ARTICLE VERSIONS: ARE YOU READING WHAT YOU THINK YOU'RE READING?



ave you clicked on a link to view an article and found yourself looking at a manuscript?

What's Going On?

There was a time when an article had one version—a finished, published article. The only manuscripts you saw were probably those you wrote or were asked to review.

That time has passed. Now several stages of manuscript may be available to you. These are called versions of the article.

Why Does This Matter to You?

- You may have free access to more articles because authors can share them at several stages in the research, publication and review process.
- It can add a layer of complexity when you use free online copies of articles.
- There may be several article versions online simultaneously.

PubMed, Google Scholar, journal websites and others provide links to full-text articles. You also can use free tools like Unpaywall and Open Access Button to identify freely available articles. Any of these may provide access to several versions of the article.

Versions



Preprint

Authors can make this version freely available online because there isn't a relationship with a journal yet. Often these are posted on a preprint server,



By Heather K. Moberly and L.M. Rey Coordinator of Veterinary Services, Medical Sciences Library, Texas A&M University

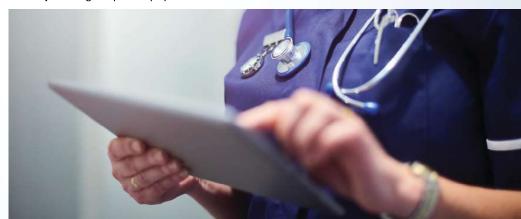
the author's website or an online repository. In mid-2020, PubMed began to add records for preprints of National Institutes of Health (NIH)-funded research. Including records to research not yet peer-reviewed is a major change in philosophy.

peer-reviewed manuscript for subscription-only articles.

Online Repositories?

These are nonprofit websites that host online articles. Universities have them to host their employees' work. Some, like PubMed Central (PMC), host specific journals or funding agencies. Others, like Open Science Framework (OSF), host anyone.

- Texas A&M University—OAKTrust: https://oaktrust.library.tamu.edu
- Texas Tech University ThinkTech: https://ttu-ir.tdl.org/handle/2346/468
- PMC: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ pmc/
- OSF: https://osf.io/



Submitted

Beginning at this stage, the journal publisher has a say in what may be shared. They often allow the author to post this version. Find them at the author's website or in an online repository.

Accepted

Some journals post these at their website temporarily between acceptance and publication. Publishers may allow this version to be posted at the author's website or in an online repository, especially after the published version has been available for a while. These can provide you with free access to the

What's the Bottom Line?

As a reader, you may encounter several versions of the same article online. Be aware of which are peer-reviewed and which aren't. As an author, consider sharing the accepted versions of your articles so more colleagues can read your work. Not sure if you're allowed to share? Ask us, and we'll help you figure it out!

Texas veterinarians may contact the Medical Sciences Library at Texas A&M University for assistance at no cost for reference service, literature searching and copies of articles, chapters and conference papers from our collection. Details can be found at http://tamu.libguides.com/txvetalum.