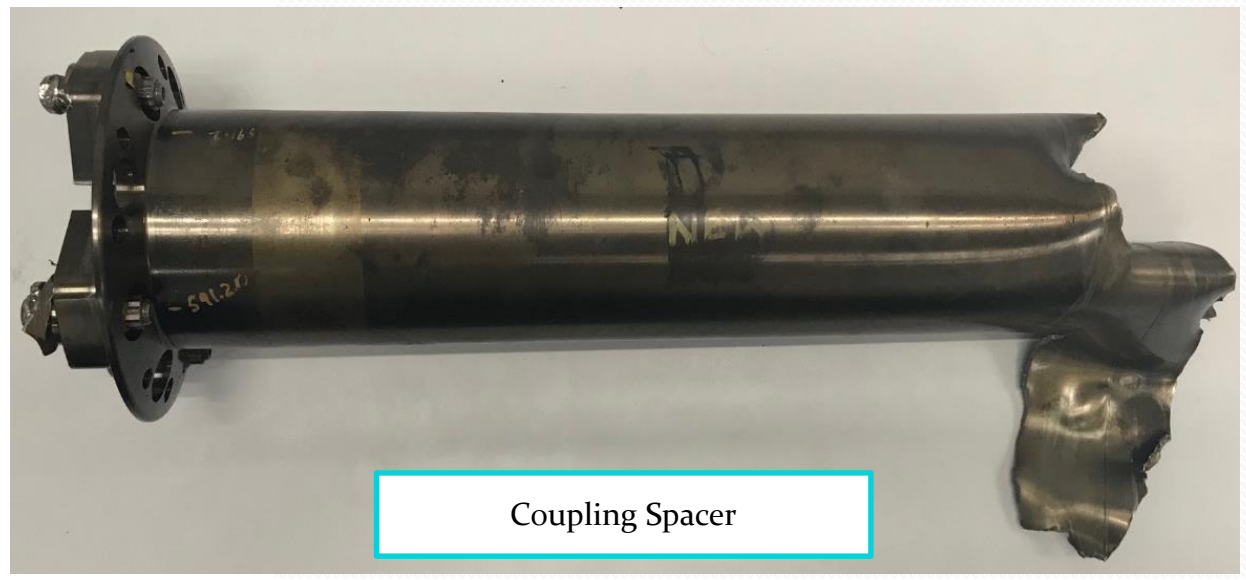
Gearbox casing vibration
activated intermittently.
Constant monitoring,
abnormal radial vibration
observed but well below
alarm limit. 9x vibration
observed

2nd HS Coupling Failure

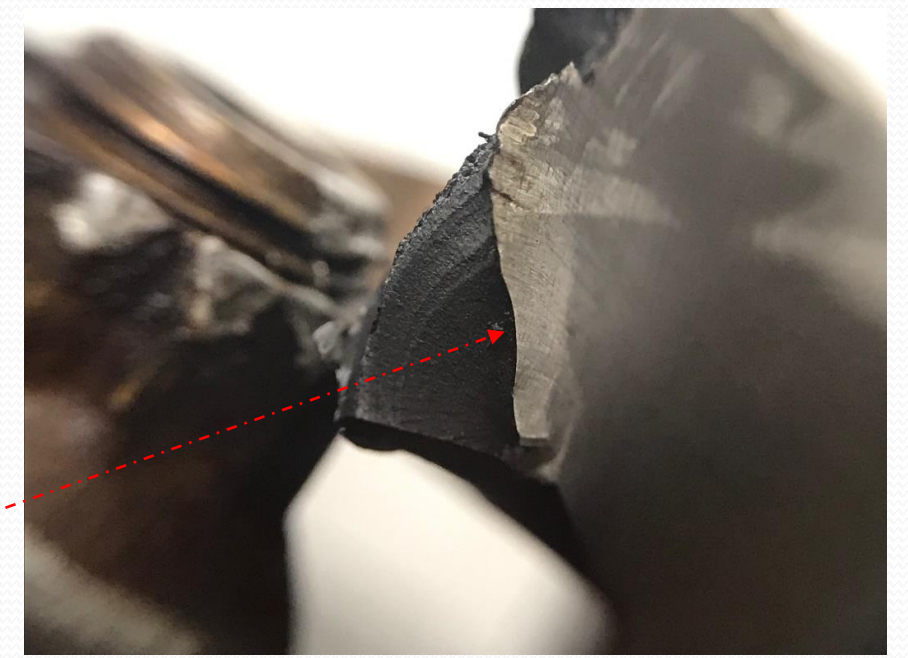
Compressor tripped due
to high vibration.
Gearbox HS coupling
failed

Observations

First Failure:

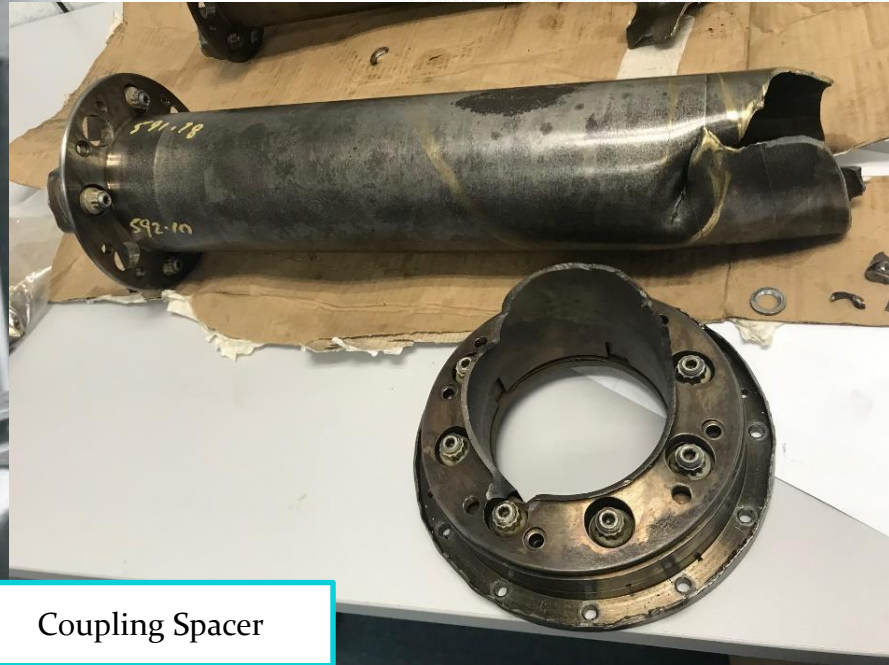


Crack propagated



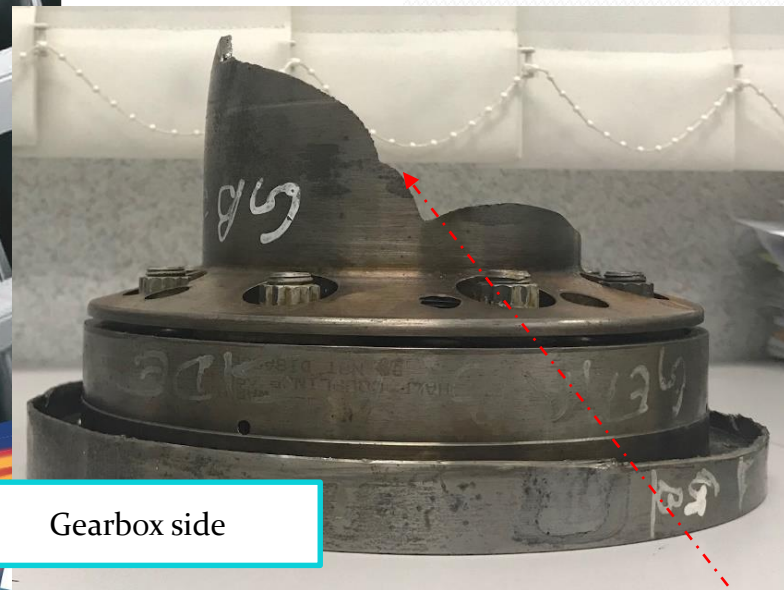
Findings are similar for First failure and Second failure

Observations

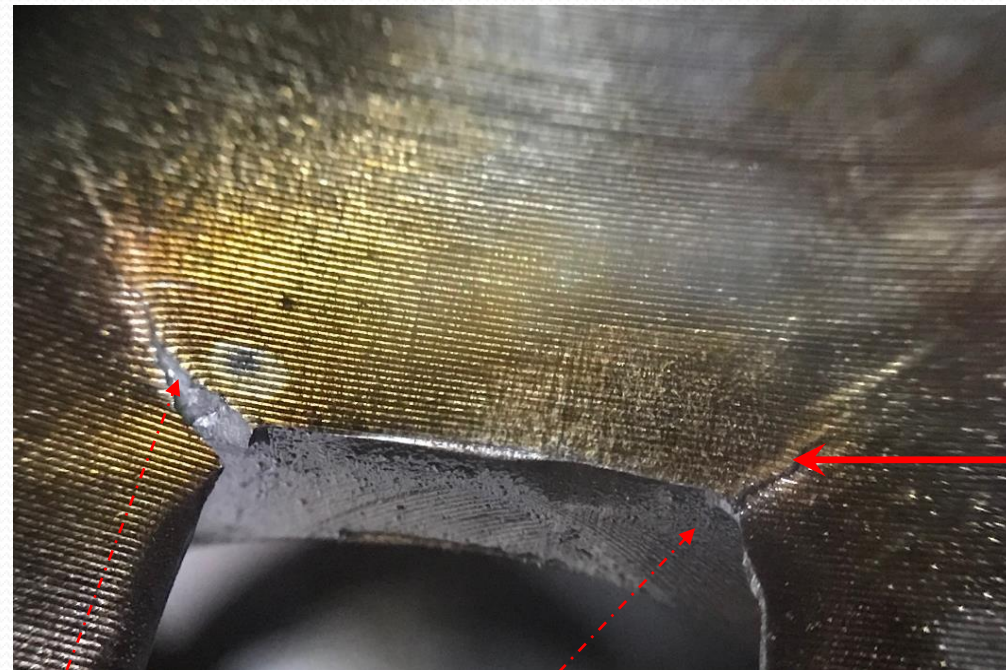


Coupling Spacer

Second Failure:



Gearbox side



Crack propagated



Findings are similar for First failure and Second failure

As Found Condition: Pinion and Bull Gear Inspection & Repair

	Pinion Gear	Bull Gear
As found condition	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>  <p>Pinion collar (Comp side)</p> </div> <div>  <p>Pinion collar (Motor side)</p> </div> </div> <p>Pinion collar axial run-out : 0.05 mm (comp side), 0.09 mm (motor side); Allowable:0.01 mm</p>	
Thrust Collar	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>  <p>DE trust collar (after polishing): The corrosion spots have left deep scars</p> </div> <div>  <p>NDE trust collar (after polishing): The corrosion spots have left deep scars</p> </div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div>  <p>DE trust collar (after polishing): The corrosion spots have left deep scars</p> </div> <div>  <p>NDE trust collar (after polishing): The corrosion spots have left deep scars</p> </div> </div>

As Found: Pinion and Bull Gear Inspection & Repair

	Pinion Gear		Bull Gear	
Load & Non-load flank	 <p>Load flank after polishing, the corrosion spots have left deep scars</p>	 <p>Load flank after polishing, the corrosion spots have left slight scars</p>	 <p>Load flank after polishing, the corrosion spots have left deep scars</p>	 <p>Load flank after polishing, the corrosion spots have left deep scars</p>

- Corrosion spot and deep scars marks were evident in bull gear & pinion gear.
- Pinion gear and bull gear were sent back to Gearbox OEM for repair / refurbishment

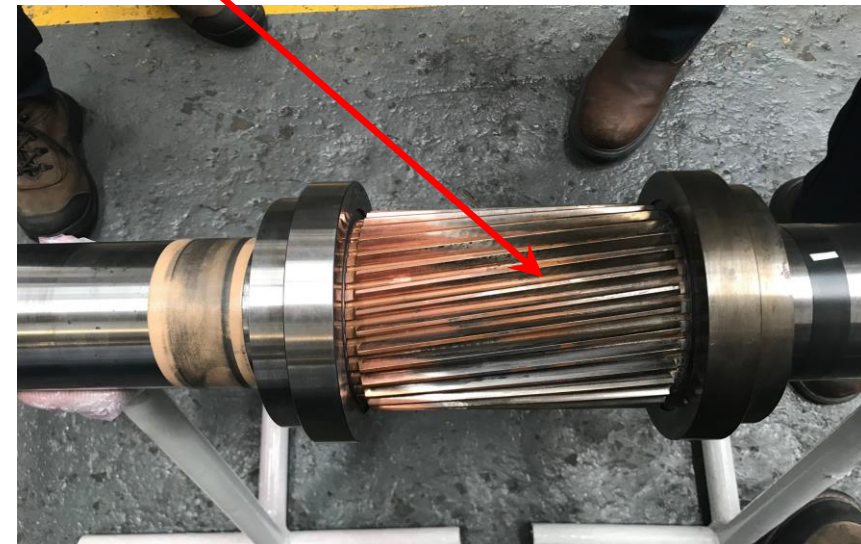
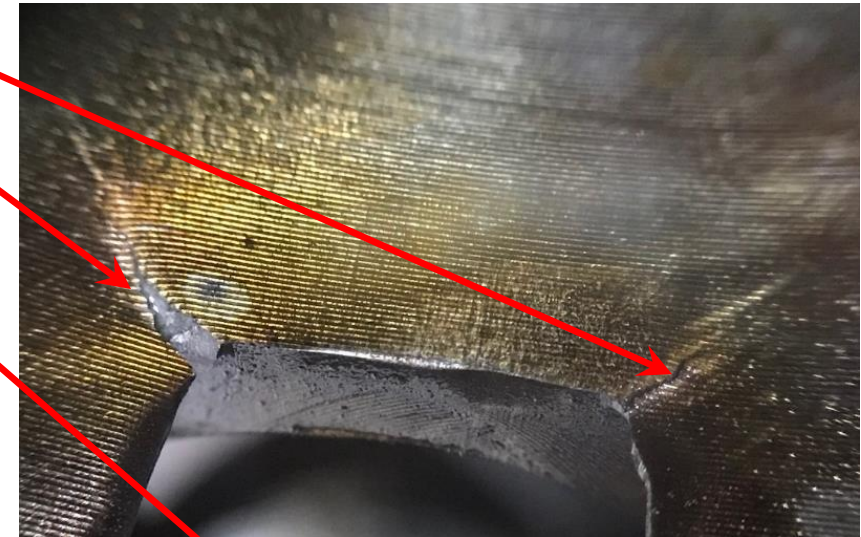
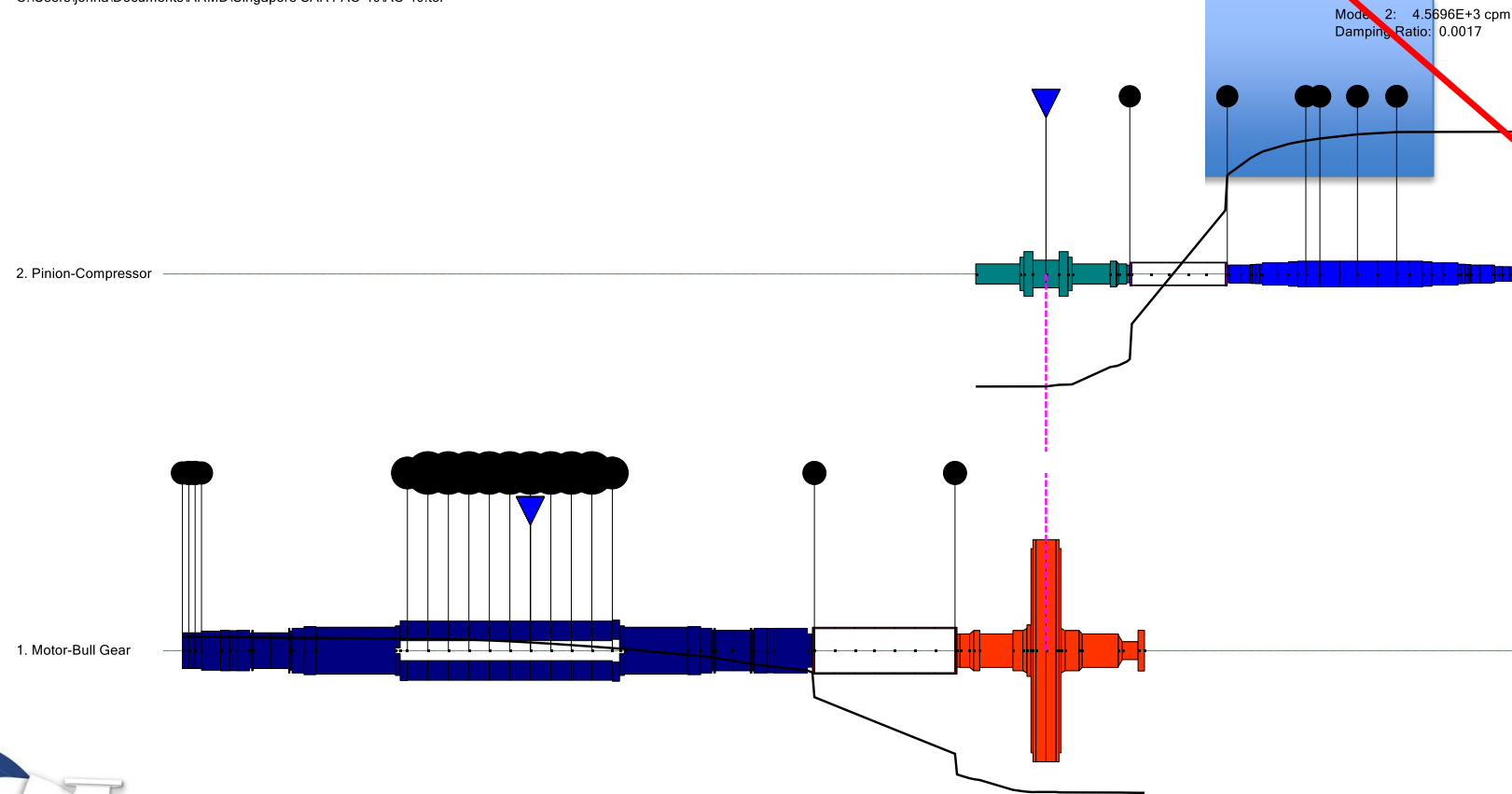
Torsional Analysis

