



PORT HOUSTON
THE INTERNATIONAL PORT OF TEXAS™

Port Electrification: Growth and Opportunity

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Port Commission



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THE INTERNATIONAL PORT OF TEXAS™



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Port Houston: Environmental Policy



5 'C's of Port Houston Environmental Policy

Comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations

Create business practices that prevent pollution and support sustainability

Communicate, engage, and collaborate with stakeholders

Commit to being a recognized maritime industry leader in environmental stewardship

Continuously improve environmental performance

The 5Cs guide Infrastructural and Operational Decisions at Port Houston

Policy Stewardship

Growth & Emissions

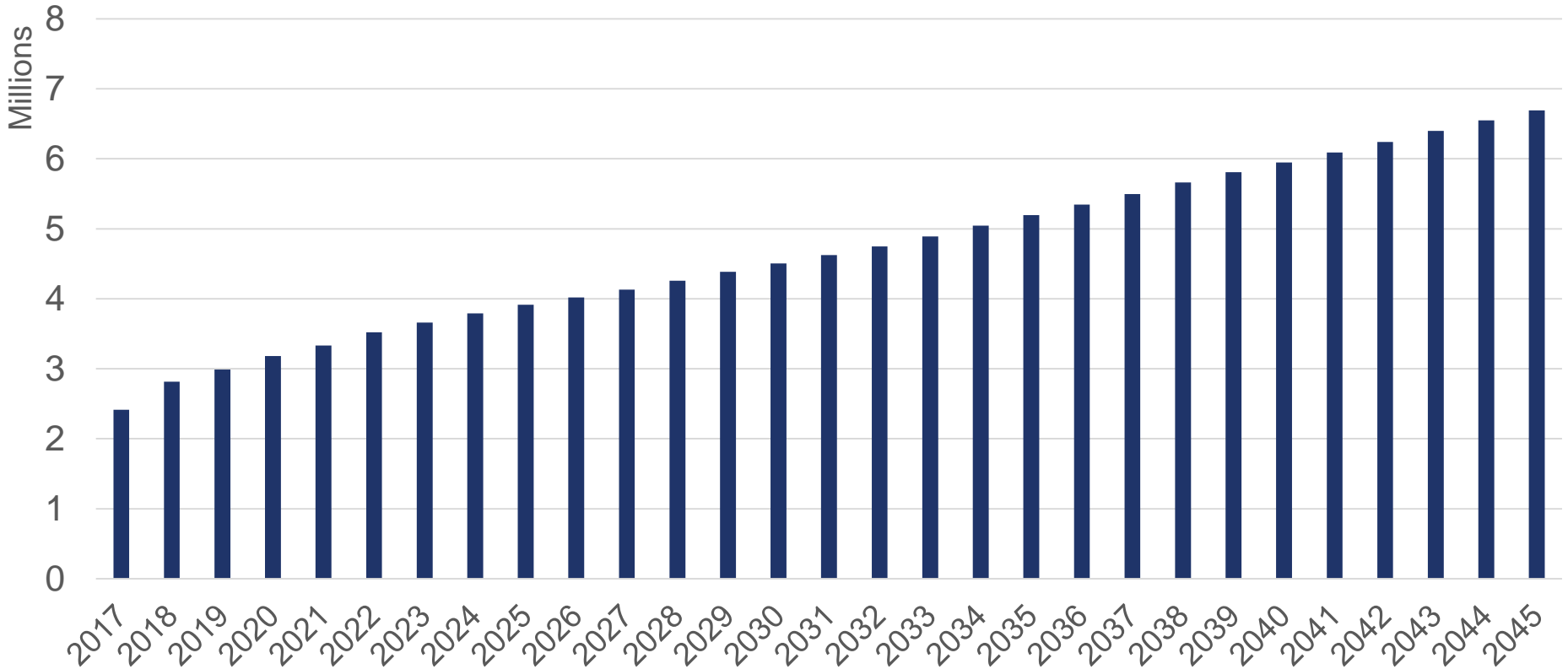
Sustainable Port

Electrification Case

Port Houston: Projected Growth



Port Houston: Projected Container Growth 2017-2045

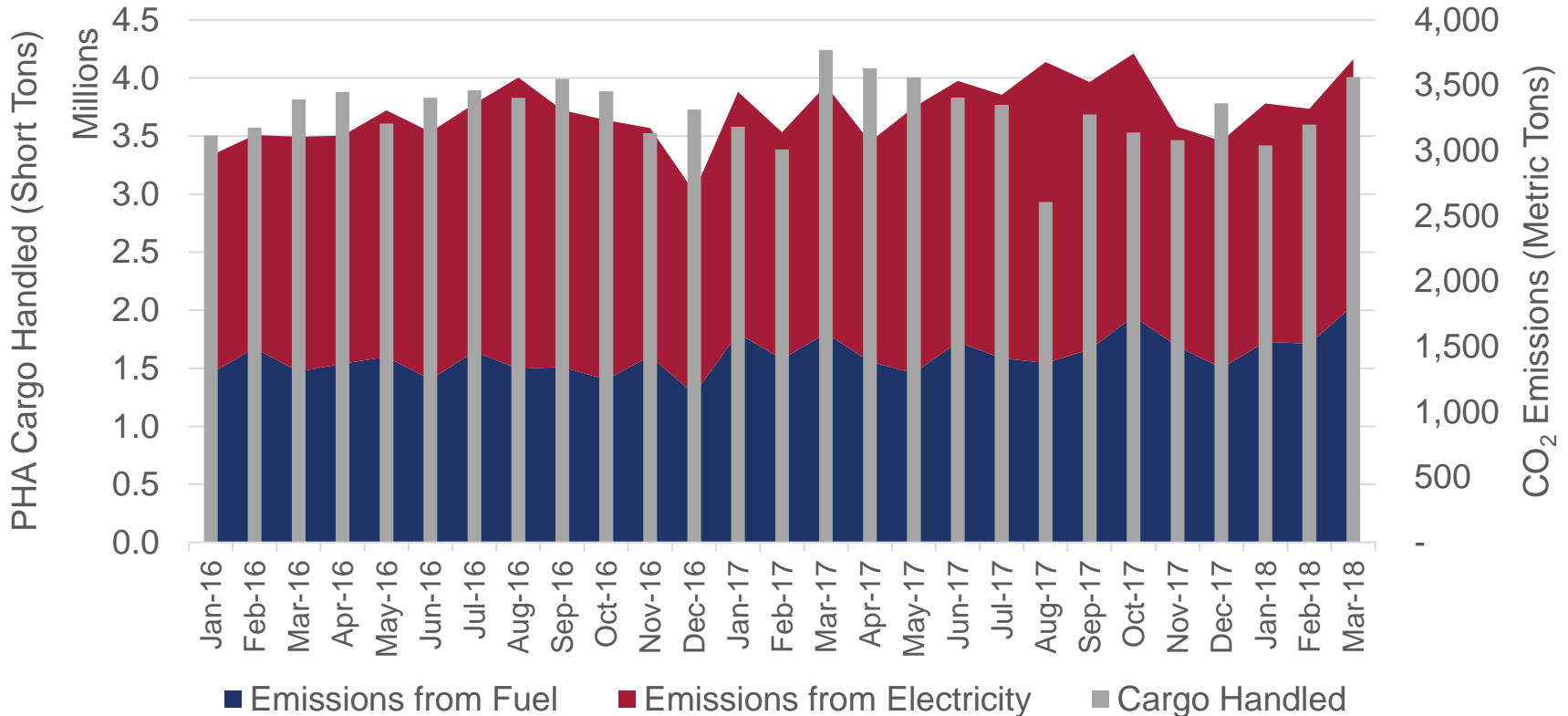


By 2045, volume of containers handled at Port Houston is expected to grow by 2.8 times

