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(12) **United States Patent**
Hook et al.(10) **Patent No.:** US 7,615,616 B2
(45) **Date of Patent:** Nov. 10, 2009(54) **BIOINFORMATIC METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING SURFACE-ANCHORED PROTEINS FROM GRAM-POSITIVE BACTERIA AND PROTEINS OBTAINED THEREBY**(75) Inventors: **Magnus Hook**, Houston, TX (US); **Yi Xu**, Houston, TX (US); **Jouko V. Sillanpaa**, Houston, TX (US); **Narayana Sthanam**, Birmingham, AL (US); **Karthi Ponnuraj**, Birmingham, AL (US); **Joseph M. Patti**, Cumming, GA (US); **Jeff T. Hutchins**, Cumming, GA (US); **Andrea Hall**, Acworth, GA (US); **Maria G. Bowden**, Sugarland, TX (US)(73) Assignees: **The Texas A&M University System**, College Station, TX (US); **Inhibitex, Inc.**, Alpharetta, GA (US); **The UAB Research Foundation**, Birmingham, AL (US)

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(60) Provisional application No. 60/410,303, filed on Sep. 13, 2002.

(51) **Int. Cl.****C07K 16/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **530/387.1**; 530/388.1; 424/130.1; 424/133.1; 424/139.1; 424/141.1; 424/150.1; 424/164.1; 435/243; 435/975(58) **Field of Classification Search** 530/387.1, 530/388.1; 435/243, 975; 424/130.1, 133.1, 424/139.1, 141.1, 150.1, 164.1

See application file for complete search history.

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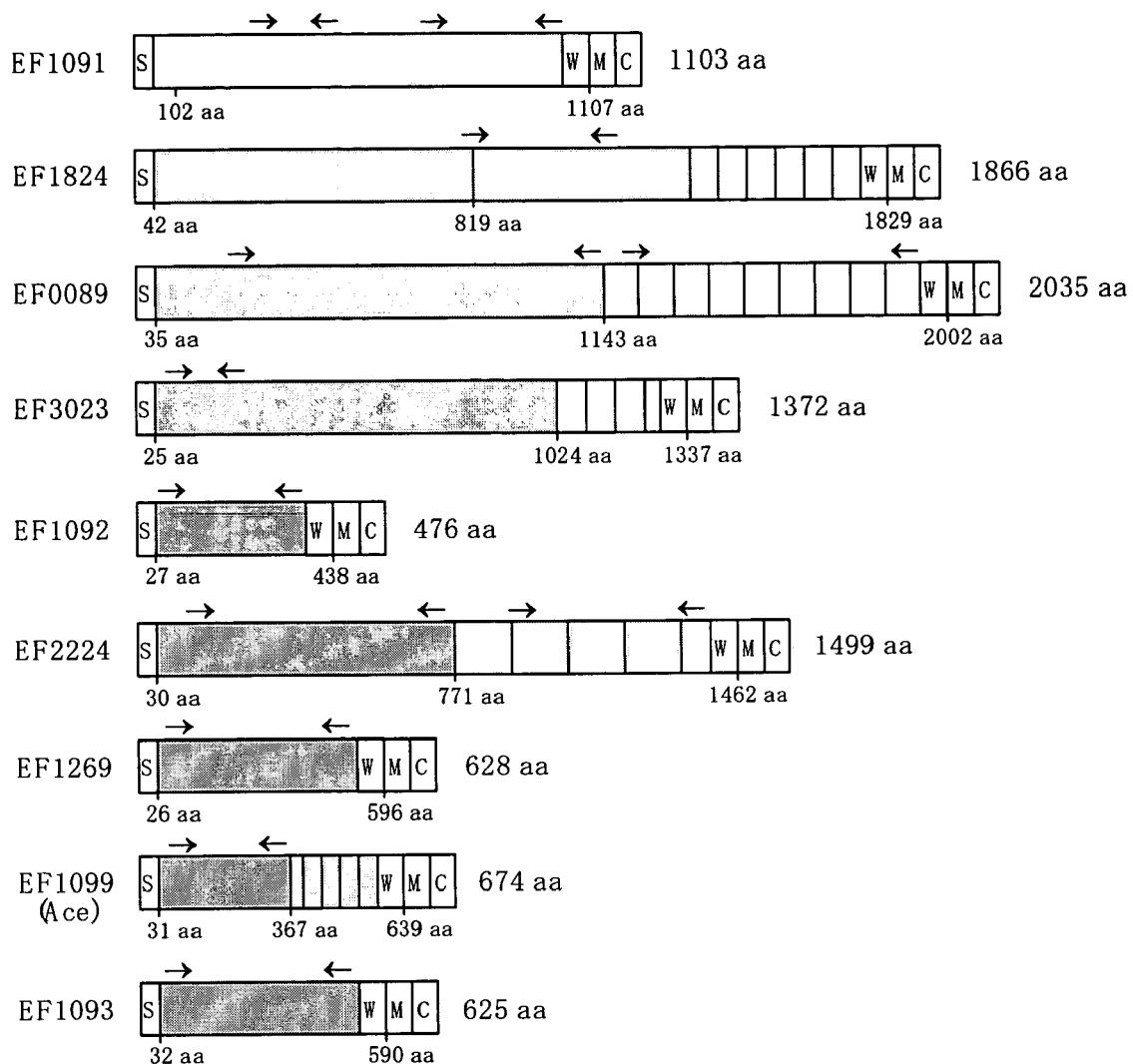
Primary Examiner—Jennifer E Graser

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm—B. Aaron Schulman; Terry L. Wright; Stites & Harbison PLLC

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A bioinformatic method is provided for identifying and isolating proteins with MSCRAMM®—like characteristics from Gram positive bacteria, such as *Enterococcus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus* and *Bacillus* bacteria, which can then be utilized in methods to prevent and treat infections caused by Gram-positive bacteria. The method involves identifying from sequence information those proteins with a putative C-terminal LPXTG (SEQ ID NO:1) cell wall sorting signal and other structural similarities to MSCRAMM® proteins having the LPXTG-anchored cell wall proteins. The MSCRAMM® proteins and immunogenic regions therein that are identified and isolated using the present invention may be used to generate antibodies useful in the diagnosis, treatment or prevention of Gram positive bacterial infections.

10 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets

Figure. 1

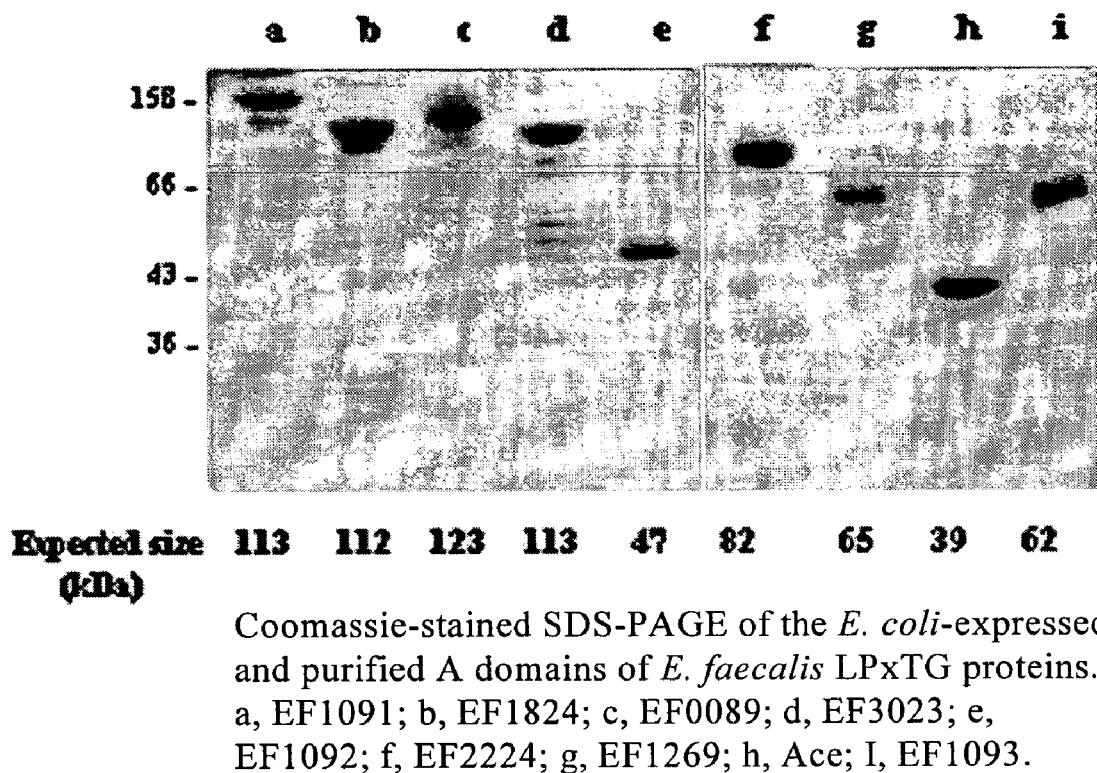


FIG. 2

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**BIOINFORMATIC METHOD FOR
IDENTIFYING SURFACE-ANCHORED
PROTEINS FROM GRAM-POSITIVE
BACTERIA AND PROTEINS OBTAINED
THEREBY**

**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS**

The present application claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application Ser. No. 60/410,303, filed Sep. 13, 2002.

**STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY
SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT**

This Invention was made with Government support under Contracts 7R01-AR44415-04 and 2R01-A120624-17 awarded by NIH. The government has certain rights in this invention.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to the fields of microbiology, molecular biology, and immunology and more particularly relates to surface-anchored proteins known as MSCRAMM®s, and to a bioinformatic method of identifying putative MSCRAMM® proteins, i.e., proteins that can bind to extracellular matrix molecules, from Gram positive bacteria having a recognizable cell wall sorting signal and the genes encoding those proteins through detecting structural features from potential proteins including immunoglobulin (Ig)-like fold regions. In addition, the invention relates to antibodies which recognize such proteins, including polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies as well as host cells transformed with nucleic acids encoding monoclonal antibodies, and the use of such antibodies in the diagnosis, treatment or prevention of Gram positive bacterial infections in humans and animals.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

There are numerous Gram positive bacteria which have been of interest in the fields of medicine and epidemiology because of their potential to cause a myriad of infectious diseases in humans and animals. One such Gram positive bacterium, *Enterococcus faecalis*, belongs to the commensal flora in mammalian intestines. It has also long been known as a major causative agent of bacterial endocarditis (Murray, 1990). During the last decades, *E. faecalis* has increasingly emerged as an opportunistic nosocomial pathogen, typically causing infections in hospitalized patients receiving antibiotic therapy. Clinical strains of this bacterium frequently harbor a multitude of acquired and intrinsically evolved resistance mechanisms toward the most commonly used antibiotics, which has complicated the treatment of enterococcal infections (Murray, 1990, 1999) (Tailor, 1993) (Huycke, 1998). Many of the antibiotic resistance genes are located in mobile genetic elements, e.g., small plasmids and transposons (Paulsen, 2003) This has raised fears for genetic transfer of resistance determinants from this organism to other bacterial species, e.g., the recently documented transfer of vancomycin resistance to *Staphylococcus aureus* (CDC, 2002). Still other Gram positive bacteria are known which commonly cause infections which are hard to control, including other bacteria from the *Enterococcus* genus, including *Enterococcus faecium*, as well as bacteria from species *Streptococcus*, such as *Streptococcus mutans* and *pneumoniae*,

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Staphylococcus, such as *Staphylococcus aureus* and *epidermidis*, and *Bacillus*, such as *Bacillus anthracis*.

The ability to adhere to mammalian tissue is a critical step in the colonization and onset of microbial infections. However, in light of the many unknown factors regarding microbial adherence, it remains a challenge to study and utilize information obtained regarding relatively little known adhesion mechanisms of Gram positive bacteria so as to provide a means for developing alternative antibacterial therapies. One such inroad into developing such therapies is the presence of the human extracellular matrix underneath epithelial and endothelial cells which is a complex, dynamic and multifunctional structure consisting mainly of collagens and other glycoproteins. As one of the outermost layers to external environment, it is a major adhesion target and entry point for pathogenic bacteria (Foster and Hook, 1998) (Westerlund and Korhonen, 1993). Numerous bacterial adhesins that specifically bind to ECM components have been characterized at the molecular level. A group of related cell surface proteins from Gram-positive bacteria, collectively designated MSCRAMM® proteins (microbial surface components recognizing adhesive matrix molecules) bind to major components of the ECM, such as collagens, fibronectin, laminin, fibrinogen, keratin, vitronectin and bone sialoprotein (Patti, 1994) (Foster and Hook, 1998) (Tung, 2000) (O'Brien, 2002). MSCRAMM® proteins are mosaic proteins that typically consist of an N-terminal signal sequence for Sec-dependent transport across the cytoplasmic membrane, followed by an N-terminal A domain which exhibits the binding activity in most cases and repetitive B domains that confer fibronectin binding in a group of fibronectin binding MSCRAMM® protein (Joh et al., 1994). Covalent attachment to the bacterial cell wall is mediated through a C-terminally located LPXTG motif preceded by a cell wall spanning domain and followed by a hydrophobic trans-membrane region and, finally, a cytosolic tail composed of a short sequence of positively charged amino acid residues (Schneewind et al., 1995) (Mazmanian et al., 2001).

In any event, it remains a distinct problem in the field of infectious diseases to develop new means of countering a wide range of bacterial infections in an efficient and effective manner without the potential of increasing the development of antibiotic-resistant bacterial strains. Moreover, in light of the potential problems that are caused by bacterial strains in general and antibiotic-resistant strains in particular, especially in hospitalized patients, it is increasingly important to develop methods to counteract such infections without utilizing antibiotics and without increasing the likelihood that antibiotic-resistant strains will develop. It is thus highly desirable to develop new means for identifying, treating and preventing infectious diseases caused by Gram positive bacteria, and to develop means for identifying and isolating new MSCRAMM® proteins from such bacteria which will allow the generation of antibodies thereto which will lead to new methods for treating and preventing the spread of infections from Gram-positive bacteria.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a bioinformatic method of identifying and isolating MSCRAMM® proteins from Gram-positive bacteria which can be utilized in methods of treating or preventing infectious diseases arising from Gram-positive bacteria.

It is another object of the present invention to identify and isolate proteins obtained using the bioinformatic method of the present invention, and to identify therein effective anti-

genic domains such as the A domain, and to utilize these antigenic domains in methods of treating or preventing infectious diseases arising from Gram-positive bacteria.

It is further an object of the present invention to utilize the proteins and antigenic domains isolated and identified using the bioinformatic method of the present invention to generate antibodies which can recognize these proteins and antigenic regions which can thus be useful in diagnosing, treating or preventing diseases and infections caused by Gram positive bacteria.

It is still further an object of the present invention to provide vaccines, kits and other therapeutic methods which utilize the proteins and antigenic domains identified and isolated using the bioinformatic method of the present invention which can be used as an alternative to conventional antibiotic therapy and can thus provide safe and effective modes of treating or preventing infections caused by Gram-positive bacteria.