- Experienced coupling failures – observed 9x pinion speed vibration on the pinion shaft
- Torsional analysis was performed to identify modes close to 9x pinion speed
- Likely excitation of 2nd TNF

Torsional Natural Frequency (cpm)	OEM	EM
1 st	1342	1341
2 nd	4566	4570

- Fatigue crack initiation in two principle directions
- Gear tooth wear pattern on both sides

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From John Kocur's Torsional Natural Frequency (TNF) Analysis

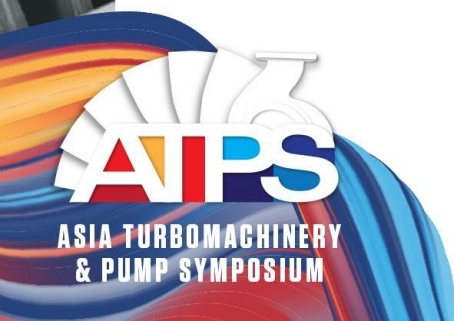
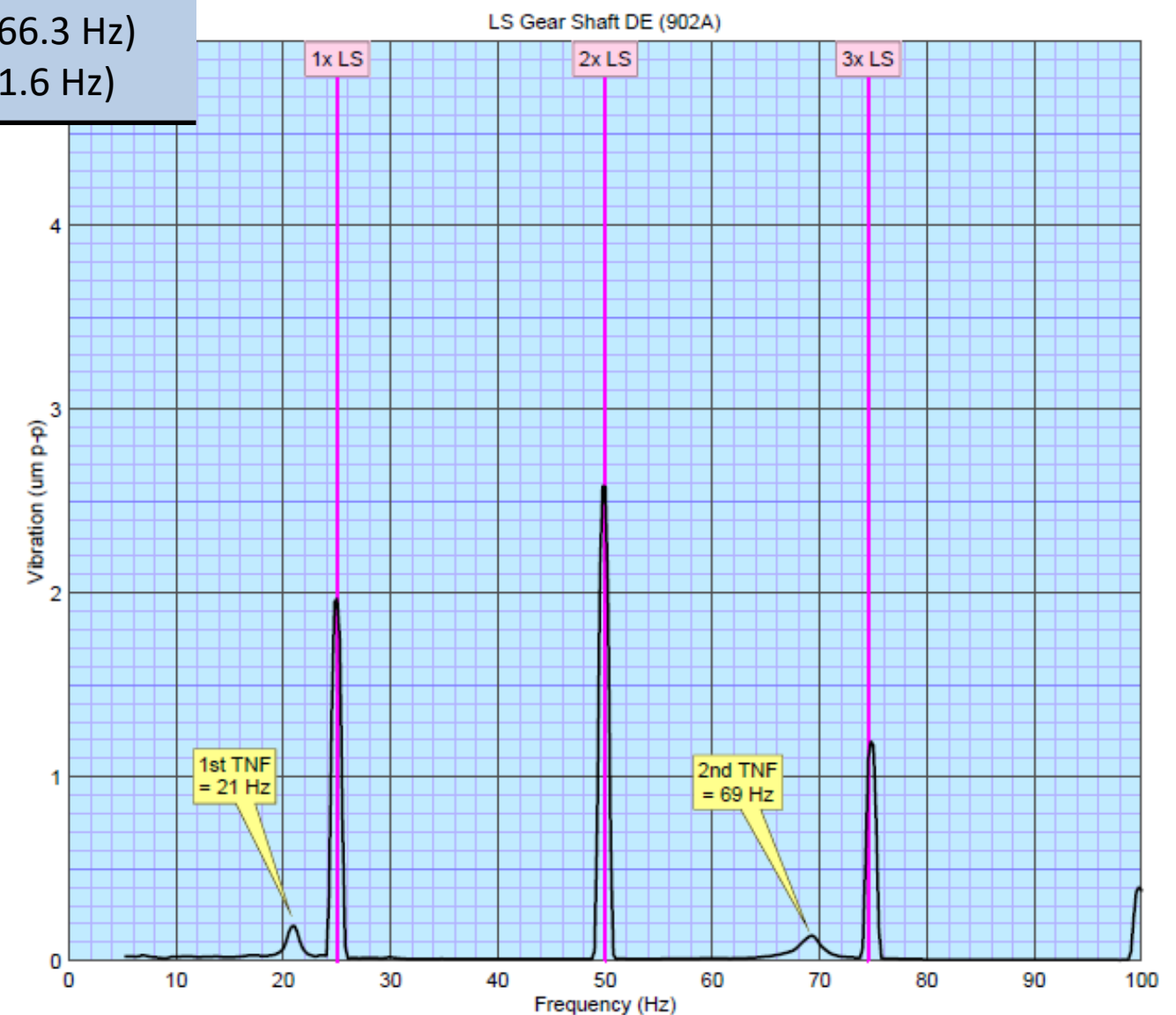


Torsional Natural Frequencies (TNF) Verification

Torsional Natural Frequency	OEM	EM	Vendor A	Vendor B
1 st	1342 cpm (22.4 Hz)	1341 cpm (22.4Hz)	1260 cpm (21 Hz)	1296 cpm (21.6 Hz)
2 nd	4566 cpm (76.1 Hz)	4570 cpm (76.1 Hz)	4140 cpm (69 Hz)	3978 cpm (66.3 Hz) - 4296 (71.6 Hz)

During Unit Start-up, various instruments were setup to measure TNF

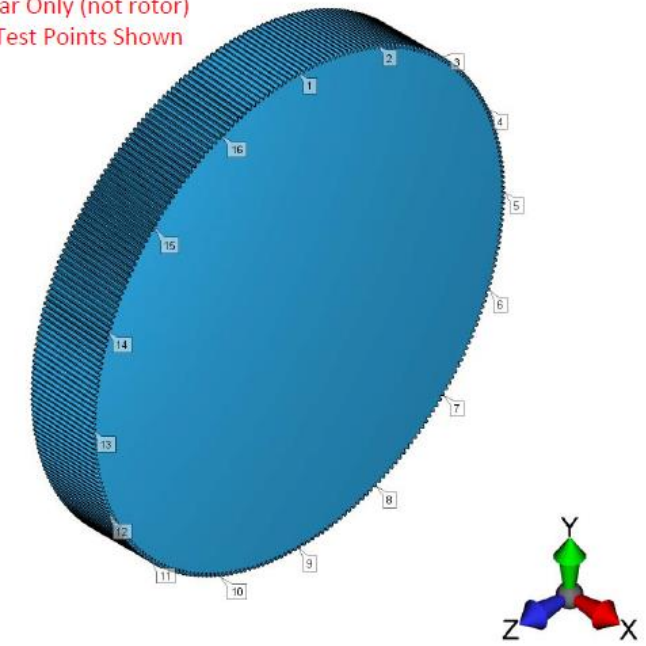
- 1st TNF is found ~ 1260 cpm (21Hz)
- 2nd TNF is found ~ 4140 cpm (69Hz)