Environmental Leadership Objective: Lower CO₂ Emissions per Ton Cargo Handled

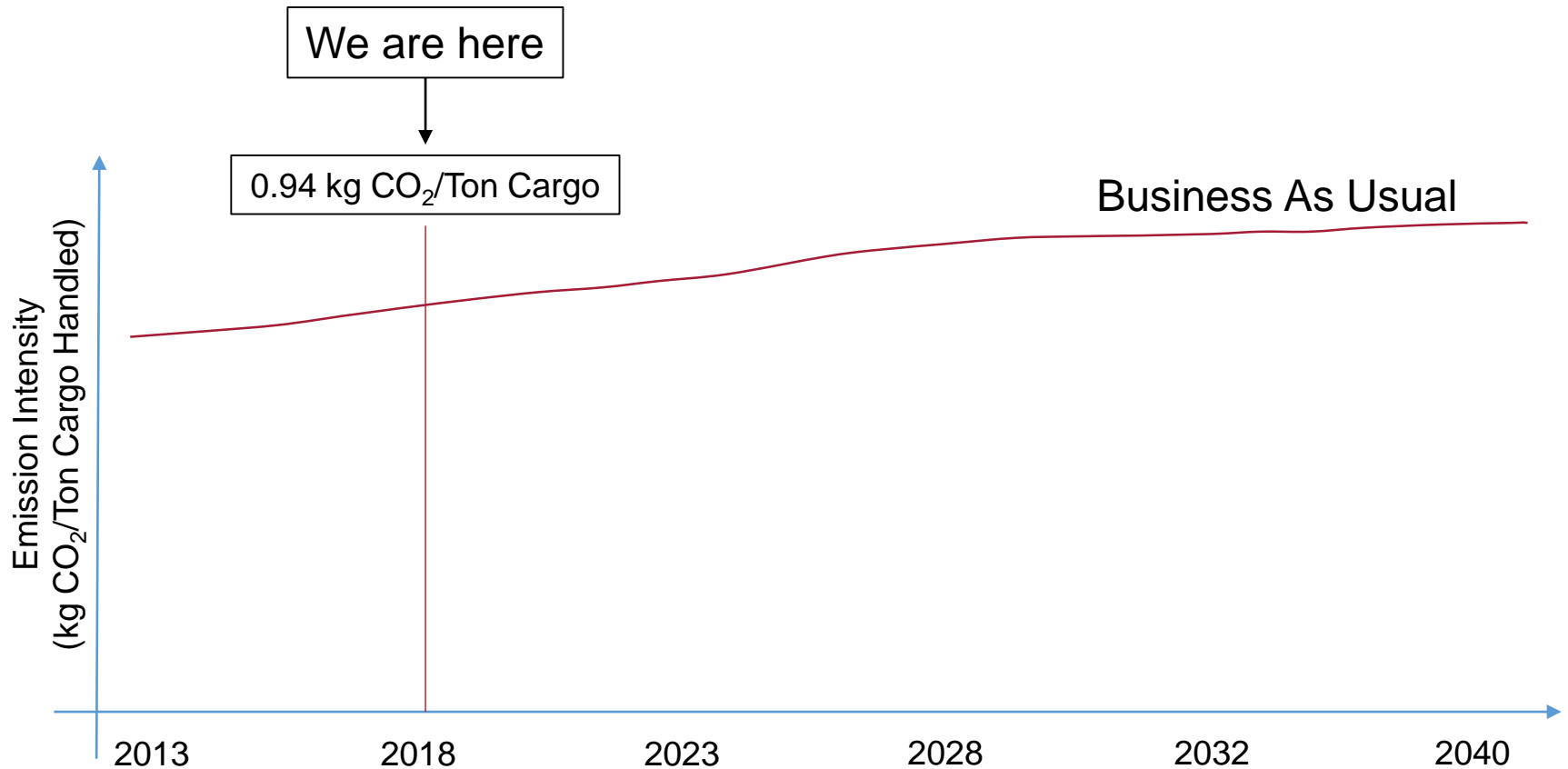


PHA Monthly Cargo Handled and Operational CO₂ Footprint: 2016-Present