These and other objects are provided by virtue of the present invention which utilizes a bioinformatic approach to identify proteins with MSCRAMM®—like characteristics among Gram positive bacteria, such as bacteria from *Enterococcus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus* and *Bacillus*, among many others, which can then be utilized in methods to prevent and treat infections caused by Gram-positive bacteria. In particular, the method involves looking for proteins with a putative C-terminal LPXTG (SEQ ID NO:1) cell wall sorting signal and structural similarities to MSCRAMM® proteins having the LPXTG-anchored cell wall proteins. In particular, the present invention provides a method for identifying and isolating MSCRAMM® proteins, i.e., proteins that can bind to extracellular matrix molecules, such as by locating regions that adopt an immunoglobulin—like fold, and includes the recombinant production of these proteins from nucleic acids identified in the present process which code for those proteins. These Ig fold-containing regions consist of several consecutive and overlapping matches to solved crystal structures (~150-500 aa) of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF), which consist of one to four domains of equal size and Ig-type fold. The homologous Ig-fold regions are indicative of a “beads-in-a-string” arrangement of consecutive modules such like the ones found in fibronectin and other IgSF proteins (Leahy, 1996)(Sharma, 1999)(Hamburger, 1999)(Luo, 2000). For example, a tandem repeat of Ig folded subdomains (N2 and N3) is found in the crystal structure of the fibrinogen-binding domain of ClfA. The full-length A domains of ClfA and the similarly structured ClfB consist of an additional N-terminal subdomain, N1 (Deivanayagam, 2002)(Perkins, 2001). Based on sequence and secondary structure similarities, an analogous subdomain organization is also expected in other MSCRAMM® proteins including FnbpA, FnbpB, Ace and the Sdr proteins. The solved crystal structure of CNA minimum collagen-binding domain is made of a single Ig-type subdomain (N2) (Symersky, 1997) and the C-terminal repeat domains B1 and B2 each consist of a tandem repeat of Ig-folded subdomains (Deivanayagam, 2000). A similar modular structure is expected in the B3 and B4 repeats.

In accordance with the invention, novel MSCRAMM®—like protein surface-anchored proteins which can bind to major extracellular matrix proteins are obtained from Gram-positive bacteria such as those from the genera *Enterococcus*, *Streptococcus*, *Staphylococcus* and *Bacillus*, and such proteins are characterized in that they are (i) structurally homologous to the solved Ig-folded crystal structures of ClfA and CNA as well as to the predicted tertiary structures of other MSCRAMM® proteins, (ii) share a similar β-sheet rich secondary structure as is found in Ig-folded proteins and (iii)

have a similar organization with a secretion signal, a non-repeated domain followed by repeats as well as a C-terminal cell wall anchor domain. Moreover, the binding of proteins identified by the present method has confirmed that they target and bind to various extracellular matrix (ECM) molecules including proteins and other components. For example, three of the isolated proteins bind to major ECM proteins; two to fibrinogen and at least one to collagen and laminin. The proteins of the present invention have also been shown to be present in most isolates and are expressed in vivo during infection.

Thus, in accordance with the present invention, a method is provided for identifying and isolating a module structure of multiple Ig-folded units which appears to be a general characteristic in the MSCRAMM® protein family. The length of the N-subdomains of MSCRAMM® proteins is typically ~150 aa, and the proteins identified by the present invention including those set forth below may accommodate more than three Ig-folded subdomains in their A domains.

These embodiments and other alternatives and modifications within the spirit and scope of the disclosed invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from reading the present specification and/or the references cited herein, all of which are incorporated by reference.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING FIGURES

FIG. 1 is a schematic representation of MSCRAMM® proteins identified in accordance with the present invention illustrating the different regions of the proteins and their immunoglobulin—like fold regions

FIG. 2 illustrates a Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE of the *E coli*-expressed and purified A domains of the LPXTG-containing proteins of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a bioinformatic method for identifying and isolating proteins from Gram-positive bacteria, for example bacteria from genera such as *Enterococcus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus* and *Bacillus*, in particular proteins which have MSCRAMM®—like characteristics, and utilizing the identified and isolated proteins to generate antibodies and diagnose, treat or prevent infections caused by Gram-positive bacteria. In general, the method involves looking for proteins with a putative C-terminal LPXTG (SEQ ID NO:1) cell wall sorting signal and/or other structural similarities to MSCRAMM® proteins (Microbial Surface Components Recognizing Adhesive Matrix Molecules) having LPXTG-containing cell wall-anchored proteins. In the preferred embodiment, the present invention provides a method for identifying and isolating MSCRAMM® proteins, i.e., surface proteins that bind to extracellular matrix molecules, such as proteins, carbohydrates and other components, of host cells, wherein those located proteins contain regions that adopt an immunoglobulin—like fold. These Ig fold-containing regions consist of several consecutive and overlapping matches to solved crystal structures (~150-500 aa) of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF), which consist of one to four domains of equal size and Ig-type fold. The homologous Ig-fold regions are indicative of a “beads-in-a-string” arrangement of consecutive modules such like the ones found in fibronectin and other IgSF proteins (Leahy, 1996)(Sharma, 1999)(Hamburger, 1999)(Luo, 2000). For example, a tandem repeat of Ig folded

subdomains (N2 and N3) is found in the crystal structure of the fibrinogen-binding domain of ClfA. The full-length A domains of ClfA and the similarly structured ClfB consist of an additional N-terminal subdomain, N1 (Deivanayagam, 2002)(Perkins, 2001). Based on sequence and secondary structure similarities, an analogous subdomain organization is also expected in other MSCRAMM® proteins including FnbpA, FnbpB, Ace and the Sdr proteins. The solved crystal structure of CNA minimum collagen-binding domain is made of a single Ig-type subdomain (N2) (Symersky, 1997) and the C-terminal repeat domains B1 and B2 each consist of a tandem repeat of Ig-folded subdomains (Deivanayagam, 2000). A similar modular structure is expected in the B3 and B4 repeats.

In accordance with the invention novel MSCRAMM®—like protein surface-anchored proteins are obtained from Gram-positive bacteria such as those from the genera *Enterococcus*, *Streptococcus*, *Staphylococcus* and *Bacillus*, and such proteins are characterized in that they are (i) structurally homologous to the solved Ig-folded crystal structures of ClfA and CNA as well as to the predicted tertiary structures of other MSCRAMM® proteins, (ii) share a similar β-sheet rich secondary structure as is found in Ig-folded proteins and (iii) have a similar organization with a secretion signal, a non-repeated domain followed by repeats as well as a C-terminal cell wall anchor domain. Moreover, the binding of proteins identified by the present method has confirmed that they target and bind to various extracellular matrix molecules. For example, three of the isolated proteins bind to major ECM proteins; two to fibrinogen and at least one to collagen and laminin. The proteins of the present invention have also been shown to be present in most isolates and are expressed in vivo during infection.

In accordance with the present invention, a method is provided for identifying and isolating a module structure of multiple Ig-folded units which have the general characteristics of the MSCRAMM® protein family. The length of the N-subdomains of MSCRAMM® proteins is typically ~150 aa, and the proteins identified by the present invention including those set forth below may accommodate more than three Ig-folded subdomains in their A domains. The isolation and use of the MSCRAMM® proteins of the present invention or their A domains in the generation of antibodies that can bind thereto or in methods of diagnosing, treating or preventing disease will be similar to that as described with other MSCRAMM® proteins such as in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,288,214; 6,177,084; 6,008,241; 6,086,895; 5,980,908; 5,866,541; 5,851,794; 5,840,846; 5,789,549; 5,770,702; 5,652,217; 5,648,240; 5,571,514; 5,440,014; 5,416,021 and 5,320,951; and WO 00/68242; all of said references incorporated herein by reference.

In accordance with the present invention, a series of steps is undertaken in order to identify and isolate the characteristic module structure of one or more surface-anchored MSCRAMM® protein family of Gram positive bacteria, including the step of locating immunoglobulin-like (or Ig-like) folds in the putative LPXTG-containing proteins. This method can be used with any presently known database containing sequence information from Gram positive bacterial species, e.g., amino acid and/or nucleic acid sequences, and involves the steps of locating proteins with the LPXTG (SEQ ID NO:1) motif, and then reviewing and analyzing the sequence information so as to screen for proteins having particular structural similarities to MSCRAMM® as set forth below.

In the general process of the invention, the first part of the process is to search a database containing sequence informa-

tion on one or more Gram positive bacteria so as to locate those proteins which contain the LPXTG (SEQ ID NO:1) motif contained in cell wall anchored proteins in annotated genomes of Gram-positive bacteria. This is done by initially obtaining the entire genome of amino acids sequences from one or more Gram positive bacteria of interest, such as from any of a number of web sites of sequencing centers, e.g., TIGR, NCBI, etc. In the preferred method, these sequences can be downloaded and stored in electronic memory before carrying out the identifying steps, such as in a local Silicon Graphics machine (SGI) or other suitable computer system. In the preferred method, this stored information is used to prepare a local searchable database, such as by using the program form "atdb" obtained from NCBI, and such a searchable database is installed locally on the SGI.

The LPXTG-motif is identified from the stored sequence information by any of a number of suitable programs. For example, these LPXTG-motif containing proteins can be identified using PHI-blast, which is obtained from NCBI and once again can be installed and stored locally on the SGI or other suitable computer system. The PHI-blast search uses a degenerate LPXTG pattern L-P-X-[TSA]-[GANS](SEQ ID NO:25), X being any amino acid. The exact templates for PHI-blast can vary depending on the particular organism, but in any case, the present system includes methods of identifying the LPXTG motif. For each organism, it is preferred to use at least two known cell wall anchored proteins of *S. aureus* with no sequence homology as well as known cell wall anchored proteins from the target organism if available.

Once LPXTG-containing proteins are identified obtained using a suitable system such as PHI-blast, these proteins are further analyzed so as to select for those that contain typical features of LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins which have the properties of MSCRAMM®S. In the preferred process, these features will generally include a signal peptide at the N-terminus, the LPXTG-motif being close to the C-terminus, followed by a hydrophobic transmembrane segment, and several positively charged residues at the C-terminus. These are done as described below:

The signal peptides may be identified using any suitable identification method such as that method described in "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites". Henrik Nielsen, Jacob Engelbrecht, Søren Brunak and Gunnar von Heijne, *Protein Engineering* 10, 1-6 (1997), incorporated herein by reference. In the present process, a preferred system is to use the SignalP prediction server at cbs.dtu.dk/services/SignalP, but other similar methods for identifying the signal peptide may also be used. Location of LPXTG-motif and the determination of positively charged amino acids residues at the C terminus are accomplished using visual examination of the sequence, although databases may also be used to determine the presence of these features.

In the preferred embodiment, the hydrophobic transmembrane segment after the LPXTG-motif may also be located using a conventional program which can predict the presence of such regions. An example of one such system is the TMHMM server available on the Internet at cbs.dtu.dk/services/TMHMM-2.0/ which can be used for the prediction of transmembrane segments. However, a number of other suitable prediction servers are available either on the Internet or in stored computer programs, including the TMpred available at ch.embnet.org/software/TMPRED_form.html the DAS system available at www.sbc.su.se/~miklos/DAS/, and the HMMTOP at www.enzim.hu/hmmtop.

By following the procedures set forth above, putative LPXTG-containing sequences that contain the above features

can be selected as highly likely to be MSCRAMM® proteins, i.e., to have the ability to bind extracellular matrix components. Following these initial steps, it is contemplated that the LPXTG-containing proteins identified in this matter will turn out to be MSCRAMM® proteins at least about 90% of the time, as confirmed by expressing the putative protein or its A domain and determining if that protein or it's a domain binds to extracellular matrix components. This can be done by simple binding assays which are routine in the art and which would be well within the abilities of one skilled in the art.

Additionally, the LPXTG-containing sequences as initially located, or as further selected using the signal peptide/C terminal/transmembrane identifying characteristics as described above, can be further analyzed as indicated below to confirm the presence of immunoglobulin-like folds characteristic of MSCRAMM® proteins from Gram positive bacteria.

Similarly, in such a method, LPXTG-containing cell wall proteins may also be located using an annotated genomic nucleotide database such as the one located at the TIGR website (comprehensive microbial resource) at tigr.org/tigr-scripts/CMR2/CMRHomePage.spl <http://www.tigr.org/tigr-scripts/CMR2/CMRHomePage.spl>. With these databases, the term "LPXTG" or "cell wall" may be used to search for such proteins that are annotated as cell wall anchored proteins in the genome of interest.

Finally, LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins may also be identified in un-annotated nucleotide genomes of Gram-positive bacteria. In this case, genome sequences are obtained from the web sites of sequencing centers, and the sequences may be stored as appropriate in computer memory such as a local Silicon Graphics machine (SGI). Gene prediction may be carried out using the program such as Glimmer 2.0 from TIGR, and this can be facilitated by UNIX C shell scripts which may be modified as desired to suit particular organisms or features. In the preferred process, the predicted genes are translated into amino acid sequences using a suitable translation program, preferably one that is capable of translating large batches of sequences. Finally, the translated amino acid sequences are formatted into a searchable database locally as described above, and subject to further analysis as described below.

In the preferred process of the present invention, steps are carried out by which the Immunoglobulin-like (Ig-like) fold in putative LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins can be predicted and identified. In accordance with the invention, the amino acid sequences of putative LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins are then analyzed to determine the presence of Ig-like folds which are characteristic of MSCRAMM® proteins. This can be done in a number of ways, such as by processing the putative MSCRAMM® using fold-recognition software, such as available using the web server 3D-PSSM available at sbg.bio.ic.ac.uk/~3dpssm/. Additional methods of fold prediction are discussed in Kelley LA, MacCallum RM & Steinberg MJE. Enhanced Genome Annotation using Structural Profiles in the Program 3D-PSSM. *J Mol Biol.* 2000 June 2;299(2):499-520, incorporated herein by reference. Using this method, the output of 3D-PSSM gives a probability E value indicating the likelihood of the submitted sequence adopting a similar 3D structure as the known and published MSCRAMM®s. In accordance with the invention, proteins that have an E value <0.25 to a published Ig-like fold structure, are considered to contain the predicted Ig-like folds, and such proteins are identified as useful MSCRAMM® proteins in accordance with the invention, i.e., proteins that recognize adhesin molecules on the extracellular matrix of host cells.

The present invention has thus been carried out so as to identify and produce proteins and A domains therefrom which have MSCRAMM®-like characteristics from such Gram positive bacteria, such as *Enterococcus*, *Streptococcus*, *Staphylococcus* and *Bacillus*. In the preferred process, proteins identified as set forth above or their antigenic A domains may be expressed, purified and characterized as set forth herein.

Accordingly, in accordance with the present invention, a bioinformatic approach was used to identify proteins with MSCRAMM®-like characteristics among Gram positive bacteria, and those predicted proteins have been shown to have MSCRAMM-like characteristics. In one such case using *Enterococcus faecalis*, forty-two proteins with a putative C-terminal LPxTG cell wall sorting signal were identified in the *E. faecalis* genome. In accordance with the present method, these proteins were analyzed to determine the presence of Ig-like folds in the manner set forth above. Based on the present method, nine proteins were found to contain regions that adopt an immunoglobulin-like fold. The Ig fold-containing regions for these nine proteins are shown in FIG. 1 and consist of several consecutive and overlapping matches to solved crystal structures (~150-500 aa) of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF), which consist of one to four domains of equal size and Ig-type fold. The homologous Ig-fold regions cover most of the enterococcal proteins and may indicate a similar "beads-in-a-string" arrangement of consecutive modules that are found in fibronectin and other IgSF proteins.