Bull Gear – Modal Analysis

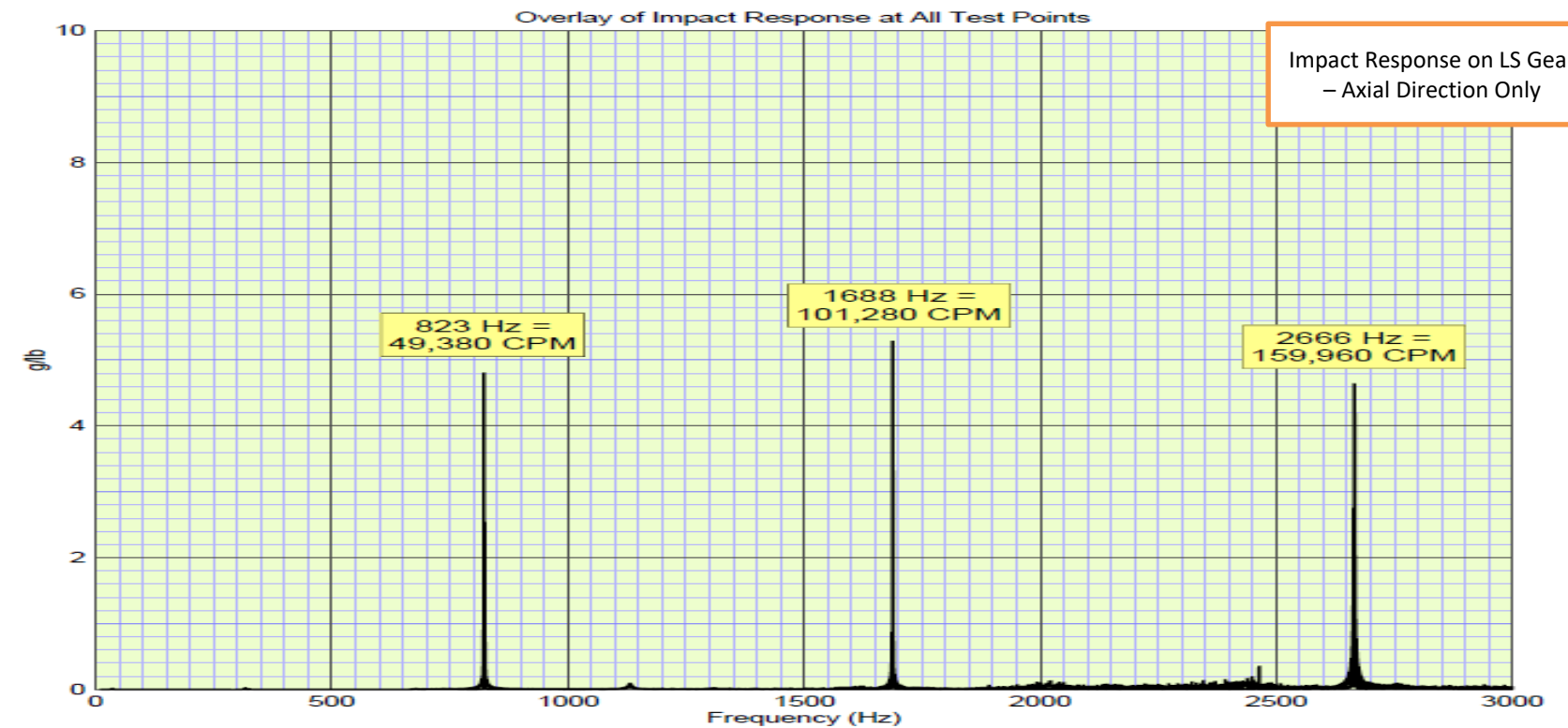
- Impact mode shape (IMS) was performed on Bull Gear.
- The purpose is to identify axial mechanical natural frequencies and mode shapes of the bull gear itself
- Response at 1,688Hz (101,280cpm) corresponds to 8.4x pinion speed.

Impact/Response on Gear Only (not rotor) in Axial (X) Direction at Test Points Shown