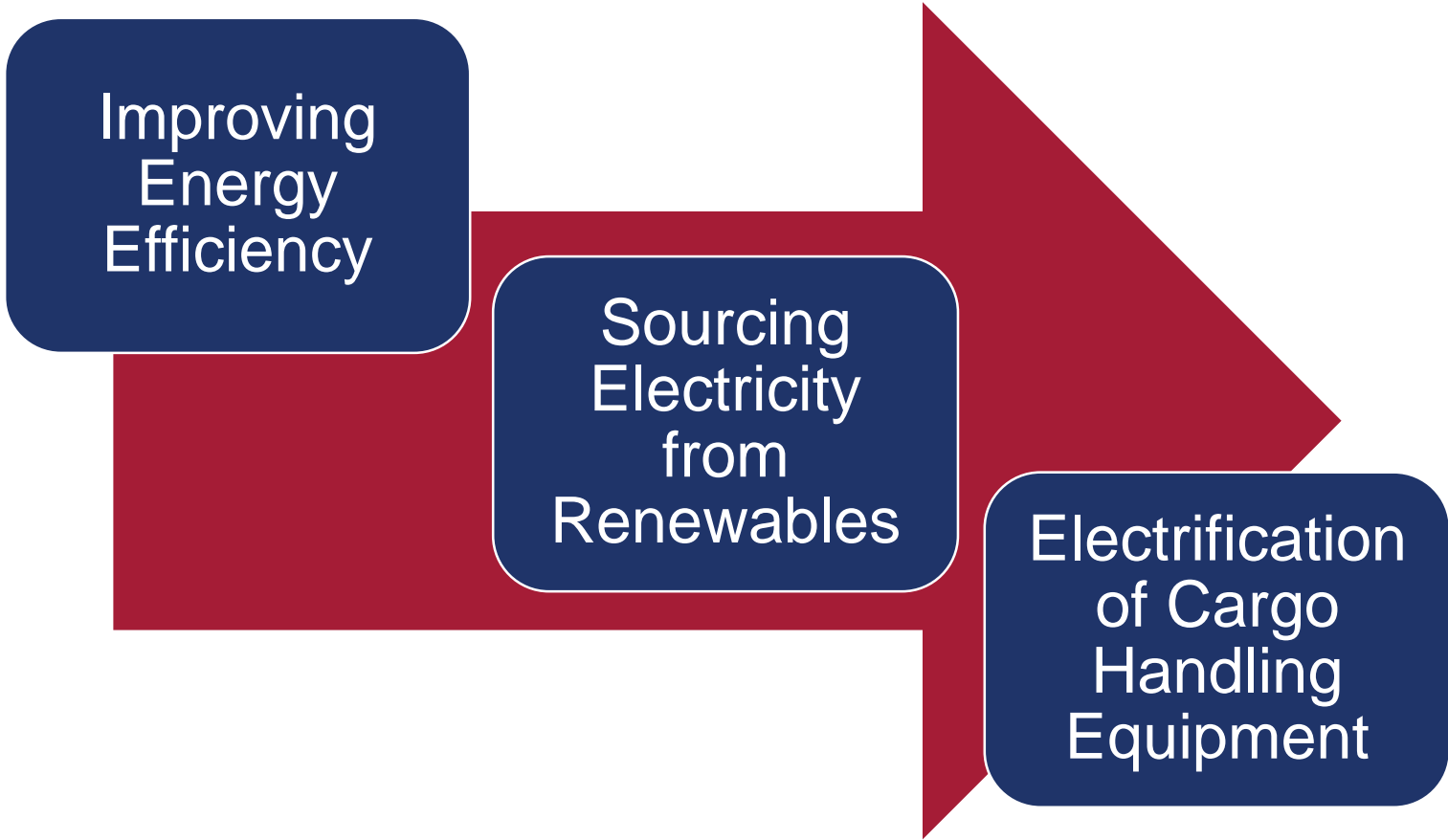
For reference, Port Houston's annual CO₂ footprint (41,000 Metric Tons) is 0.1% of that of the City of Houston (33,400,000 Metric Tons CO₂)