Further expression, purification and analysis of the A domains of these proteins was carried out. As shown in FIG. 2, the A regions of eight proteins expressed as N-terminal His₆-tag fusion proteins migrated as expected in SDS-PAGE gels, while EF1091 showed a band approx. 160 kDa in size; a larger-size molecule than the expected 113 kDa. Some degradation was observed in proteins EF1091, EF1824, EF0089 and EF3023, possibly due to their relatively large sizes. They were nevertheless estimated to be >95% pure. The putative glucosyl hydrolase domain of EF1824 (amino acids 42-819), which was cloned and expressed separately from the rest of the protein, (FIG. 1) was found in the insoluble fraction of *E. coli* cytoplasm. Hence, purification by metal affinity chromatography under native, non-denaturing conditions employed for the other expressed proteins was not feasible. The purified proteins were further characterized with Maldi-TOF mass spectrometry. All nine proteins, including EF1091 with aberrant migration in SDS-PAGE, gave peaks that were in good agreement with the molecular weights calculated from amino acid sequences (Table 1), and thus indicated that full-size proteins had been produced with no post-translational processing.

Secondary structure predictions and CD-measurements (Table 2) support finding of Ig-folded module-structures in the enterococcal proteins. Both methods show a similar high proportion of β-sheet (~50%) and coil and a minor quantity of α-helix, an identical situation as seen in MSCRAMM® proteins and in IgSF in general. The higher amount of α-helix in EF1824 and EF3023 probably reflects their relatively short predicted regions with Ig-folds and suggests the remainder of the proteins is structurally more distant to MSCRAMM® proteins.

TABLE 1

Protein	Molecular size analysis	
	Sequence prediction	Mass spectrometry
EF1091	113,021	113,025
EF1824	111,893	111,901
EF0089	122,853	122,857
EF3023	113,338	113,323
EF1092	47,291	47,295
EF2224	82,194	82,199
EF1269	64,776	64,776
EF1099	39,281	39,293
EF1093	62,363	62,366

TABLE 2

Protein	Summary of secondary structure components		
	α -Helix	β -Sheet	Other
Sequence prediction			
EF1091	0.10 ± 0.05	0.33 ± 0.08	0.53 ± 0.06
EF1824	0.45 ± 0.04	0.16 ± 0.04	0.39 ± 0.08
EF0089	0.07 ± 0.07	0.44 ± 0.14	0.49 ± 0.08
EF3023	0.24 ± 0.09	0.29 ± 0.10	0.47 ± 0.12
EF1092	0.15 ± 0.05	0.36 ± 0.06	0.49 ± 0.10
EF2224	0.15 ± 0.10	0.32 ± 0.05	0.54 ± 0.10
EF1269	0.09 ± 0.10	0.42 ± 0.12	0.49 ± 0.10
EF1099	0.04 ± 0.07	0.47 ± 0.07	0.49 ± 0.07
EF1093	0.09 ± 0.06	0.41 ± 0.11	0.51 ± 0.11
CD measurement			
EF1091	0.14 ± 0.05	0.41 ± 0.11	0.45 ± 0.10
EF1824	0.29 ± 0.04	0.29 ± 0.17	0.44 ± 0.17
EF0089	0.08 ± 0.04	0.49 ± 0.13	0.43 ± 0.12
EF3023	0.33 ± 0.05	0.16 ± 0.05	0.51 ± 0.03
EF1092	0.05 ± 0.04	0.50 ± 0.12	0.45 ± 0.14
EF2224	0.16 ± 0.03	0.36 ± 0.10	0.48 ± 0.09
EF1269	0.03 ± 0.04	0.55 ± 0.14	0.42 ± 0.12
EF1099	0.07 ± 0.03	0.49 ± 0.13	0.44 ± 0.14
EF1093	0.06 ± 0.05	0.57 ± 0.18	0.37 ± 0.17

In addition to EF1099 (Ace), the primary sequence of EF1269 is clearly related to the MSCRAMM® protein family. Similarly to Ace, it has homologous N2 and N3 subdomains including the conserved TYTDYVD-motif and a connecting tyrosine residue between the two subdomains. The absence of N1 further resembles Ace. However, the rest of their sequences share little homology. Although the A domain of EF1269 is made of similar N2 and N3 subdomains as the fibrinogen-binding ClfA, ClfB, SdrG, and to a lesser extent, FnbpA and FnbpB, it failed to bind fibrinogen. In this respect, EF1269 resembles SdrD and SdrE, which contain N2 and N3 subdomains, but for which the ligand is yet to be found. This is strengthened by our finding that the highest similarity of the EF1269 N2 and N3 domains is to the corresponding region in SdrE (identity 26%). Further, two putative repeats (95 and 109 aa) with lower conservation (identity 20%), which make up the rest of the C-terminal EF1269 sequence, show relatedness to the B repeats of SdrE (25% identity over 375 to 531 aa of EF1269). Proteins EF1091, EF0089, EF1092, EF2224 and EF1093 are not simply orthologs of previously described MSCRAMM® proteins, since they lack high sequence identity to streptococcal and staphylococcal adhesins. Yet, they share similar structural organization and an abundance of β -sheet rich secondary structures with similar predicted folding as MSCRAMM® proteins. The two remaining proteins,

EF1824 and EF3023, have large regions related to known enzymes, glucosyl hydrolases and hyaluronan lyases, respectively, which sets these regions apart from MSCRAMM® proteins. Hyaluronidase activity could be significant for bacterial entry and spreading in hyaluronan-containing tissues during infection and/or potentially contribute to bacterial nutrition during commensal life in the human intestine. The large putative catalytic domains of EF1824 and EF3023 agree well with the above-discussed structural unrelatedness in these regions to MSCRAMM® proteins.

When screening binding to major ECM proteins, we found ligands for five of the MSCRAMM® proteins EF0089, EF1091, EF1092, EF1093, and EF2224. The presence of more than one fibrinogen-binding MSCRAMM® proteins in *E. faecalis* is consistent to findings in the related *S. aureus* in which four fibrinogen-binding MSCRAMM® proteins, ClfA, ClfB, FnbpA and FnbpB, have been described (McDevitt et al., 1994) (Ni Eidhin et al., 1998) (Wann et al., 2000) (Davis et al., 2001; Hartford et al., 2001). EF0089 and EF2224 have strong structural resemblance to MSCRAMM® proteins throughout their lengths: similar primary organization and homologous β -sheet rich secondary structure expected to form modular Ig-folded subdomains. Relatively low sequence identity to known fibrinogen binding adhesins may mean novel adaptations for ligand binding. Our initial results suggest EF2224 binds to the α - and β -chains of fibrinogen and thus resembles ClfB (Ni Eidhin et al., 1998). Mammalian tissue surfaces express a multitude of possible ligands for bacterial adherence. Here, we assessed binding to type I, III and IV collagens, laminin, fibronectin, fibrinogen and vitronectin.

In accordance with the invention, a PCR process may be used to amplify A domains from proteins identified and isolated using the present invention. Using PCR oligonucleotides such as those in Table 3, below, the A domains from EF0089, EF1091, EF1092, EF1093, EF1269, EF1824, EF2224, and EF3023 were amplified from *E. faecalis* V583 or *E. faecalis* EF1 (EF1099) genomic DNA and subcloned into the *E. coli* expression vector pQE-30 (Qiagen). One liter culture of *E. coli* M15(pREP4) cultures harboring appropriate pQE-30 based constructs were grown to OD₆₀₀=0.6 with an initial 2% inoculation from overnight cultures. After 2-3 h induction with 0.4 mM isopropyl-beta-D-thiogalactoside (IPTG), cells were collected with centrifugation, resuspended in 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 and stored at -80°C.

To lyse the cells and release the expressed protein, cells were passed twice through French Press with a gauge pressure setting at 1200 PSI to give an estimated internal cell pressure of 20,000 PSI. The lysate was centrifuged at RCF_{max} of 165,000×g and the supernatant was filtered through a 0.45 μ m filter. The volume was adjusted to 15 ml with 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 and 0.2 M imidazole in the same buffer was added to increase the imidazole concentration to 6.5 mM in order to minimize non-specific binding. The sample was loaded to a nickel affinity chromatography column (HiTrap chelating, Pharmacia) connected to an FPLC system (Pharmacia) and previously equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9. Bound protein was eluted with a linear gradient of 0-100 mM imidazole in 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 over 100-200 ml. Protein-containing fractions were analyzed in SDS-PAGE (FIG. 2) and dialyzed against 25 mM Tris-Cl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 6.5-9 (depending on pI of protein purified) before applying the samples to an ion-exchange column (HiTrap Q, Pharmacia) for further purification. Bound protein was eluted with a linear gradient of 0-0.5 M NaCl in 25 mM Tris-Cl, 1 mM

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EDTA, pH 6.5-9 over 100 ml. Finally, protein samples were dialyzed extensively against PBS and stored at +4° C.

Alternatively EF1091, EF1092, and EF1093 were expressed in shake flasks or in bioreactors, the cells were harvested by centrifugation and the cell paste frozen at -80° C. Cells were lysed in 1×PBS (10 mL of buffer/1 g of cell paste) using 2 passes through a microfluidizer at 10,000 psi.

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titors are organized as a putative operon in the *E. faecalis* genome. The operon is preceded by two promoter consensus regions and a ribosome binding site and thus, these proteins are likely co-transcribed. The next gene downstream, EF1094, codes for a putative LPxTG transpeptidase sortase and EF1099 (Ace) is closely linked. It remains to be seen what role this cluster of MCSRAMM®—like proteins and a putative sortase may have in the infection process.

TABLE 3

Synthetic oligonucleotides used in this study(SEQ ID NO: 26-43)					
Oligonucleotide		Location (aa)	Cloning site	Oligonucleotide	
EF1091A	Fw	102	<i>SphI</i>	5'-CCGCATGCCAACAGCAAACAGCAAAAGAAG-3'	
	Rev	1107	<i>SalI</i>	5'-CCGTGACTTAAAGTACCCAGAAGTGGGTTTC-3'	
EF1824AI	Fw	42	<i>SphI</i>	5'-CCGCATGCCAACAGCAAACAGCAAAAGAAG-3'	
	Rev	819	<i>SalI</i>	5'-GGTCGACTTATTGTTCAAGGTTACTCTGTC	
EF1824AII	Fw	819	<i>BamHI</i>	5'-CCGGATCCGAGCTAATAAAAAGAAGAATTTAG	
	Rev	1829	<i>SalI</i>	5'-CCGTGACTTAAAGTACCCAGAAGTGGTGGTTTC-3'	
EF0089A	Fw	35	<i>SacI</i>	5'-CCGAGCTCGAACAGGTTAACAGCGATGG-3'	
	Rev	1143	<i>PstI</i>	5'-CCCTGCAGTTACCCACCAATGTGATAACCC-3'	
EF3023A	Fw	25	<i>BamHI</i>	5'-CCGGATCCGAAGAACAAACTGATTATTTAC-3'	
	Rev	1024	<i>SacI</i>	5'-CCGAGCTCTTATTGTTCTGAATTAAATTCTAAC-3'	
EF1092A	Fw	27	<i>SphI</i>	5'-CCGCATGCTCGAACAGCAGCTTCAAG-3'	
	Rev	438	<i>PstI</i>	5'-CCCTGCAGTTAGAACGCTGACTCTTTACTTT-3'	
EF2224A	Fw	30	<i>BamHI</i>	5'-CCGGATCCAAGAACAGTAAACAGTGATGCTG-3'	
	Rev	771	<i>SacI</i>	5'-CCGAGCTCTTAAAGTACTTGTCGTCGCAAT-3'	
EF1269A	Fw	26	<i>BamHI</i>	5'-CCGGATCCGAACAGGATATGCGAAC-3'	
	Rev	596	<i>SacI</i>	5'-CCGAGCTCTTATTCCCTTATTACGAATCGCCTG-3'	
EF1093A	Fw	32	<i>BamHI</i>	5'-GCGGGATCCGAAGAACGGGAGAGCGC-3'	
	Rev	590	<i>SacI</i>	5'-GCGGAGCTCTTAGTACCTTTGTGTTGG-3'	

5' overhang cloning site in each oligonucleotide sequence is marked in bold,
stop codon in italic

Fw, oligonucleotide primer in forward direction;

Rev, in reverse direction

Lysed cells were spun down at 17,000 rpm for 30 minutes to remove cell debris. Supernatant was passed over a 5-mL HiTrap Chelating (Pharmacia) column charged with 0.1M NiCl₂. After loading, the column was washed with 5 column volumes of 10 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl (Buffer A). Protein was eluted using a 0-100% gradient of 10 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl, 500 mM imidazole (Buffer B). Protein containing fractions were dialyzed in 1×PBS.

The nine enterococcal genes encoding the MCSRAMM® are ubiquitous among *E. faecalis* strains as summarized in Table 3. Seven of the nine genes were 100% preserved in all strains. The two genes, EF1824 and EF3023, with predicted encoded protein catalytic domains and relatively low proportion of MCSRAMM®—like protein characteristics, were present in 16/30 and 23/30 strains, respectively. Nine enterococcal proteins encoded by their respective gene showed elevated titers in infected individuals suggesting expression in vivo during an *E. faecalis* infection. Although these proteins have a high distribution in strains, there were clear differences in induced antigenic responses; proteins EF1091, EF1092, EF1093 and EF2224 exhibited the highest titers. This may be due to different expression levels in physiological conditions or to highly immunogenic surface epitopes and, hence, a strong immune response. Interestingly, the three proteins (EF1091, EF1092 and EF1093) with the highest

The presence of several MCSRAMM®—like proteins in *E. faecalis* including two that bind fibrinogen and the previously described collagen and laminin binding Ace, suggests 45 that *E. faecalis* resembles *S. aureus* and other Gram-positive cocci by having an armory of ECM-binding adhesins. Since the introduction of antibiotic therapy, *E. faecalis* has shown an increasing tendency to emerge as an opportunistic pathogen capable of crossing the thin line from a harmless commensal to being able to invade host tissues and cause infections. A repertoire of adhesins may enhance its adaptability for colonizing and spreading in various human tissue types of susceptible human hosts.

55 Accordingly, the present invention allows for the identification and ultimate production of novel MCSRAMM®—like protein surface-anchored proteins from Gram positive bacteria which (i) are structurally homologous to the solved Ig-folded crystal structures of ClfA and CNA as well as to the 60 predicted tertiary structures of other MCSRAMM® proteins, (ii) can share a similar β-sheet rich secondary structure as is found in Ig-folded proteins and (iii) have a similar organization with a secretion signal, a non-repeated domain followed by repeats as well as a C-terminal cell wall anchor domain. 65 Further, these proteins may bind to major ECM proteins such as fibrinogen, collagen and laminin, and due to the similarities in proteins from different Gram positive bacterial species,

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these proteins may provide antibodies which are cross-reactive and can bind to similar proteins found in different Gram positive bacterial species. Such antibodies, as described further below, may thus be useful in diagnosing or fighting a variety of different infections at the same time.