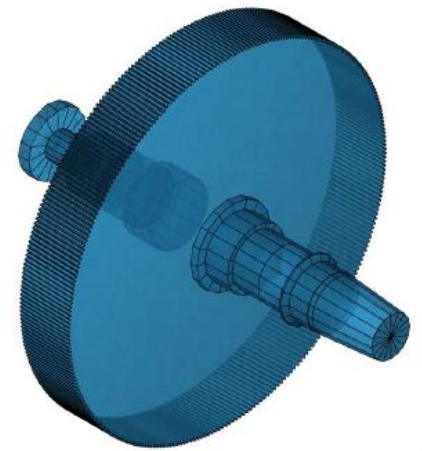
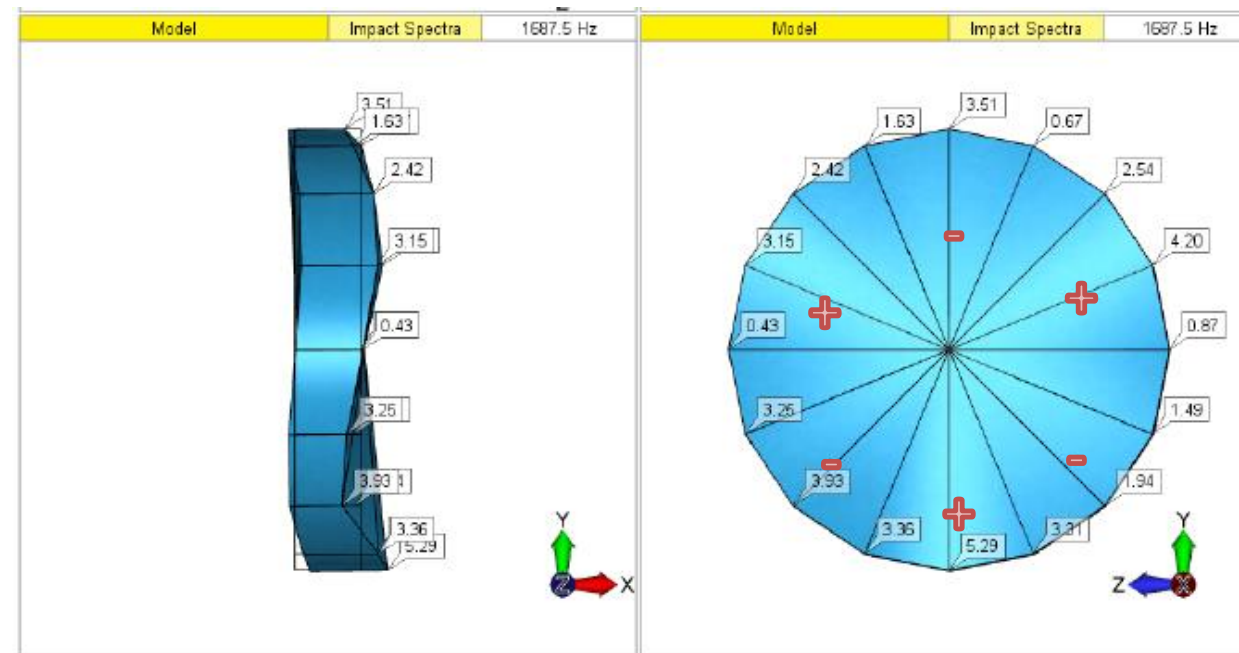
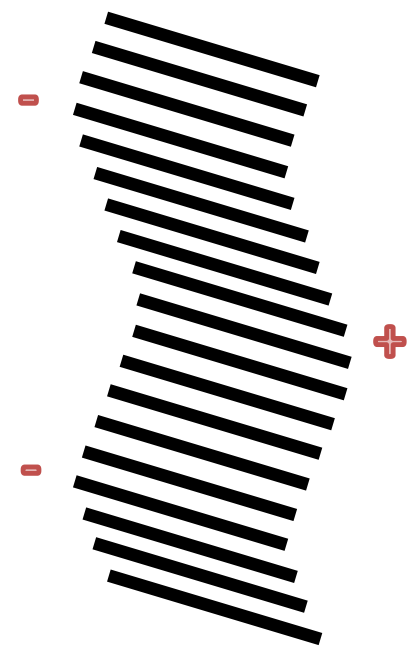
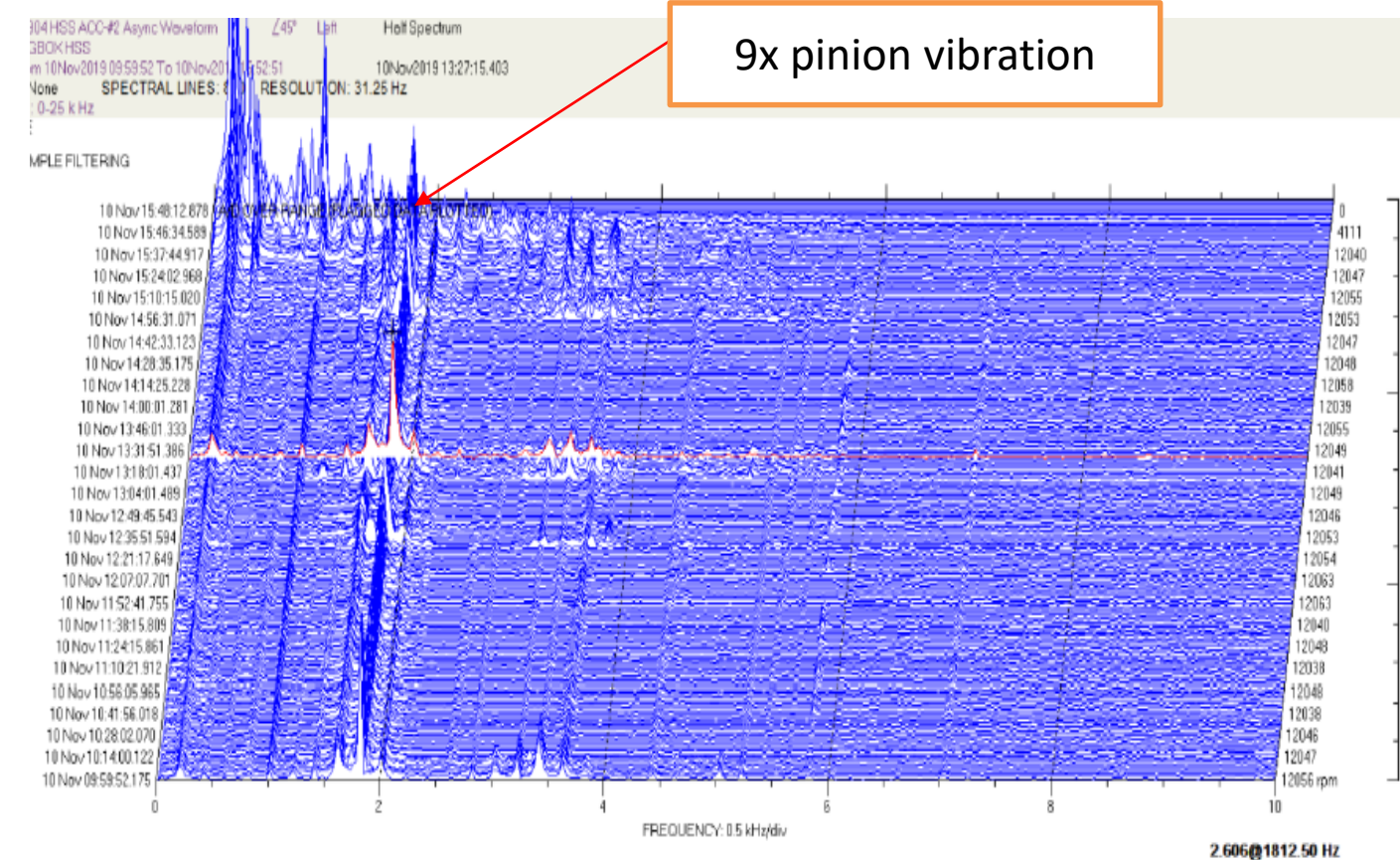
Impact Response Frequency