Projected CO₂ emissions: 2016-2045



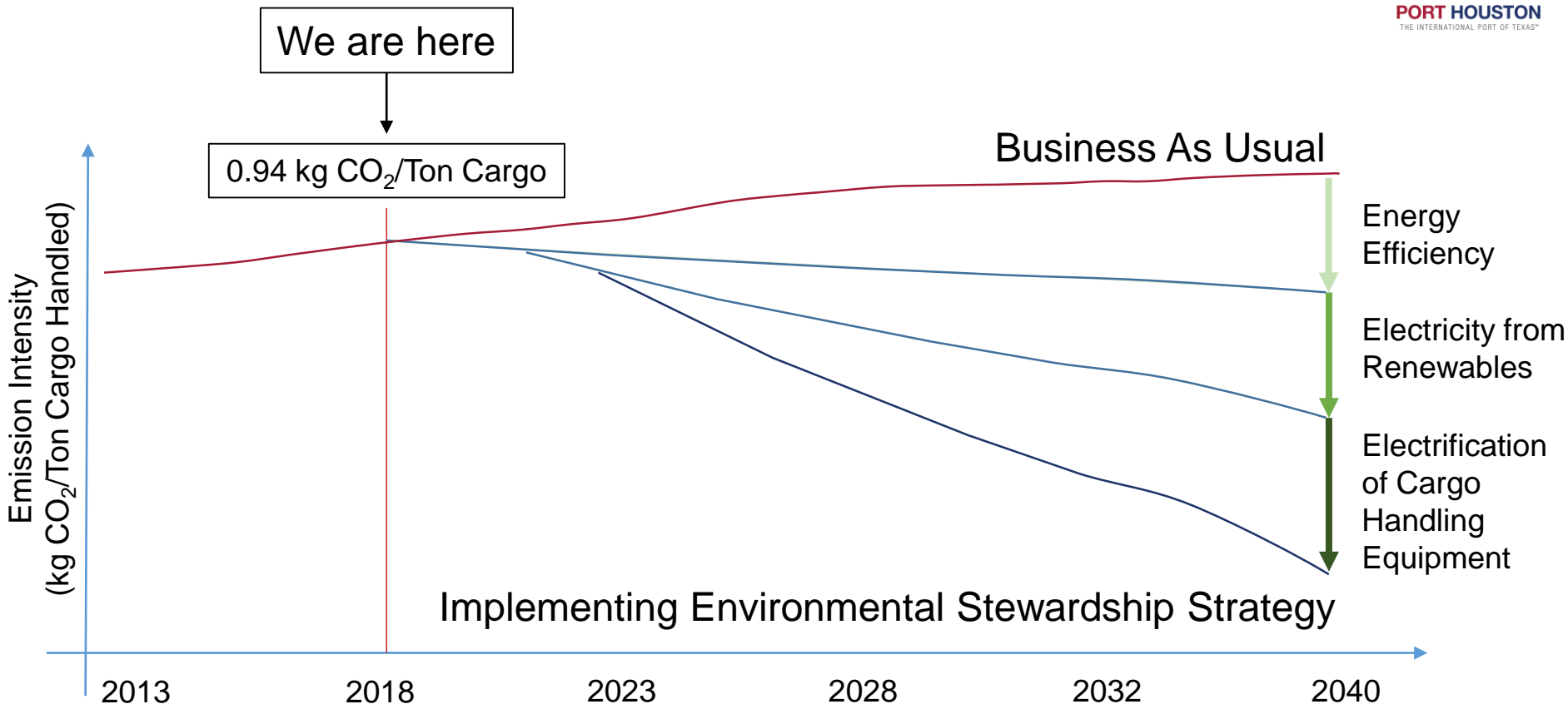
Creating cargo capacity through traditional means can increase emissions by 3 times

Port Houston: 3 Levers of Sustainability



The Port is developing strategies to reduce emissions over the long-term

Leadership for the long-term



80% reduction in emission intensity by 2045 would bring emissions to 2000 level

The Business Opportunity of Sustainability



Key Equipment

Equipment type	#	Avg. Engine Capacity (HP)
Ship to Shore Cranes	26	800
Rubber Tire Gantry Cranes	80	600
Terminal Tractors	70	450
Passenger & Spl Vehicles	360	260

Annual energy spending

Energy source	\$MM
Electricity (50 GWH)	3.2
Fuel	2.8

The Port's Ship to Shore cranes are all electric.
 Future electrification opportunity lies with RTGs and Terminal Tractors.