In addition to proteins identified and isolated using the present method, particular, the present invention contemplates the generation of antibodies from the MSCRAMM®—like proteins obtained using the present method, or from antigenic regions such as the A domains from these proteins. By “antibody” is meant any intact antibody molecule or fragments thereof that recognize antigen (e.g. Fab or F(ab')² fragments) and can be of polyclonal or monoclonal type, and the antibodies in accordance with the invention will be capable of recognizing the MSCRAMM® proteins of the invention and/or the specific antigenic epitopes from said proteins including their A domains. These antibodies will thus be effective in methods of diagnosing, monitoring, treating or preventing infection from Gram positive bacteria. By “epitope” is meant any antigenic determinant responsible for immunochemical binding with an antibody molecule. Epitopes usually reside within chemically active surface groupings of protein molecules (including amino acids and often also sugar side-chains) and have specific three-dimensional structural characteristics and specific charge characteristics. With reference to the proteins of the invention, or epitopes and peptides as described herein, it is understood that such terms also include those proteins and peptides which differ from a naturally occurring or recombinant protein by the substitution, deletion and/or addition of one or more amino acids but which retains the ability to be recognized by an antibody raised against the entire protein. An example is a carrier/antigen fusion polypeptide of the whole antigen or an immunoreactive fragment thereof, where the antigen or fragment can be embedded within the carrier polypeptide or linked to the carrier polypeptide at either end.

Accordingly, in accordance with the present invention, isolated and/or purified antibodies can be generated from the Gram-positive MSCRAMM® proteins of the present invention, or from particular epitopes such as those epitopic peptide sequences from the A domains from those proteins as described herein. These antibodies may be monoclonal or polyclonal and may be generated using any suitable method to raise such antibodies such as would be well known in this art. The antibodies in accordance with the invention will be particularly useful in inhibiting the binding of Gram positive bacteria to extracellular matrix components of the host cells and in diagnosing, treating or preventing infections of Gram positive bacteria.

For example, with regard to polyclonal antibodies, these may be generated using a number of suitable methods generally involving the injection of the isolated and/or purified or recombinantly produced proteins (or their immunogenic active peptides or epitopes) into a suitable host in order to generate the polyclonal antibodies which can then be recovered from the host. For example, in accordance with the invention, an isolated and purified MSCRAMM® protein or its A domain may be injected into rabbits in order to generate polyclonal antisera recognizing this protein.

In addition, monoclonal antibodies in accordance with the invention may be generated using a suitable hybridoma as would be readily understood by those of ordinary skill in the art. In the preferred process, a protein in accordance with the invention is first identified and isolated using the bioinformatic method as described above. Next, the protein is isolated and/or purified in any of a number of suitable ways commonly known in the art, or after the protein is sequenced, the protein

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used in the monoclonal process may be produced by recombinant means as would be commonly used in the art and then purified for use. In one suitable purification process, the cell wall proteins of the invention are isolated and examined using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE) and Western-blot techniques, and other conventional techniques including those discussed herein. In one suitable process, monoclonal antibodies were generated from proteins isolated and purified as described above by mixing the protein with an adjuvant, and injecting the mixture into BALB/c mice.

Immunization protocols consisted of a first injection (using complete Freund's adjuvant), two subsequent booster injections (with incomplete Freund's adjuvant) at three-week intervals, and one final booster injection without adjuvant three days prior to fusion (all injections were subcutaneous). For hybridoma production, mice were sacrificed and their spleen removed aseptically. Antibody secreting cells isolated and mixed with myeloma cells (NS1) using drop-wise addition of polyethylene glycol. After the fusion, cells were diluted in selective medium (vitamin-supplemented DMEM/HAT) and plated at low densities in multiwell tissue culture dishes. Tissue supernatants from the resulting fusion were screened by both ELISA (using the total 2-ME extract to coat the wells of a microtiter plate) and immunoblot techniques. Cells from these positive wells were grown and single cell cloned by limiting dilution, and supernatants subjected to one more round of screening by both ELISA and immunoblot. Positive clones were identified, and monoclonal antibodies collected as hybridoma supernatants.

In accordance with the invention, antibodies are thus produced which are capable of recognizing and binding proteins obtained using the bioinformatic method of the present invention and/or its epitopes and active regions such as the A domain, and such antibodies can be utilized in many diagnostic and therapeutic applications such as the ones described in more detail below.

Vaccines, Humanized Antibodies and Adjuvants

The isolated antibodies of the present invention, or the isolated proteins or epitopes as described above, may also be utilized in the development of vaccines for active and passive immunization against bacterial infections, as described further below. In the case of active vaccines, said vaccines are prepared by providing an immunogenic amount of the proteins of the invention or their active regions or epitopes as set forth above, and the active vaccine in accordance with the invention will thus comprise an immunogenic amount of the protein or peptide and will be administered to a human or animal in need of such a vaccine. The vaccine may also comprise a suitable, pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, excipient or carrier which will be those known and commonly used in the vaccine arts. As referred to above, an “immunogenic amount” of the antigen to be used in accordance with the invention is intended to mean a nontoxic but sufficient amount of the agent, such that an immunogenic response will be elicited in the host so that the desired prophylactic or therapeutic effect is produced. Accordingly, the exact amount of the antigen that is required will vary from subject to subject, depending on the species, age, and general condition of the subject, the severity of the condition being treated, the particular carrier or adjuvant being used and its mode of administration, and the like. Similarly, the “immunogenic amount” of any such antigenic vaccine composition will vary based on the particular circumstances, and an appropriate immunogenic amount may be determined in each case of application by one of ordinary skill in the art using only routine experimentation. The dose should be adjusted to suit

the individual to whom the composition is administered and will vary with age, weight and metabolism of the individual.

Further, when administered as pharmaceutical composition to a patient or used to coat medical devices or polymeric biomaterials in vitro and in vivo, the antibodies of the present invention may also be useful because these antibodies may be able to interfere with the ability of Gram positive bacteria to adhere to host cells and limit the extent and spread of the infection.

In addition, the antibody may be modified as necessary so that, in certain instances, it is less immunogenic in the patient to whom it is administered. For example, if the patient is a human, the antibody may be "humanized" by transplanting the complementarity determining regions of the hybridoma-derived antibody into a human monoclonal antibody as described, e.g., by Jones et al., *Nature* 321:522-525 (1986) or Tempest et al. *Biotechnology* 9:266-273 (1991) or "veeneered" by changing the surface exposed murine framework residues in the immunoglobulin variable regions to mimic a homologous human framework counterpart as described, e.g., by Padlan, *Molecular Imm.* 28:489-498 (1991), these references incorporated herein by reference. Even further, under certain circumstances, it may be desirable to combine the monoclonal antibodies of the present invention with a suitable antibiotic when administered so as to further enhance the ability of the present compositions to fight or prevent infections.

In a preferred embodiment, the antibodies may also be used as a passive vaccine which will be useful in providing suitable antibodies to treat or prevent a Gram-positive bacterial infection. As would be recognized by one skilled in this art, a vaccine may be packaged for administration in a number of suitable ways, such as by parenteral (i.e., intramuscular, intra-dermal or subcutaneous) administration or nasopharyngeal (i.e., intranasal) administration. One such mode is where the vaccine is injected intramuscularly, e.g., into the deltoid muscle, however, the particular mode of administration will depend on the nature of the bacterial infection to be dealt with and the condition of the patient. The vaccine is preferably combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient to facilitate administration, and the carrier is usually water or a buffered saline, with or without a preservative. The vaccine may be lyophilized for resuspension at the time of administration or in solution.

The preferred dose for administration of an antibody composition in accordance with the present invention is that amount will be effective in preventing or treating a bacterial infection, and one would readily recognize that this amount will vary greatly depending on the nature of the infection and the condition of a patient. An "effective amount" of antibody or pharmaceutical agent to be used in accordance with the invention is intended to mean a nontoxic but sufficient amount of the agent, such that the desired prophylactic or therapeutic effect is produced. Accordingly, the exact amount of the antibody or a particular agent that is required will vary from subject to subject, depending on the species, age, and general condition of the subject, the severity of the condition being treated, the particular carrier or adjuvant being used and its mode of administration, and the like. Accordingly, the "effective amount" of any particular antibody composition will vary based on the particular circumstances, and an appropriate effective amount may be determined in each case of application by one of ordinary skill in the art using only routine experimentation. The dose should be adjusted to suit the individual to whom the composition is administered and will vary with age, weight and metabolism of the individual. The compositions may additionally contain stabilizers or

pharmaceutically acceptable preservatives, such as thimerosal (ethyl(2-mercaptobenzoate-S)mercury sodium salt) (Sigma Chemical Company, St. Louis, Mo.).

In addition, the antibody compositions of the present invention and the vaccines as described above may also be administered with a suitable adjuvant in an amount effective to enhance the immunogenic response against the conjugate. For example, suitable adjuvants may include alum (aluminum phosphate or aluminum hydroxide), which is used widely in humans, and other adjuvants such as saponin and its purified component Quil A, Freund's complete adjuvant, and other adjuvants used in research and veterinary applications. Still other chemically defined preparations such as muramyl dipeptide, monophosphoryl lipid A, phospholipid conjugates such as those described by Goodman-Snitkoff et al. *J. Immunol.* 147:410-415 (1991) and incorporated by reference herein, encapsulation of the conjugate within a proteoliposome as described by Miller et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 176:1739-1744 (1992) and incorporated by reference herein, and encapsulation of the protein in lipid vesicles such as Novasome™ lipid vesicles (Micro Vascular Systems, Inc., Nashua, N.H.) may also be useful.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

As would be recognized by one skilled in the art, the identified and isolated proteins or the invention, and the antibodies thereto capable of recognizing and binding to said proteins may also be formed into suitable pharmaceutical compositions for administration to a human or animal patient in order to treat or prevent a Gram-positive bacterial infection, such as those caused by *Enterococcus*, *Streptococcus*, *Staphylococcus*, etc. Pharmaceutical compositions containing the proteins or antibodies of the present invention as defined and described above may be formulated in combination with any suitable pharmaceutical vehicle, excipient or carrier that would commonly be used in this art, including such as saline, dextrose, water, glycerol, ethanol, other therapeutic compounds, and combinations thereof. As one skilled in this art would recognize, the particular vehicle, excipient or carrier used will vary depending on the patient and the patient's condition, and a variety of modes of administration would be suitable for the compositions of the invention, as would be recognized by one of ordinary skill in this art. Suitable methods of administration of any pharmaceutical composition disclosed in this application include, but are not limited to, topical, oral, anal, vaginal, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intranasal and intradermal administration.

For topical administration, the composition may be formulated in the form of an ointment, cream, gel, lotion, drops (such as eye drops and ear drops), or solution (such as mouthwash). Wound or surgical dressings, sutures and aerosols may be impregnated with the composition. The composition may contain conventional additives, such as preservatives, solvents to promote penetration, and emollients. Topical formulations may also contain conventional carriers such as cream or ointment bases, ethanol, or oleyl alcohol.

Additional forms of compositions, and other information concerning compositions, methods and applications with regard to other microbial surface proteins and peptides of the present invention and antibodies thereto, will be found in other patent references relating to MSCRAMM®, including, for example, in U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214 (Hook et al.), incorporated herein by reference.

The compositions which are generated in accordance with the present invention may also be administered with a suitable adjuvant in an amount effective to enhance the immunogenic

response in a patient. For example, suitable adjuvants may include alum (aluminum phosphate or aluminum hydroxide), which is used widely in humans, and other adjuvants such as saponin and its purified component Quil A, Freund's complete adjuvant, RIBI adjuvant, and other adjuvants used in research and veterinary applications. Still other chemically defined preparations such as muramyl dipeptide, monophosphoryl lipid A, phospholipid conjugates such as those described by Goodman-Snitkoff et al. *J. Immunol.* 147:410-415 (1991) and incorporated by reference herein, encapsulation of the conjugate within a proteoliposome as described by Miller et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 176:1739-1744 (1992) and incorporated by reference herein, and encapsulation of the protein in lipid vesicles such as Novasome™ lipid vesicles (Micro Vascular Systems, Inc., Nashua, N.H.) may also be useful.

In any event, the compositions of the present invention will thus be useful for interfering with, modulating, or inhibiting binding interactions by Gram positive bacteria. Accordingly, the present invention will have particular applicability in developing compositions and methods of preventing or treating Gram positive bacterial infections, and in inhibiting binding and spreading of bacteria to host cells.

Methods:

Detecting and Diagnosing Infections

In accordance with the present invention, methods are provided for identifying and diagnosing infection from Gram positive bacteria through the use of the proteins, epitopes and peptides obtained by the bioinformatic method of the invention as described above and antibodies that recognize such proteins, epitopes and/or peptides. In accordance with the present invention, the antibodies of the invention as set forth above may be used in kits to diagnose such infections, and such kits may be of the type generally known in the art and commonly used to detect an antigen or microorganism of interest which will bind to the antibodies of the invention. These diagnostic kits will generally include the antibodies of the invention along with suitable means for detecting binding by that antibody such as would be readily understood by one skilled in this art. For example, the means for detecting binding of the antibody may comprise a detectable label that is linked to said antibody. These kits can then be used in diagnostic methods to detect the presence of a Gram positive bacterial infection wherein one obtains a sample suspected of being infected by one or more Gram positive bacteria, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin, and introduces to the sample one or more of the antibodies as set forth herein. After introduction of the antibodies, it is then determined through conventional means whether there has been binding by the antigens or microorganisms in the sample, such as through suitable labeling, or assays wherein the antibodies are bound to solid supports, and this binding is reflective of the presence of the target antigens or microorganisms in the sample.

Methods for Monitoring Levels of Antibodies or Antigens

In accordance with the present invention, it is also contemplated that another use of the invention may be in monitoring the level of Gram positive bacterial antigens, or antibodies recognizing said antigens in a human or animal patients suspected of containing said antigens or antibodies. In the preferred process, this may be carried out by first obtaining a biological sample from the human or animal patient, and this would include any suitable sample routinely monitored for infection, such as for example, from one's blood, serum, saliva, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin. Next, one

would introduce into the sample either (1) when monitoring levels of one's antibodies to Gram positive bacteria, a determinable level of a protein or its A domain to which such antibodies will bind; or (2), when monitoring levels of bacterial infestation is desired, introducing into said sample a measurable level of an antibody to a protein as set forth above. The next step in the process is, after allowing sufficient time and conditions so that the antigens and antibodies in the sample can achieve binding, then determining the level of antigen-antibody binding which will be reflective of the amount or level of the Gram positive bacteria, or antibodies thereto, which are located in the sample. In the desired process, levels may be monitored at regular time periods (e.g., hourly, daily, etc.) so as to track the progression/remission of a Gram positive bacterial infection such as during the period of hospitalization or treatment.

Assays for Detecting and Diagnosing Infections

In accordance with the present invention, the detection of Gram positive bacteria present in a biological fluid (e.g. blood, serum, plasma, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract) or other biological material (e.g., tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin) can constitute a method for the diagnosis of acute or chronic infections caused by Gram positive bacteria. Because the antibodies as set forth above can recognize the epitopes found in several Gram positive bacteria, these antibodies can be used in assays to allow the diagnosis of a wide variety of Gram positive bacteria and disease conditions. Either monoclonal antibodies or polyclonal antibodies could be used in the assay, and in the case of the monoclonals such as those referred to above. The detected antigens identified by use of the present assays can be detected by a number of conventional means, including Western immunoblot and other similar tests.