	Response Frequency		Comments
	Hz	CPM	
1	823	49,380	33x bull gear (motor) speed 4.1x pinion speed
2	1,688	101,280	67.8x bull gear speed 8.4x pinion speed
3	2,666	159,960	107x bull gear speed 13.3x pinion speed



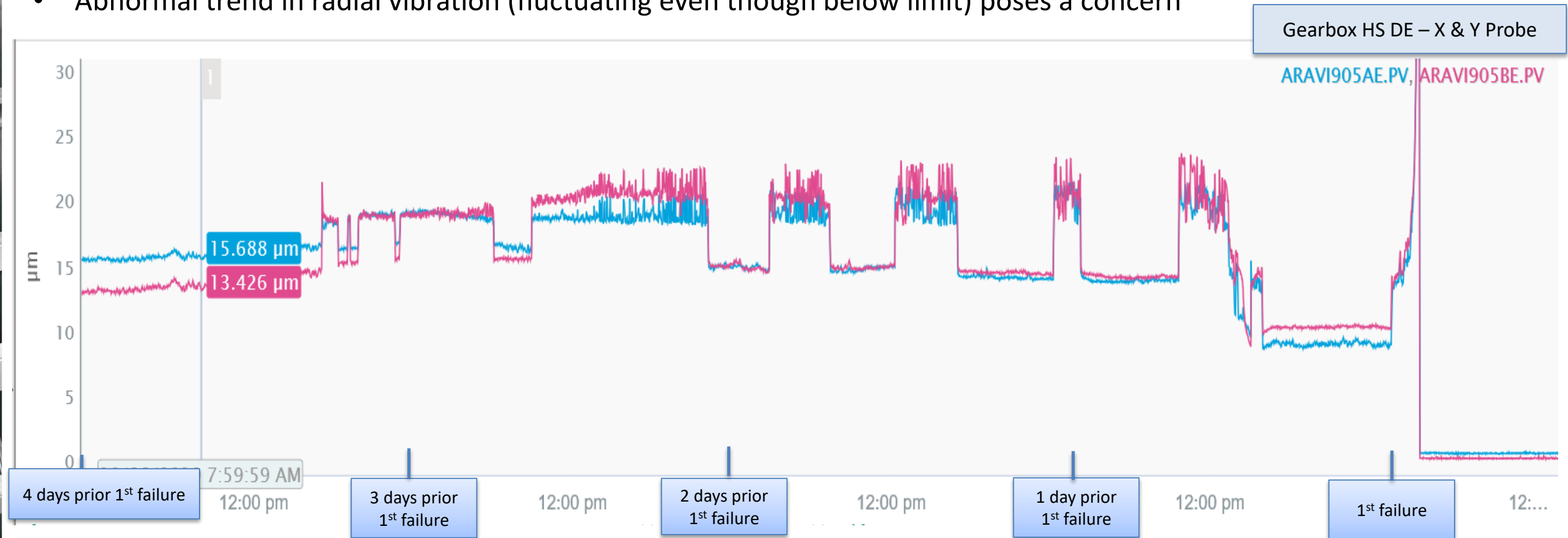
Lessons Learnt : Torsional Natural Frequency Excitement

- Oil contamination from cooler leaks
- Significant gear wear results in imperfect teeth contact at the gear mesh.
- Extra friction with scuffing tooth contact, especially during lower viscosity oil period results ring the bull gear like a bell
- Increased 'play' between mating gear teeth possibly leading to excitation of Bull Gear natural frequency at 9x pinion speed
- Measured 9x pinion speed vibration, probably caused by excitation of Bull Gear natural frequency
- Mitigations of bull gear and pinion replacement/repair have been implemented and the failure has not reoccurred



Lessons Learnt:

- Torsional vibration is typically a silent killer, meaning traditional vibration measurements (such as accelerometer) cannot detect its presence.
- Increase in 9x pinion speed vibration prior each failure indicate the failure is related to 9x
- Abnormal trend in radial vibration (fluctuating even though below limit) poses a concern



- End of Presentation
 - Thank You !
- Any questions please