RTGs: The Business Opportunity of Sustainability



Example case of RTG electrification

Barriers

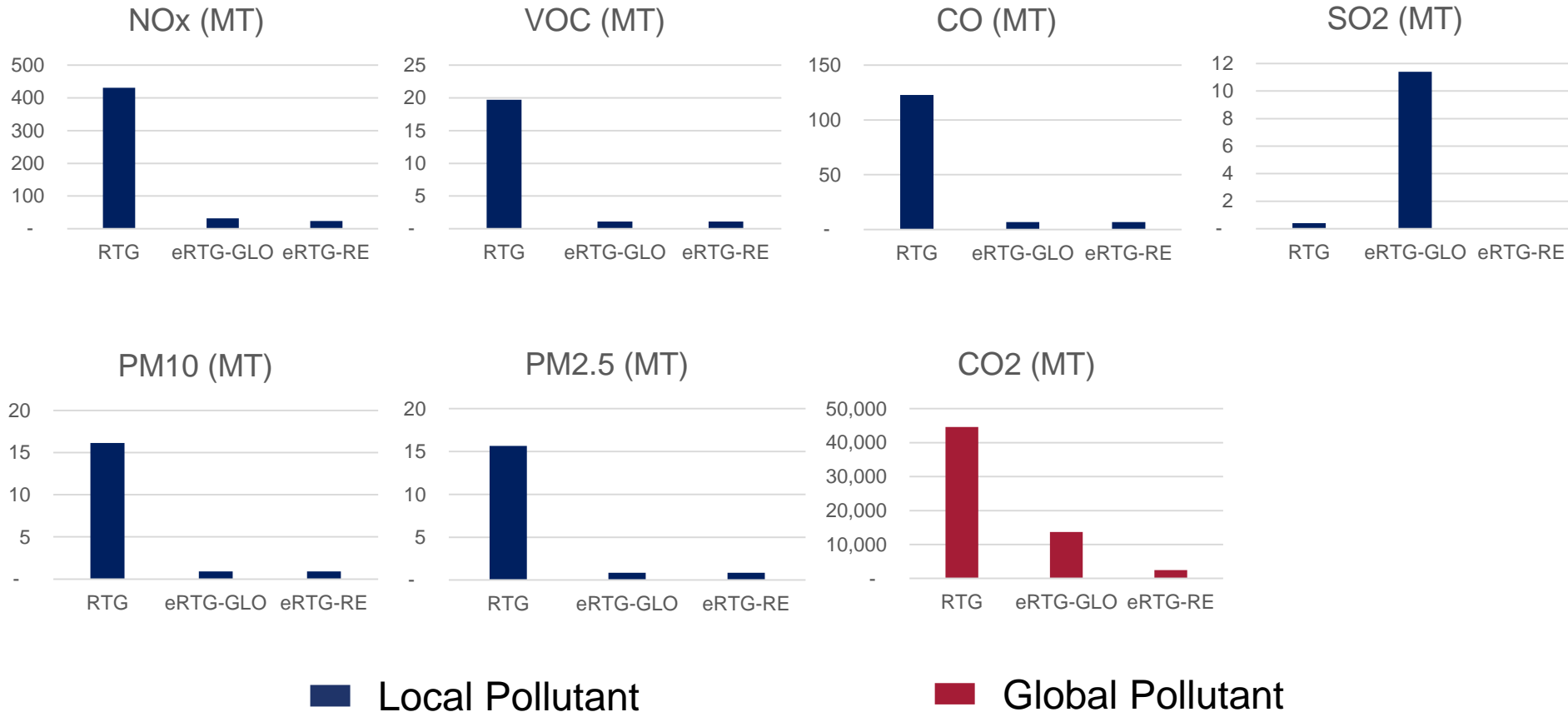
- Installed infrastructure
- High Capex Cost
- Space Constraints
- Personnel Training

Opportunities

- Lower lifecycle costs
- Mitigate emissions
- Reduce operational down-time

Given the value of installed infrastructure, electrification is a long-term opportunity