With regard to the assays of the present invention, these assays may use the antibodies of the invention in labeled form, and all well-known methods of labeling antibodies are contemplated, including without limitation enzymatic conjugates, direct labeling with dye, radioisotopes, fluorescence, or particulate labels, such as liposome, latex, polystyrene, and colloid metals or nonmetals. Multiple antibody assay systems, such as antigen capture sandwich assays, are also within the scope of this invention. Further, competitive immunoassays involving labeled protein or assays using the labeled protein to detect serum antibodies are also contemplated forms of the diagnostic assays of the present invention. Beyond diagnostic assays which occur in solution, assays which involve immobilized antibody or protein are also considered within the scope of the invention. (See, for example, Miles et al., Lancet 2:492, 1968; Berry et al., *J. Virol. Met.* 34:91-100, 1991; Engvall et al., *G. Immunochemistry*, 8:871, 1971, Tom, *Liposomes and Immunology*, Elsevier/North Holland, New York, N.Y., 1980; Gribnau et al., *J. of Chromatogr.* 376:175-89, 1986 and all references cited therein). Examples of the types of labels which can be used in the present invention include, but are not limited to, enzymes, radioisotopes, fluorescent compounds, chemiluminescent compounds, bioluminescent compounds, particulates, and metal chelates. Those of ordinary skill in the art will know of other suitable labels for binding to the monoclonal or polyclonal antibody (or to an antigen) or will be able to ascertain the same by the use of routine experimentation. Furthermore, the binding of these labels to the monoclonal or polyclonal antibody (or antigen) can be accomplished using standard techniques commonly known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

One of the ways in which an assay reagent (generally, a monoclonal antibody, polyclonal antibody or antigen) of the present invention can be detectably labeled is by linking the monoclonal antibody, polyclonal antibody, or antigen to an enzyme. This enzyme, in turn, when later exposed to its substrate, will react with the substrate in such a manner as to produce a chemical moiety which can be detected as, for example, by spectrophotometric or fluorometric means. Examples of enzymes which can be used to detectably label the reagents of the present invention include malate dehydrogenase, staphylococcal nuclease, delta-V-steroid isomerase, yeast alcohol dehydrogenase, alpha-glycerophosphate dehydrogenase, triose phosphate isomerase, horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, asparaginase, glucose oxidase, beta-galactosidase, ribonuclease, urease, catalase, glucose-VI-phosphate dehydrogenase, glucoamylase and acetylcholine esterase.

The presence of the detectably labeled reagent of the present invention can also be detected by labeling the reagent with a radioactive isotope which can then be determined by such means as the use of a gamma counter or a scintillation counter. Isotopes which are particularly useful for the purpose of the present invention are .sup.3 H, .sup.125 I, .sup.32 P, .sup.35 S, .sup.14 C, .sup.51 Cr, .sup.36 Cl, .sup.57 Co, .sup.58 Co, .sup.59 Fe and .sup.75 Se. It is also possible to detect the binding of the detectably labeled reagent of the present invention by labeling the monoclonal or polyclonal antibody with a fluorescent compound. When the fluorescently labeled reagent is exposed to light of the proper wave length, its presence can then be detected due to the fluorescence of the dye. Among the most commonly used fluorescent labeling compounds are fluorescein isothiocyanate, rhodamine, phycoerythrin, phycocyanin, allophycocyanin, o-phthaldehyde and fluorescamine. The reagents of the present invention also can be detectably labeled by coupling it to a chemiluminescent compound. The presence of the chemiluminescent-tagged reagent is then determined by detecting the presence of luminescence that arises during the course of the chemical reaction. Examples of particularly useful chemiluminescent labeling compounds are luminol, isoluminol, theromatic acridinium ester, imidazole, acridinium salt and oxalate ester. Likewise, a bioluminescent compound may be used to label the reagent of the present invention. Bioluminescence is a type of chemiluminescence found in biological systems in which a catalytic protein increases the efficiency of the chemiluminescent reaction. The presence of a bioluminescent reagent is determined by detecting the presence of luminescence. Important bioluminescent compounds for purposes of labeling are luciferin, luciferase and aequorin.

Another technique which may also result in greater sensitivity when used in conjunction with the present invention consists of coupling the monoclonal or polyclonal antibody of the present invention to low molecular weight haptens. The haptens can then be specifically detected by means of a second reaction. For example, it is common to use such haptens as biotin (reacting with avidin) or dinitrophenol, pyridoxal and fluorescamine (reacting with specific antihapten antibodies) in this manner. Any biological sample containing the detectable yet unknown amount of a Gram positive antigen can be used in the assay. Normally, the sample is preferably a liquid, such as, for example, urine, saliva, cerebrospinal fluid, blood, serum and the like, or a solid or semi-solid, such as, for example, tissue, feces and the like.

The diagnostic assay of the present invention includes kit forms of such an assay. This kit would include antibodies as described above (raised against whole proteins or active

immunoreactive fragments such as the A domain or immunogenic analogs thereof) which can be optionally immobilized, as well as any necessary reagents and equipment to prepare the biological sample for and to conduct analysis, e.g. preservatives, reaction media such as nontoxic buffers, microtiter plates, micropipettes, etc. The reagent (Abs and/or antigens) can be lyophilized or cryopreserved. As described above, depending on the assay format, the antibodies can be labeled, or the kit can further comprise labeled proteins, fragments or analogs thereof containing the relevant epitopes so as to enable the detection of antibodies to Gram positive bacteria in biological fluids and tissues. By analog is meant a protein or peptide which may differs from its naturally occurring or recombinant counterpart by the substitution, deletion and/or addition of one or more amino acids but which retains the ability to be recognized by an antibody raised against the entire protein. An example is a carrier/antigen fusion polypeptide of the whole antigen or an immunoreactive fragment thereof, where the antigen or fragment can be embedded within the carrier polypeptide or linked to the carrier polypeptide at either end. Accordingly, antibodies in accordance with the invention may also recognize such analogs. The types of immunoassays which can be incorporated in kit form are many. Typical examples of some of the immunoassays which can utilize the antibodies of the invention are radioimmunoassays (RIA) and immunometric, or sandwich, immunoassays.

By "immunometric assay" or "sandwich immunoassay", in meant to include simultaneous sandwich, forward sandwich and reverse sandwich immunoassays. These terms are well understood by those skilled in the art. Those of skill will also appreciate that the monoclonal antibodies, polyclonal antibodies and/or antigens of the present invention will be useful in other variations and forms of immunoassays which are presently known or which may be developed in the future. These are intended to be included within the scope of the present invention. In a forward sandwich immunoassay, a sample is first incubated with a solid phase immunoadsorbent containing monoclonal or polyclonal antibody(ies) against the antigen. Incubation is continued for a period of time sufficient to allow the antigen in the sample to bind to the immobilized antibody in the solid phase. After the first incubation, the solid phase immunoadsorbent is separated from the incubation mixture and washed to remove excess antigen and other interfering substances, such as non-specific binding proteins, which also may be present in the sample. Solid phase immunoadsorbent containing antigen bound to the immobilized antibody is subsequently incubated for a second time with soluble labeled antibody or antibodies. After the second incubation, another wash is performed to remove unbound labeled antibody(ies) from the solid phase immunoadsorbent and removing non-specifically bound labeled antibody(ies). Labeled antibody(ies) bound to the solid phase immunoadsorbent is then detected and the amount of labeled antibody detected serves as a direct measure of the amount of antigen present in the original sample.

Alternatively, labeled antibody which is not associated with the immunoadsorbent complex can also be detected, in which case the measure is in inverse proportion to the amount of antigen present in the sample. Forward sandwich assays are described, for example, in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,867,517; 4,012,294 and 4,376,110, incorporated herein by reference. In carrying out forward immunometric assays, the process may comprise, in more detail: (a) first forming a mixture of the sample with the solid phase bound antibody(ies) and incubating the mixture for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow antigen in the sample to bind to the solid phase bound antibody(ies), (b) adding to the mixture after said

incubation of step (a) the detectably labeled antibody or antibodies and incubating the new resulting mixture for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow the labeled antibody to bind to the antigen-antibody complex on the solid phase immunoadsorbent; (c) separating the solid phase immunoadsorbent from the mixture after the incubation in step (b); and (d) detecting either the labeled antibody or antibodies bound to the antigen-antibody complex on the solid phase immunoadsorbent or detecting the antibody not associated therewith.

In a reverse sandwich assay, the sample is initially incubated with labeled antibody(ies), after which the solid phase immunoadsorbent containing multiple immobilized antibodies is added thereto, and a second incubation is carried out. The initial washing step of a forward sandwich assay is not required, although a wash is performed after the second incubation. Reverse sandwich assays have been described, for example, in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,098,876 and 4,376,110. In carrying out reverse immunometric assays, the process may comprise, in more detail; (a) first forming a mixture of the sample with the soluble detectably labeled antibody for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow antigen in the sample to bind to the labeled antibody; (b) adding to the mixture after the incubation of step (a) the solid phase bound antibodies and incubating the new resulting mixture for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow antigen bound to the labeled antibody to bind to the solid phase antibodies; (c) separating the solid phase immunoadsorbent from the incubating mixture after the incubation in step (b); and (d) detecting either the labeled antibody bound to the solid phase immunoadsorbent or detecting the labeled antibody not associated therewith.

In a simultaneous sandwich assay, the sample, the immunoadsorbent having multiple immobilized antibodies thereon and labeled soluble antibody or antibodies are incubated simultaneously in one incubation step. The simultaneous assay requires only a single incubation and does not include washing steps. The use of a simultaneous assay is by far the preferred one. This type of assay brings about ease of handling, homogeneity, reproducibility, and linearity of the assays and high precision. The sample containing antigen, solid phase immunoadsorbent with immobilized antibodies and labeled soluble antibody or antibodies is incubated under conditions and for a period of time sufficient to allow antigen to bind to the immobilized antibodies and to the soluble antibody(ies). In general, it is desirable to provide incubation conditions sufficient to bind as much antigen as possible, since this maximizes the binding of labeled antibody to the solid phase, thereby increasing the signal. Typical conditions of time and temperature are two hours at 45 degrees C., or twelve hours at 37 degrees C. Antigen typically binds to labeled antibody more rapidly than to immobilized antibody, since the former is in solution whereas the latter is bound to the solid phase support. Because of this, labeled antibody may be employed in a lower concentration than immobilized antibody, and it is also preferable to employ a high specific activity for labeled antibody. For example, labeled antibody might be employed at a concentration of about 1-50 ng per assay, whereas immobilized antibody might have a concentration of 10-500 ng per assay per antibody. The labeled antibody might have a specific activity with, for instance, one radioiodine per molecule, or as high as two or more radioiodines per molecule of antibody.

Of course, the specific concentrations of labeled and immobilized antibodies, the temperature and time of incubation as well as other assay conditions can be varied, depending on various factors including the concentration of antigen

in the sample, the nature of the sample and the like. Those skilled in the art will be able to determine operative and optimal assay conditions for each determination by employing routine experimentation.

- 5 In carrying out the simultaneous immunometric assay on a sample containing a multivalent antigen, the process may comprise, in more detail: (a) simultaneously forming a mixture comprising the sample, together with the solid phase bound antibody and the soluble labeled antibody or antibodies; (b) incubating the mixture formed in step (a) for a time and under conditions sufficient to allow antigen in the sample to bind to both immobilized and labeled antibodies; (c) separating the solid phase immunoadsorbent from the incubation mixture after the incubation; and (d) detecting either labeled antibody bound to the solid phase immunoadsorbent or detecting labeled antibody not associated therewith. Other such steps as washing, stirring, shaking, filtering and the like may of course be added to the assays, as is the custom or necessity for any particular situation.
- 10 There are many solid phase immunoadsorbents which have been employed and which can be used in the present invention. Well-known immunoadsorbents include nitrocellulose, glass, polystyrene, polypropylene, dextran, nylon and other materials; tubes, beads, and microtiter plates formed from or coated with such materials, and the like. The immobilized antibodies can be either covalently or physically bound to the solid phase immunoadsorbent, by techniques such as covalent bonding via an amide or ester linkage, or by absorption. Those skilled in the art will know many other suitable solid phase immunoadsorbents and methods for immobilizing antibodies thereon, or will be able to ascertain such, using no more than routine experimentation.
- 15 Kits
- 20 As indicated above, in accordance with the present invention, the antibodies of the invention as set forth above may be used in kits to diagnose a Gram positive infection. Such diagnostic kits are well known in the art and will generally be prepared so as to be suitable for determining the presence of epitopes or proteins that will bind to the antibodies of the invention. These diagnostic kits will generally include the antibodies of the invention along with suitable means for detecting binding by that antibody such as would be readily understood by one skilled in this art. For example, the means for detecting binding of the antibody may comprise a detectable label that is linked to said antibody. These kits can then be used in diagnostic methods to detect the presence of a bacterial infection wherein one obtains a biological sample suspected of having such an infection, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin, introduces to the sample one or more of the antibodies as set forth herein, and then determines if the antibodies bind to the sample which would indicate the presence of such microorganisms in the sample.
- 25 In addition, as set forth above, these kits can also be useful in methods of monitoring the level of antibodies or bacterial antigens in the serum of a human or animal patient. If monitoring the level of antigen is desired, the kit will include an antibody in accordance with the present invention as described above along with a means of determining the level of binding to that antibody. When it is desired to measure the level of antibodies to Gram positive bacteria in a sample, the kit will preferably include an isolated protein or epitope (e.g., the A domain) such as described above, along with means for detecting binding of those antigens to antibodies present in the sample.
- 30 Kits
- 35 As indicated above, in accordance with the present invention, the antibodies of the invention as set forth above may be used in kits to diagnose a Gram positive infection. Such diagnostic kits are well known in the art and will generally be prepared so as to be suitable for determining the presence of epitopes or proteins that will bind to the antibodies of the invention. These diagnostic kits will generally include the antibodies of the invention along with suitable means for detecting binding by that antibody such as would be readily understood by one skilled in this art. For example, the means for detecting binding of the antibody may comprise a detectable label that is linked to said antibody. These kits can then be used in diagnostic methods to detect the presence of a bacterial infection wherein one obtains a biological sample suspected of having such an infection, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin, introduces to the sample one or more of the antibodies as set forth herein, and then determines if the antibodies bind to the sample which would indicate the presence of such microorganisms in the sample.
- 40 In addition, as set forth above, these kits can also be useful in methods of monitoring the level of antibodies or bacterial antigens in the serum of a human or animal patient. If monitoring the level of antigen is desired, the kit will include an antibody in accordance with the present invention as described above along with a means of determining the level of binding to that antibody. When it is desired to measure the level of antibodies to Gram positive bacteria in a sample, the kit will preferably include an isolated protein or epitope (e.g., the A domain) such as described above, along with means for detecting binding of those antigens to antibodies present in the sample.
- 45 Kits
- 50 As indicated above, in accordance with the present invention, the antibodies of the invention as set forth above may be used in kits to diagnose a Gram positive infection. Such diagnostic kits are well known in the art and will generally be prepared so as to be suitable for determining the presence of epitopes or proteins that will bind to the antibodies of the invention. These diagnostic kits will generally include the antibodies of the invention along with suitable means for detecting binding by that antibody such as would be readily understood by one skilled in this art. For example, the means for detecting binding of the antibody may comprise a detectable label that is linked to said antibody. These kits can then be used in diagnostic methods to detect the presence of a bacterial infection wherein one obtains a biological sample suspected of having such an infection, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin, introduces to the sample one or more of the antibodies as set forth herein, and then determines if the antibodies bind to the sample which would indicate the presence of such microorganisms in the sample.
- 55 In addition, as set forth above, these kits can also be useful in methods of monitoring the level of antibodies or bacterial antigens in the serum of a human or animal patient. If monitoring the level of antigen is desired, the kit will include an antibody in accordance with the present invention as described above along with a means of determining the level of binding to that antibody. When it is desired to measure the level of antibodies to Gram positive bacteria in a sample, the kit will preferably include an isolated protein or epitope (e.g., the A domain) such as described above, along with means for detecting binding of those antigens to antibodies present in the sample.
- 60 Kits
- 65 As indicated above, in accordance with the present invention, the antibodies of the invention as set forth above may be used in kits to diagnose a Gram positive infection. Such diagnostic kits are well known in the art and will generally be prepared so as to be suitable for determining the presence of epitopes or proteins that will bind to the antibodies of the invention. These diagnostic kits will generally include the antibodies of the invention along with suitable means for detecting binding by that antibody such as would be readily understood by one skilled in this art. For example, the means for detecting binding of the antibody may comprise a detectable label that is linked to said antibody. These kits can then be used in diagnostic methods to detect the presence of a bacterial infection wherein one obtains a biological sample suspected of having such an infection, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, genitourinary tract, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin, introduces to the sample one or more of the antibodies as set forth herein, and then determines if the antibodies bind to the sample which would indicate the presence of such microorganisms in the sample.
- 65 Kits

Treating or Protecting Against Infections

In accordance with the present invention, methods are provided for preventing or treating an infection caused by Gram positive bacteria which comprise administering an effective amount of the antibodies as described above to a human or animal patient in need of such treatment in amounts effective to treat or prevent the infection. Accordingly, in accordance with the invention, administration of an effective amount of the antibodies of the present invention in any of the conventional ways described above (e.g., topical, parenteral, intramuscular, etc.), and will thus provide an extremely useful method of treating or preventing bacterial infections in human or animal patients. As indicated above, by effective amount is meant that level of use, such as of an antibody titer, that will be sufficient to either prevent adherence of the bacteria, or to inhibit binding and colonization of such organisms to host cells and thus be useful in the treatment or prevention such infections. In addition, these antibodies also exhibit protective effects by a number of other mechanisms, including direct killing of the infectious microorganisms, increased opsonization, inhibition of morphological transition, etc., and thus an effective amount of antibodies will also include that amount by which any of the means to achieve a protective effect is obtained. As would be recognized by one of ordinary skill in this art, the level of antibody titer needed to be effective in treating or preventing infections will vary depending on the nature and condition of the patient, and/or the severity of the pre-existing infection.

Eliciting an Immune Response

In accordance with the present invention, a method is provided for eliciting an immunogenic reaction in a human or animal comprising administering to the human or animal an immunologically effective amount of a protein isolated using the bioinformatic method as described above, or a recombinantly produced version of such a protein, or an immunogenic fragment, region or epitope as described above so as to elicit an immunogenic response. As indicated above, an "immunogenic amount" of the antigen to be used in accordance with the invention to obtain an immunogenic reaction is intended to mean a nontoxic but sufficient amount of the agent, such that an immunogenic response will be elicited in the host so that the desired prophylactic or therapeutic effect is produced. Accordingly, the exact amount of the isolated protein that is required to elicit such a response will vary from subject to subject, depending on the species, age, and general condition of the subject, the severity of the condition being treated, the particular carrier or adjuvant being used and its mode of administration, and the like. The invention also contemplates methods of generating antibodies which recognize the proteins and epitopes as described above, and suitable methods of generating monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies are described in more detail above.

Coating Devices

In accordance with the invention, the antibodies and compositions as described above may also be utilized to treat or protect against outbreaks of bacterial infections on certain medical devices and other implanted materials such as prosthetic devices. Medical devices or polymeric biomaterials that may be advantageously coated with the antibodies and/or compositions described herein include, but are not limited to, staples, sutures, replacement heart valves, cardiac assist devices, hard and soft contact lenses, intraocular lens implants (anterior chamber or posterior chamber), other implants such as corneal inlays, kerato-prostheses, vascular stents, epikeratophalia devices, glaucoma shunts, retinal staples, scleral buckles, dental prostheses, thyroplastic

devices, laryngoplasty devices, vascular grafts, soft and hard tissue prostheses including, but not limited to, pumps, electrical devices including stimulators and recorders, auditory prostheses, pacemakers, artificial larynx, dental implants, mammary implants, penile implants, cranio/facial tendons, artificial joints, tendons, ligaments, menisci, and disks, artificial bones, artificial organs including artificial pancreas, artificial hearts, artificial limbs, and heart valves; stents, wires, guide wires, intravenous and central venous catheters, laser and balloon angioplasty devices, vascular and heart devices (tubes, catheters, balloons), ventricular assists, blood dialysis components, blood oxygenators, urethral/ureteral/urinary devices (Foley catheters, stents, tubes and balloons), airway catheters (endotracheal and tracheostomy tubes and cuffs), enteral feeding tubes (including nasogastric, intragastric and jejunal tubes), wound drainage tubes, tubes used to drain the body cavities such as the pleural, peritoneal, cranial, and pericardial cavities, blood bags, test tubes, blood collection tubes, vacutainers, syringes, needles, pipettes, pipette tips, and blood tubing.

It will be understood by those skilled in the art that the term "coated" or "coating", as used herein, means to apply the antibody or composition as defined above to a surface of the device, preferably an outer surface that would be exposed to an infection such as those caused by Gram positive bacteria. The surface of the device need not be entirely covered by the protein, antibody or active fragment.

As indicated above, the antibodies of the present invention, or active portions or fragments thereof, may also be useful for interfering with the physical interaction between bacteria responsible for infection and a mammalian host, and may also be useful in interfering with the ability of the bacteria to adhere to extracellular matrix proteins such as fibrinogen, collagen, laminin, etc. Accordingly, the antibodies of the invention may be useful both in treating patients and in preventing or reducing bacterial infections, or for reducing or eliminating infection and infestation of such organisms indwelling medical devices and prosthetics to make them safer for use.

In short, the antibodies of the present invention as described above can be extremely useful in detecting, treating or preventing infections by Gram positive bacteria in human and animal patients, or in preventing or reducing infection of medical devices and prostheses that can be caused by such organisms. In particular, the present invention will be of importance in the treatment or prevention of such infections in highly susceptible groups such as premature newborns, AIDS and debilitated cancer patients, and are particularly frequent and severe after bone marrow transplantation.

EXAMPLES

The following examples are provided which exemplify aspects of the preferred embodiments of the present invention. It should be appreciated by those of skill in the art that the techniques disclosed in the examples which follow represent techniques discovered by the inventors to function well in the practice of the invention, and thus can be considered to constitute preferred modes for its practice. However, those of skill in the art should, in light of the present disclosure, appreciate that many changes can be made in the specific

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embodiments which are disclosed and still obtain a like or similar result without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Method to Identify MSCRAMM® Proteins from Gram Positive Bacteria and Expression and Purification of Their A Domains

A. Searching for LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins in annotated genomes of Gram-positive bacteria.

1. Obtain the amino acid sequences of the entire genome of interest from web sites of sequencing centers. These sequences are stored in a local Silicon Graphics machine (SGI).
2. A local searchable database is established using the program format db obtained from NCBI and installed locally on the SGI.
3. LPXTG-motif containing proteins are identified using PHI-blast, which is obtained from NCBI and installed locally on the SGI. The PHI-blast search uses a degenerate LPXTG pattern L-P-X-[TSA]-[GANS], X being any amino acid. The templates for PHI-blast vary depend on the particular organism. For each organism, two known cell wall anchored proteins of *S. aureus* with no sequence homology were used as well as known cell wall anchored proteins from that particular organism if available.
4. The LPXTG-containing proteins obtained from PHI-blast were analyzed to select for those that contain typical features of LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins: a signal peptide at the N-terminus, the LPXTG-motif being close to the C-terminus followed by a hydrophobic transmembrane segment, and several positively charged residues at the C-terminus. These are done as described below:

Signal peptide: we use the SignalP prediction server. The method has been described in "Identification of prokaryotic and eukaryotic signal peptides and prediction of their cleavage sites". Henrik Nielsen, Jacob Engelbrecht, Søren Brunak and Gunnar von Heijne, *Protein Engineering* 10, 1-6 (1997).

Location of LPXTG-motif: visual examination of the sequence.

A hydrophobic transmembrane segment after the LPXTG-motif: we use the TMHMM server for the prediction of transmembrane segments. Several other prediction web servers can also be used, among which are TMpred, DAS, and HMMTOP.

Positively charged residues at C-terminus: visual examination.

5. Sequences that contain the above features are putative LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins.
6. The term "LPXTG" or "cell wall" are used to search for proteins that are annotated as cell wall anchored proteins in the genome of interest at TIGR website (comprehensive microbial resource, <http://www.tigr.org/tigrscripts/CMR2/CMRHomePage.spl>).

B. Searching for LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins in unannotated genomes of Gram-positive bacteria.

1. Obtain genome sequences from the web sites of sequencing centers. These sequences are stored in a local Silicon Graphics machine (SGI).

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2. Gene prediction using the program Glimmer 2.0 from TIGR. This is facilitated by UNIX C shell scripts written in house.

3. The predicted genes are translated into amino acid sequences using a translation program written in house. This program is capable of translating large batch of sequences.
4. The translated amino acid sequences are formatted into a searchable database locally as in Section A.2. Subsequent analysis is as described in Section A.3-5.

C. Prediction of Immunoglobulin-like (Ig-like) fold in putative LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins.

The amino acid sequences of putative LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins are submitted to a Fold recognition web server 3D-PSSM. The method of prediction is described in Kelley LA, MacCallum RM & Steinberg MJE. Enhanced Genome Annotation using Structural Profiles in the Program 3D-PSSM. *J Mol Biol.* 2000 June 2;299(2):499-520

The output of 3D-PSSM gives a probability E value indicating the likelihood of the submitted sequence adopting a similar 3D structure as a published structure.

Proteins that have E value <0.25 to a published Ig-like fold structure, are considered containing predicted Ig-like folds. These should be considered MSCRAMM® proteins.

Accordingly, in accordance with the present invention, a bioinformatic approach was used to identify proteins with MSCRAMM®-like characteristics among Gram positive bacteria, particularly *Enterococcus faecalis*. Forty-two proteins with a putative C-terminal LPxTG cell wall sorting signal were identified in the *E. faecalis* genome. We then looked for structural similarities to MSCRAMM® proteins among LPxTG-anchored enterococcal proteins. Nine proteins were predicted to contain regions that adopt an immunoglobulin-like fold. The Ig fold-containing regions in FIG. 1 consist of several consecutive and overlapping matches to solved crystal structures (~150-500 aa) of the immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF), which consist of one to four domains of equal size and Ig-type fold. The homologous Ig-fold regions cover most of the enterococcal proteins and may indicate a similar "beads-in-a-string" arrangement of consecutive modules that are found in fibronectin and other IgSF proteins (Leahy, 1996)(Sharma, 1999)(Hamburger, 1999)(Luo, 2000). A tandem repeat of Ig folded subdomains (N2 and N3) is found in the crystal structure of the fibrinogen-binding domain of ClfA. The full-length A domains of ClfA and the similarly structured ClfB consist of an additional N-terminal subdomain, N1 (Deivanayagam, 2002)(Perkins, 2001). Based on sequence and secondary structure similarities, an analogous subdomain organization is also expected in other MSCRAMM® proteins including FnbpA, FnbpB, Ace and the Sdr proteins. The solved crystal structure of CNA minimum collagen-binding domain is made of a single Ig-type subdomain (N2) (Symer sky, 1997) and the C-terminal repeat domains B1 and B2 each consist of a tandem repeat of Ig-folded subdomains (Deivanayagam, 2000). A similar modular structure is expected in the B3 and B4 repeats. Thus, a module structure of multiple Ig-folded units seems a general characteristic in the MSCRAMM® protein family. The length of the N-subdomains of MSCRAMM® proteins is typically ~150 aa suggesting that the large size of the A

domains of EF1091 and EF0089 could accommodate more than three Ig-folded subdomains in their A domains.

Example 3

Expression and Purification of Recombinant Enterococcal MSCRAMM® Protein Fragments

To further characterize the utility of this invention, the A-domains of EF1091, EF1092 and EF1093 proteins from *E.*

faecalis as well as Efae 2926, Efae 2925 and Efae 2924 proteins from *E. faecium* were cloned, expressed and purified. In addition, EF1824 was cloned in two segments, EF1824AI (aa 43-819) and EF1824AII (aa 820-1829) because of the large size of the protein. EF1824AI was insoluble in *E. coli* cytoplasm and excluded from the assays. Bolded and underlined sequence represents the putative A-domains that were cloned.

EF1824A1: amino acid residues 43-819
SEQ ID NO: 2
QEQTAKEDVADSATSGVAIVSIEKAEKNFVITYASGKKAQISILNDHILFRYHLDP
TGKFEELYPTPNDPKHKVAKITAKTMADYGQTQAFEQTNVTDSGNQFILLENGLKI
MFEKESALMKVLDKKKNQVILEETAPLSFKNDKATQTLRQSSQENYFGGGTQ
NGRFTHKGTAQIQTNTNNWVDDGGVASPNPFYWSTAGYGVVRNTRWKPGNYDF
GSHDPQKTTTHEGTDFAFYFFNDSSAIGLKDYYELTGKPALMPYEYGFYEAH
LNAYNRDYZWVKVAEGTAGAVKFEDGNFYKEYQPGDLGNLNGLTLESNLNGEKE
NYQFSARAVIDRYKKNNDMLPGLWFLPNDBGYAGYCQTDSDLGDVQNLKEFTEY
AQANGVEGLWTQSNLHPADPKNPKKGERIAKEVSAGVKALKTDVAWVG
YGYSFGLNGVEDAAANVFVKEETDGAVRPMIVSLDGWAGTQRHAGIWTGDQTG
GQWEYTRFHPIPTYIGTSLSGQPNVGSDMDGIFGGKNKEINIRDFQWKTFPVQL
NMDGSNSNPFTPFAFDQEAETDLNRAYKLKSMMMPYNYNIAKESVDGLPMV
RAMALEFPNEGTYATKDSQYQYMWGPNLVAPIYNGNQDEAGNSIRDGIYLPD
EKQVVVVDLFTGEKYOGGRVLNGVKTPLWKVPVFKDGSIIIPMTNPNNNPKEI
QRDQRSFLIYPNGTTSFNMYEDDGISTSYEAGQSATTKINSQGPKSNEKGDLT
VTIEPTKGSKYKDFVDERSTTLDDLASEAPESVTAMVGGTEVTLQ