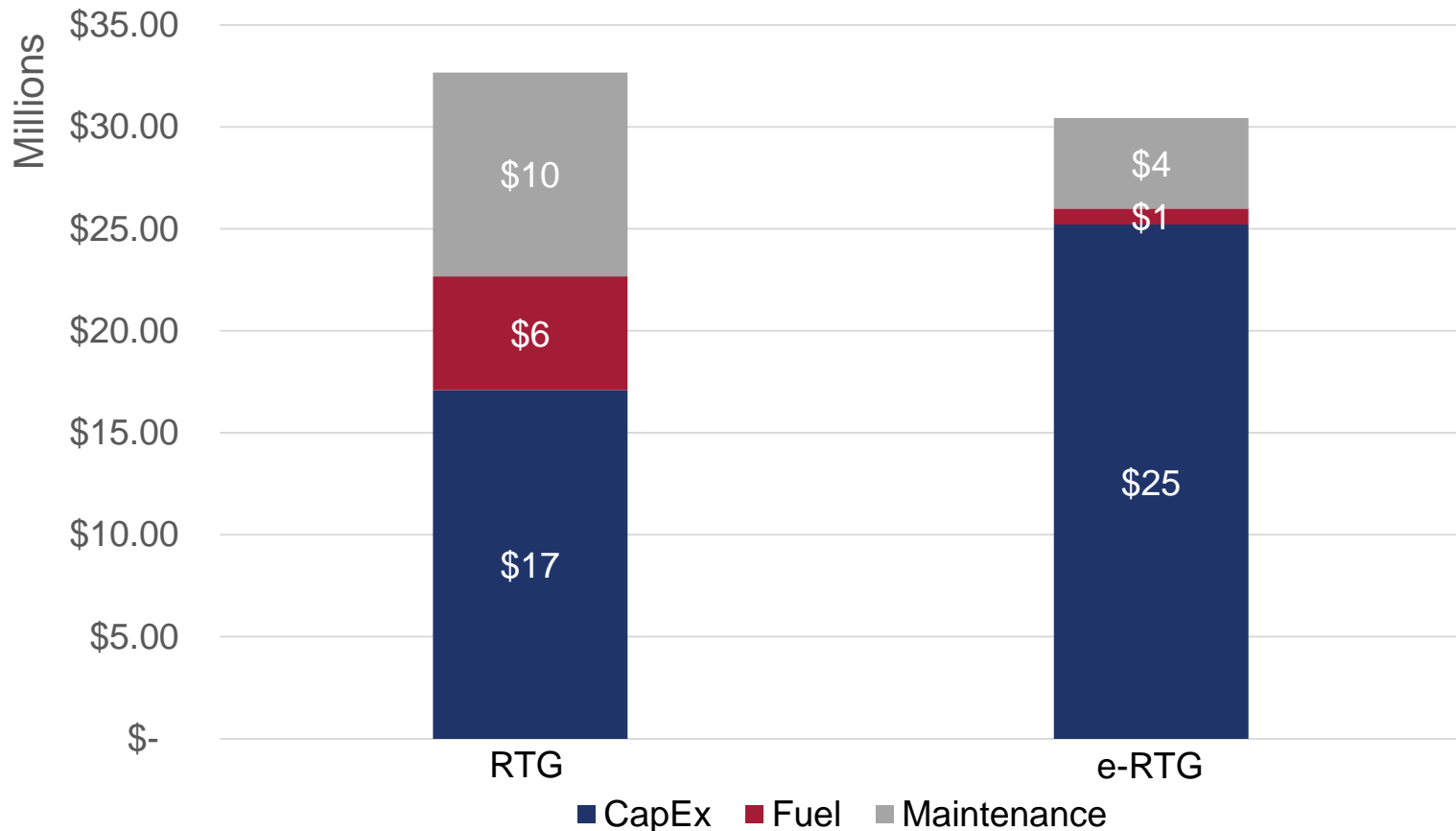
Lifetime Operational Emissions: RTGs vs eRTGs for a container yard



Electrification can reduce onsite RTG emissions by 95%

Lifecycle Cost: RTG vs e-RTG for a container yard

RTG v e-RTG: Net Present Cost



With lower lifecycle cost, e-RTGs can offer reliable & lower future costs



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THANK YOU

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Questions?

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