EF1824A1: amino acid residues 820-1829
SEQ ID NO: 3
AANKEEFLAGTNLYYFDKEFQVNQVLSEASGEKLNQALSALKQSVTAKDVQITVK
GFINKGTVDGGNTTVDQLTIPANVAINEKTTPSLTLQWDQVTEATSVEVERDGTVF
GNIQTNATATFDGFSLEHTFRVRAVGKNGVSEWSEP1IKGKTQDDPYKETTINQVKATS
NLPEQPGAEKKLTDKDLSTGWHTNWSTGIANPSDGNFLSLKFDLGAEYQMDKIEYL
PRDNAGNGNILQLQYRTSKDGANWTEFSEPINWKDQALTKTIELTDQAYRVEFMKV
KSVGNFGSGREMLFYKQPGTEGLLHGDTINNDGIDENDAMSYRNTGLESVDSDFNGY
VEKGDLNKNGVIDANDISYVLRQLDGGIEIPDVEEIAAGLSSLAVVNENGKDTYLPGDTL
FILKGQDLKNINALSTKMSFDSSKFEVLVQOPATTNNTQOMENYSYKRKHSNDVENLYL
VLSNQGNKQLLNGSMSDLVTFKVKVKEETRVRKRATTVEQPLQFDMSQGLLVGQGFQO
ATLSDFSVLKPTELVDKELLQALITLNCARVEKEYTPETWAIFKPIIILDEAVAVLANEQQA
TQTDVSSAAAEELEKAASQLEKMPDVANKADLEKAIQEGLAKKPSDGQEFTEETKKVL
EESLAAAQKVFAQEKVTQEIIDQATKTLREAIAQLKEQPVAVDKETLKEQIAQARGRK
PEEGYQFTKETEKQLQEAIAQAAEIAVAKETATKEEVSEALNAETAMAQLKEVPLVNK
DQLQEWKRAQOVTPSEGHQFTASSLQELQKALLAATKNTLKNPAANQKMIDEAVAL
TSAIDGLQEVVLVTDKKALEAMIAKAKA1KPSAGKSFKEFTSESKARLTTEAIDQAEGLILADKN
ARQEIDIAEKKVTKTALDSLLEEQLVQTDKTKLKELLQKAETLKPAGKQFTKASQEAL
AAAIQKQAKALVEDPNATQEAVIDKCLSILSQAIEAMAEEPISSENSTGNNGNHSTVSGTGG
VTSQGKGTATGGTTKTTTSGT

EF0089A: amino acid residues 36-1143
SEQ ID NO: 4
EEVNSDGGQLTLGEVKQTSQQEMTLALQGKAQPVQTVQEVVVHYSANVSIKAAHWAAPN
NTRKIQVDDQKQKQIQLQELNQQAALADTTLVLTLNPTATEDVTFPSYQGQQRALTLKGTQDPT
ESTAITSSPAAASNEGSTEASTNSTSVPRSSSEETVASTTKAIESTKTTTESTTVKPRVAGPT
DISDYFTGDETTIDNFEDP1YLNPDGTPATPPYKEDVTIHWNFWNS1PEDVREQMKGAD
YFEOFQPLGNLKPKNPKGSGDLVDAEGNVYGTYTISEDGTVRFPTNERITSESIDIHGDFSL
DTHLNDSDGRGPQDWVIDIPTQEDLPPVYIPIVDPDTEQQIDKQCHFDRTPNPSAITWTW
DINQAMKDQTPNVTETWPTGNTFKSVKTVYELVMNLDGT1KEVGRRELSPDEYTVDKNG
NVT1KGDNTKAYRLLEYQTT1DEAVIPDGGGLVQFTKHNATLTSDDNNPQGLDAEATVTATY
GKMLDKRNIDYDEANQEFTEWINYNGEQTIPKQDAVITDTMGDNLTPEPDSLHLHYSV
FDDKGNEVVGAELEVGKDYKVVINGDGSFAIDFLHDVTVGAVIDYKTKVVDGIVEGDDVAV
NNRVDVGTQHSEDDGTAQSON11KNTGAVDYQNSTIGWTLAVNQNQNYLMENAIVTDT
YEPVPLGTMVPSLNUVVKDGTGQTLGKDFMVEITRNADGETGFKVFSFIGAYAKTSD
AFHITYTTFDVTTELDAFFNPDHYRNTAAIDWTEAGNNHHSEDSKPFKPLPAFDLNA
QKSGVYNAVTKETWTIAVNLNSNNRLVDAFLTDPILTNTQTYLAGSLKVYEGNTKPDGSV
EKVKPQTQPLDTIMHEEPSENQNTWRVDFPNDSDRTYVIEFKTSVDEKVLEGSSASYDNTA
SYTNQGSSRVDTGVKSIQHGESVKKGGEYTKDDPDHYVWHVMINGAQSVLDDVVIT
DTPSPNQVLDPESLVIYGTNTTEDGT1TPDKSV1LEEGKDYTLLEVTTNETGQQKIVVKM
AHIEAPYYMEYRSLSVTSAASTDTSVSNQVSIITGNGSEVHVGDNGDVVVVDIDHSGGH
ATGKGKIQLKKTAMDETTILAGAHFQIWQDQAKTQVLREGTVDATGVITFGG

EF3023A: amino acid residues 26-1024
SEQ ID NO: 5
EE1TDLFLQKEVTVSGVEGGKIGENWKYPQFVGGEKAVIDGDETRWSADKQDEQWLIV
DLGEVKNIGELVOLHAESPVYELLVSTDGEYSOSIFKEENGKGGOPTKKYIDGNNVQA
RFVKYQQMKMWQHTNKQFYSSIIISFEAYEKKRLPEA1KLLTENISEKRKQQLAFEV
SPAGVDITEDOIEWSSDPT1TVTDQTNLITAVKSGEAKTVK1KGTE1SDT1FVTVAEN
KQYAEMLRAKWMRLLGTTQYDNDADVQQYRAQIATESLALWQTLNQAADREYLWER
KPSDTVSADEYTTQFTNIKKLALGYYPESSSELFKEPEVYDAIVKGIEFMIDTKYNGTYTT
GNWWWDWQIGSAQPLTDLILLHDDLLNTDAEKLNKFTAPLMLYAKDPNIQWP1YRATG
ANLTDISITVLTGTLLEDNQRLVQVQEAIVPSVLKSVSSGDGLYPDGSILQHGYFPYNG

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SYGNELLKGFGRIQTILOQGSWEMNDPNISNLFNVVDKGYLQLMVNGKMPMSVSGRS
ISRAPETPNPFTEFESGKETIANLTLIAKFAPENLRNDIYTSIQTWLQOQSGSYHHFFKKP
RDFEALIDLKNVNVNSASPAQATPMQSLNVYGSMDRVLQKNNEYAVGISMYSQRVGNY
EFGNTENKKGWHTADGMLYLQNQDFAQFDGEGWATIDPYRLPGTTDTRELANGAYT
GKRSPQSWSVGGSNNGQVASIGMFLDKSNEGMLVAKKSWFLLDGQIINLGSGITGTT
DASIEITLDNRMIHPOEVKLNQGSDKDNWSLSAANPLNNIGYVFPNSMNTLDVQIEE
RSGRYGDINEYFVNDCYTYTNTFAKISKNYGKTVENGTYEYLTVVGKTNEEIAALSKNKG
YTVLLENTANLQIAEAGNYVMNTWNNDQETAGLYADPMVISERIDNGVYRLLANPL
QNNASVSIEFDKGILEVVAAADPEISVDQNIITLNSAGLNGSSRSIIVKITPVEVTEALEKL
QEQ

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EF2224A: amino acid residues 31-771

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QEVTSDAEKTVKDGLKVIGKIEDTSSQEDIKTVTYEVTNTRDPIKDLILKQKNTNDSPI (SEQ ID NO: 6)
KFVLDTLSEERGPTSLEEQAQVETNEKDQTTDKLNLNLPNSTRKITINGQITTKASNKL
LVSVLIEDNEKGTLVIDLPSKDLADKESVSKEKQETSETKVENQANETASTNEMTATT
SNETKPBEAGKALESIQETALTQATESPEQPPLKAQPTGPLVPPTPGRGFNTPIYQSVHK
GELFSTGNTNLKIANENTAAQFLNTRGASSGYAINNFFLEFADVNDNPNTYNSRAY
IDLNGAKEIAWAGLFWSASRYKGPAVQFTTPNGTVQRVSPQRYHR
IDQDATNPQGRFQYNNNTGSNSYADVSILOQDKSATGSYTLADIPMTSSLNGQYQYNN
FSGWSLFWVTKDQASKSRAFSIYYGARGNAAGTNNEFTMSNFLATAQGNLDPIVTWFT
VOQDKYWTGDNDAIKNSAGTWNNTLNFPVNAMNATVTDNDEHMWDKYPGKFAP
DHPNFLDIDIDIRMAPEGVNLNGQNIINFRTTSSGDDYSTMNAIGFAVNAETPEFEIKKEIV
EFKETYKVGETITYRVLKNTKADS EAINSVSKDALDGRNLNLPGSLKIISGPNSGEKTD
ASGDDQAEYDETQNQIIIVRVGNAGATATQGGSYKADTAETIYEFKARINERAKANELVPN
SATVEAVDILTSAKVNETSNIVEAIADEQVT

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EF1269A: amino acid residues 27-596

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ETGYAQTEPTSTSETNQISATPNVVPRKQVGNIVTAIQLTDKEGNPLGTINQYTDIYLRIE (SEQ ID NO: 7)
FNLPDNTVNSGDTSTVLTPEERLREKNMFTNVNVDGTVVAAIAQTDVANKTVTLTYTDY
VENHANIISGSILYFTSLIDEVENENESKIPIVYTVEGEKIFAGDLYQGECDDVNEKFSKY
SWFIEDDPTEIYNVLRINPCTQTYTDLEVEDVULKTESLSYMKDTMKIERGQWTLDNAI
WQFTPEEDITDQLAVQYQGPDDRNFSVHFGNIGTNEYRITYKTKIDHLPEKGETFTNYAK
LTENQTVVEEVSRVSQTSQTGGGEANGEQYVVEIHEDEAGORLAGAEFELIRNSTNQ
VAKITTDQNGTAIVKGLLKDNYTLVETKAPTGYQLSQNKIPITPEDFGKNLVALKTVVNH
KISYQPVAAASFLAGVLLGPKLKDAEFQFELLEDKTVLETVSNDLGTQFSPLTFET
PGNYQYTIREVNTQQTGVSYDTHNLQVQVTVEALLGNLVATTQYDGGQVFTNHYTPE
KPIESTPPSGTDTTNSTETTSITIEKQAIERNKE

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EF1091: Nucleotide Sequence

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=200==GGTACAGCTT=TCGTTAGCTG=TTGAGCAAAG=TTCGCTTCAA=ACAGCTCAGC
=250==CACCTAAGTT=ATTGTATGAA=AACAAACGAAT=ATGATGTTTC=AGTTACTTCT
=300==GAAAAAAATAA=CACTAGAGGA=TTCTGCTAAA=GAATCAACTG=AACCAAGAAAA
=350==AATAACTGTA=CCAGAAAAATA=CGAAAGAAAAC=TAACAAAAAT=GAATTGGGCTC
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=450==GCAGAACGAA=GAATGGGCC=AGCTACTTTG=AGAGCGGAATC=TTGGACTTGCC
=500==TTTAATTGCA=CCACAATACA=CGACGGATAA=TTCTGGGACT=TATCCGACAG
=550==CTAACTGGCA=GCCCAACAGGC=ATCAAAATG=TTTTAAACCA=TCAGGGAAAT
=600==AAAGACGGTA=GTGACAATG=GGACGGCCAA=ACGAGTTGGA=ATGGGGACCC
=650==TACTAATCGC=ACAAATTCTT=ATATTGAGTA=TGGCGGTACA=GGAGACCAAG
=700==CCGATGAGCG=CATCGGAAA=ATTGCTAGAG=AACAAACAAAC=ACCAAGGCTT
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=800==ATTGGATTG=GTCTTAGTCG=TTGACTGGTC=CGGTAGTATG=AATGAAAACA
=850==ATCGGATTGG=TAAGGTTCAA=AAAGGAGTGA=ACCGTTTTGT=TGATACATTT
=900==GCAGATAGCG=GTATTACCAA=TAACATCACAC=ATGGGCTATG=TTGGCTACTC
=950==AAGTGACGGT=ATAATAACAA=ACGCCATTCA=AATGGGGCCG=TTTGATACAG
1000==TCAAAATCC=AAATAAAAT=ATTACGCCAA=GTAGCACTAG=AGGAGGAACT
1050==TTCACTCAA=AAGCATTAAAG=AGATGCTGGT=GATATGTTAG=CAACGCCAAA
1100==TGGACATAAG=AAAGTCATTG=TAATTAAAC=GGATGGCGTC=CCAACCTTCT
1150==CTTATAAAGT=GGACTCGAGTT=CAAAACAGAGG=CGGATGGTCG=CTTTACGGG
1200==ACACAATTAA=CGAATCGACA=AGATCACCA=GGTAGCACTT=CTTATATCTC
1250==TGGTAGCTAT=AATGCGCAG=ATCAAAACAA=TATCAATAAA=CGGATTAACA
1300==GTACGTTTAT=CGGCCAGATA=GTTGAGGCAA=GGTGTCTTAAA=ACAACGTGGG
1350==ATTGAAATAC=ATGGATTGGG=CATTCATTG=CAAAGCGATC=CACAGGCTAA
1400==TTTATCTAAA=CAACAAGTTG=AGATAAAAAT=CGGTAGAGATG=GTGTCAGCCG
1450==ATGAAAATGG=AGACCTTTAT=ATGAAATCCG=CGGATTATGC=ACCAGACATT
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1550==CGGAAAAGTA=GTGATCCAA=TTGCTGAACC=TTTAAATAC=GAGCCAAATA
1600==CATTATCAAT=GAAAAGTGTG=GGTCCGTTC=AGGTTCAAAC=ATTACCAA
1650==GTGTCGCTAA=CAGGGCGTAC=AATAATAGT=AAATGAGATT=ATTGGGTTA
1700==AGGCCAAGAA=ATTCAAATTC=ATTATCAAGT=ACGTATTCAA=ACAGAGTCAG
1750==AAACATCAA=ACCTGATTT=TTGATTCAAA=TAATGGTCG=GACAACGTTT
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1850==AAAAGCACCT=GGCGTGAAGT=AAACGTGAA=AAAATCTGG=GAAGAGTATG
1900==ATCAAGACCC=GACAAGTCGG=CCAGATAATG=TAATTATG=AAATTAGTAA
1950==AAGCAAGTAA=CTGACACAGC=CAACTGGCAA=ACTGGGTATA=TTAAATTATC
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-continued

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2150==AGCAGTTCCT=GGTTACAGTC=AAGAAAAAAT=CGACGATACT=ACTTGGAAA
2200==ACACGAAGCA=GTTCAGGCC=TTAGATTTAA=AAGTAATCAA=AAATTCTTC
2250==TCAGGTGAGA=AAAACCTAGT=GGGAGCCGTC=TTGAAATTGA=GTGGTAAAAA
2300==TGTCAAAACA=ACATTAAGG=ACAAATAAGA=TAGTAGCTAT=TCCTTGCCAA
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2500==ATCAAGTTAT=TCCTTGGAA=ATTGAAAAATA=ATTTTCTTC=TTTGCACATC
2550==AGAATAGAA=AATACACCAT=GCAAAATGGC=AAACAAGTGA=ACTTAGCAGA
2600==GGCAGCTTT=GGCTTGCAAA=GAAAAAAATGC=TCAGGAAAGT=TACCAAACGT
2650==TGGCAACTCA=AaaaACAGAT=ACTACAGGAT=TAGAGCTATT=AAAATTAGT
2700==GAACCTGGT=AGTATCGAA=GGTGGAAACAA=TCAGGACCAT=TAGGCTACGA
2750==CACTCTTGT=GGAAATTATG=AATTACTGT=TAGATAAATAT=GGGAAATTG
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2850==CATCAAAATA=ATTGAAACG=TTTGACTTA=ACAGTTAATA=AAAAGCCGA
2900==TAATCAGACG=CCACTTAAAG=GAGCCGAAATT=CGGTTAACAA=GGACCAAGATA
2950==CGGATATTGA=ATTACCAAAA=GATGGCAAAG=AAACGGATAC=TTTGTGTTT
3000==GAAAACCTAA=AACCAGGGAA=ATATGTTCTA=ACAGAAACCT=TTACGCCAGA
3050==AGGATATGAG=GGGTTAAAAG=AACCAATCGA=ATTAATAATT=CGTGAAGATG
3100==GTTCACTCAC=GATAGATGGG=GAAAAAGTAG=CAGATGTTT=ATTCTGGA
3150==GAGAGAATA=ATCAAATTAC=TTAGACGTT=ACGAACCAAG=CAAAGGTTCC
3200==TTTACCTGAA=ACTGGTGGCA=TAGGACGCTT=GTGGTTTAC=TTGATAGCGA
3250==TTACTACATT=CGTGATAGCG=GGTGGTTTAC=TCCTTATTAG=ACGACCAGAA
3300==GGGAGTGTG

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EF1091 amino acid residues 63-1067

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=100==EKITVEDSAK=ESTEPEKLT=PENTKETNKN=DSAPEKTEQP=TATEEVNTNF
=150==AEARMAPATL=RANLALPLIA=PQYTTDNGT=YPtanWQPTG=NQNVLNHQGN
=200==KDGSQAWDQO=TSWNGDPNTN=TSNSYIETYGGT=GDQADYAIRK=YARETTTPTGL
=250==FDVYLNVRGN=VQKEITPLDL=VLVWDWSGSM=NENNRIGEVQ=KGVRFVDTL
=300==ADSGITNNIN=MGYVGYSSDG=YNNNAIQMGP=FDTVKNP1KN=ITPSSTRGFT
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=450==IEIHGLGIQL=QSDPRAILSK=QVEQEDKMRM=VSADENGDLY=YESADYAPDI
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=550==VSLTGATINS=NEIYLGKQOE=IQIHYQVRIQ=TESENFKPDF=WYQMNGRTTF
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=750==SGEKNLGVAV=FELSGKVNQ=TLVDNKDGDSY=SLPKDVRLOK=GERYTLTEVK
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=850==RIRKYTMQNG=KQVNLAETF=ALQRKNAQGS=YQTVATQKTD=TTGLSYFKIS
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1000==ENLKPGKYVL=TETFTPEGYQ=GLKEPIELII=REDGSVTIDG=EKVADVLISG
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1100==GSV

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(SEQ ID NO: 9)

EF1092: Nucleotide Sequence

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(SEQ ID NO: 10)

- continued

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EF1092 amino acid residues 28-438

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(SEQ ID NO: 11)

EF1093 (V583) : Nucleotide Sequence

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(SEQ ID NO: 12)

EF1093 amino acid residues 33-592

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==50==LPDQLIQNSG=KEMSEFDKYQ=GLADVTFSIY=NVTNEFYQR=AAGASVDAAK
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=400==ENYQVTEQAN=GFTVAVNPAY=IPTLTPGGTL=KFVYFMHNL=KADPTKGFKN
=450==EANVONGHT=DQTPVTEVV=TCGKRFIVD=GDVTATQALA=GASFVVRDON
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=550==TVAPDDYVLL=TNRLEFVVNE=QSYTTEENLV=SPEKVPNKHK=GTLPSSTGGKG
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(SEQ ID NO: 13)

Efae2926: Nucleotide Sequence

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(SEQ ID NO: 14)

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```

Efae2926: amino acid residues 53-734

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(SEQ ID NO: 15)

- continued

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1100==GRLGIYLVM=IGCAFSIWL=FLKKERGGS
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Efae2925: Nucleotide Sequence

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=150==CCAATGACG=GAACAGAAA=AGCTTATT=CAAAACGTATC=GAGGATTAAA
=200==TGGTGTACA=TTCCAAAGTT=ATGATGTCAC=AGATTCTTT=TACCATCTAC
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(SEQ ID NO: 16)

Efae 2925: amino acid residues 30-429

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(SEQ ID NO: 17)

Efae 2924: Nucleotide sequence

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(SEQ ID NO: 18)

-continued

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1750==CAATAAACAA=CAAAGGTACA=CTTCCTTCAA=CAGGCGGTAA=GGGAATCTAT
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Efae 2924: amino acid residues 55-588

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(SEQ ID NO: 19)

Protein Expression and Purification

Using PCR (the oligonucleotides used in the PCR reaction are shown in Table 3), the A domains from EF0089, EF1091, EF1092, EF1093, EF1099, EF1269, EF1824, EF2224, and EF3023 were amplified from *E. faecalis* V583 or *E. faecalis* EF1 (EF1099) genomic DNA and subcloned into the *E. coli* expression vector pQE-30 (Qiagen). One liter culture of *E. coli* M15(pREP4) cultures harboring appropriate pQE-30 based constructs were grown to OD₆₀₀=0.6 with an initial 2% inoculation from overnight cultures. After 2-3 h induction with 0.4 mM isopropyl-beta-d-thiogalactoside (IPTG), cells were collected with centrifugation, resuspended in 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 and stored at -80°C.

To lyse the cells and release the expressed protein, cells were passed twice through French Press with a gauge pressure setting at 1200 PSI to give an estimated internal cell pressure of 20,000 PSI. The lysate was centrifuged at RCF_{max} of 165,000×g and the supernatant was filtered through a 0.45 µm filter. The volume was adjusted to 15 ml with 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 and 0.2 M imidazole in the same buffer was added to increase the imidazole concentration to 6.5 mM in order to minimize non-specific binding. The sample was loaded to a nickel affinity chromatography column (HiTrap chelating, Pharmacia) connected to an FPLC system (Pharmacia) and previously equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9. Bound protein was eluted with a linear gradient of 0-100 mM imidazole in 10 mM Tris-Cl, 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.9 over 100-200 ml. Protein-containing fractions were analyzed in SDS-PAGE (FIG. 2) and dialyzed against 25 mM Tris-Cl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 6.5-9 (depending on pI of protein purified) before applying the samples to an ion-exchange column (HiTrap Q, Pharmacia) for further purification. Bound protein was eluted with a linear gradient of 0-0.5 M NaCl in 25 mM Tris-Cl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 6.5-9 over 100 ml. Finally, protein samples were dialyzed extensively against PBS and stored at +4°C.

Alternatively EF1091, EF1092, and EF1093 were expressed in shake flasks or in bioreactors, the cells were harvested by centrifugation and the cell paste frozen at -80°C. Cells were lysed in 1×PBS (10 mL of buffer/1 g of cell paste) using 2 passes through a microfluidizer at 10,000 psi. Lysed cells were spun down at 17,000 rpm for 30 minutes to remove cell debris. Supernatant was passed over a 5-mL HiTrap Chelating (Pharmacia) column charged with 0.1M NiCl₂. After loading, the column was washed with 5 column

volumes of 10 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl (Buffer A). Protein was eluted using a 0-100% gradient of 10 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl, 500 mM imidazole (Buffer B). Protein containing fractions were dialyzed in 1×PBS.

Example 3

MSCRAMM® Genes Common to *E. faecalis* and *E. faecium* PCR Analysis

Primers for flanking regions of sequences above were used to amplify 1µg genomic DNA from each *E. faecalis* strain. PCR products from 5 *E. faecalis* strains in Table 1 were sequenced and compared to the TIGR database sequence. Primers used to amplify the enterococcal MSCRAMM® A-domain gene products are shown below.

40	Protein	5'=Primer	3'=Primer
	ACE40	GAATTGAGCAAAGTTCAATC G (SEQ ID NO: 44)	GTCTGTCTTTCACTGTTTC TGTG (SEQ ID NO: 51)
45	EF1091	CAAGTAAAAAGCCGGTACAG C (SEQ ID NO: 45)	AAAGGAACCTTGCCTGGTTC (SEQ ID NO: 52)
	EF1092	TCGCAAGCAAGCGTCAAG (SEQ ID NO: 46)	AAGCCTGACTCTTTACTTTT TTATTG (SEQ ID NO: 53)
50	EF1093	GAGAGCGCACAGCTCGTG (SEQ ID NO: 47)	GGTACCTTGTGTTGTTGG TAC (SEQ ID NO: 54)
	Efae2924	CGGGATCCAAAACAGCGGGA AAGAAATGAGCGA (SEQ ID NO: 48)	CCCAAGCTTCATGTACCTT GTGTTTATTG (SEQ ID NO: 55)
55	Efae2925	CGGGATCCGAAATGGTCAGA TTACTTTACAC (SEQ ID NO: 49)	TCTGCAGTTCATTGACTACT TTCAATATACTGTC (SEQ ID NO: 56)
60	Efae2926	CGGGATCCAAGCACTGAACA TCAAGCTAAATGCG (SEQ ID NO: 50)	CCCAAGCTTCAGAATGCTTG ACCTTGATTATGTA (SEQ ID NO: 57)

Homology Among Enterococcal MSCRAMM® Proteins

A blastp search was performed using the AA sequence listed above with the NCBI search engine. The accession number is given for each putative homologue found. Both percent identity and similarity refer to the percentage of AA

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that match the query sequence exactly while similarity includes conservative AA changes in the matching calculation.

TABLE 4

Comparison of <i>E. faecium</i> homologues of <i>E. faecalis</i> MSCRAMM® protein				
<i>E. faecalis</i> Protein Similarity	<i>E. faecium</i> Protein Homologue Name	Accession Number	% Identity	%
EF1091	Efae2926	00038011	60	75
EF1092	Efae2925	00038010	48	63
EF1093	Efae2924	00038009	74	83

The "A" domain amino acid sequence from each *E. faecalis* MSCRAMM® protein was used as a query in a blastp search. Results shown were scored by NCBI computers. Identity is calculated as exact matches between the subject and query sequences while similarity also includes conservative changes in sequence at the same position.

Example 4

Additional Gram Positive Amino Acid Sequences Predicted to Be MSCRAMM® Proteins

List of LPXTG-motif containing cell wall anchored proteins that contain predicted immunoglobulin-like fold. The sequencing center for each genome is indicated in the parenthesis. All the sequence except for those of CNA from *S. aureus* and *Staphylococcus epidermidis* can be obtained from TIGR website (www.tigr.org), comprehensive microbial resource section. The *S. epidermidis* RP64A genome is not annotated. However, the nucleotide coordinates of the genes encoding the listed *S. epidermidis* proteins can be obtained through TIGR website.

5	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> TIGR4 (TIGR) SP0368 SP0462 SP0463 SP0464
10	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> V583 (TIGR) EF2224 EF1099 EF1092 EF3023 EF1269 EF0089 EF1824 EF1091 EF1093 EF1075 EF1074 EF1651
15	<i>Streptococcus mutans</i> UA159 (University of Oklahoma) SMU.610 SMU.987 SMU.63c
20	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> N315 (Juntendo University, Japan) SA2447 SA2290 SA2291 SA2423 30 SA0742 SA0519 SA0520 SA0521
25	<i>Bacillus anthracis</i> Ames (TIGR) BA0871 BA5258
35	<i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> strain RP62A (TIGR)

(SEQ ID NO: 20)

```
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>SERP_GSE_2_50.AA 892 residues

(SEQ ID NO: 21)

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>SERP_GSE_9_28.AA 1973 residues

(SEQ ID NO: 22)

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(SEQ ID NO: 23)

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 RDANTTIDGLTYLNEAQRNKAKENVGK
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 VKQSSNYVNEDQPEQHNYDNNAVNEAQATINNNAQPVLDFKLAIERLTQTVNTTK
 DALHGAQKLTQDQQAAETGIRGLTSLN
 EPQKNAEVAKVTAAATTRDEVNRNIRQEATTLDTAMLGLRKSIKDKNDTKNSSKYI
 NEDHDQQQAYDNNAVNNAAQQVIDETQA
 TLSSDTINQLANAVTQAKSNLHGDTKLQHDKDSAKQTIAQLQNLNSAQKHMED
 SLIDNESTRTQVQHDLTEAQALDGLMG
 ALKESIKDYTNIVSNGNYINAEPSSKKQAYDAAVQNAQNIINGTNQPTINKGNVTT
 ATQTVKNTKDALDGDRLEEAKNNA
 NQTIERNLSNLNNAQKDAEKNLVNSASTLEQVQONLQTAQQLDNAMGELRQSIA
 KKDQVKADSKYLNEDPQIKQMYDDAVQ
 RVETIINETQNPELLKANIDQATQSVQNAEQALHGAEKLNQDKQTSSTELDGLT
 DLTDAQREKLREQINTSNSRDDIKQK
 IBEQAKALNDAMKKLKBQVAQKDGHVHANSYTNEDSAQKDAYNNALKQAEIDIIN
 NSSNPNLNAQDI TNALNNIKQAQDNLH
 GAQKLQDKNNTNQAIgnLNHLNQPOQDALIQAINGATSRDQVAEKLKEAEALD
 EAMKQLEDQVNQDDQISNSSPFINED
 SDKQKTYNDKIQAACEI INQTSNPTLDKQKIADTLQNI KDAVNNLHGDKLAQSK
 QDANNQLNHLDLTEEQKNHFKPLI
 NNADTRDEVNQKOLEIAKQLNGDMSTLHKVINDKDQIQHLSNYINADNDKKQNYD
 NAIKEADELIHNHPDTLDHKALQDLL
 NKIDQAHNELNGESRFKQALDNALIDSLNSLNVPQRQTVKDNINHVTTLES
 AQELQKAKELNDAMKAMRDSTMNQE
 IRKNSNYTNEDLAQQNAYNHADKINNIIGEDNATMDPQI IKQATQDINTAINGLN
 GDQKLQDAKTDQQUITNFTGLTE
 PQKQALENIINQOTSRAVAKQLSHAKFLNGKMEELKVAVAKASLVRQNSNYIN
 EDVSEKEAYEQIAKGQEIIINSENNP
 TISSTDINRTIQEINDAEQNLHGDNKLRQAQEIAKNEIQNLQDGLNSAQITKLIQDIG
 RTTTKPAVTQKLEEAKAINQAMQ
 QLKQSIADKDATLNSSNYLNEDSEKKLAYDNAVSQAEQLINOLNDPTMDISNIQA
 ITQKVIQAKDSLHGANKLAQNQADS
 NLIINQSTNLNDKQKQALNDLINHAQTKQQVAETIAQANKLNEMGTLKTLVEEQ
 SNVHQSKYINEDPQVQNIYNDSIQ
 KGREILNGTTDDVLNNNKIADAIQNIHLTKNLHGDQKLQKAQDQATNELNYLTN
 LNNSQRQSEHDEINSAPSRTEVSN
 LNHAKALNEAMRQLENEVALENSVKLSDFINEDEAAQNEYSNALQKAKDIING
 VPSSTLDKATIEDALLELQNARESLH
 GEQKLQEAQNQAVAEIDNLQALNPGQVLAEKTLVNQASTKPEVQEALQKAKEL

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NEAMKALKTEINKKEQIKADSRVYNAD
 SGLQANYNSALNYGSQIIATTQPELNKDVINRATQTICKTAENNLngQSKLAEAK
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 YNHAIQAQAKDLITAHPТИMDKNQIDQAI
 ENIKQALNDLHGSNKLSEDKKEASEQQLQNLNSLTNGQKDTILNHFSAPTRSQV
 GEKIASAKQLNNTMKALRDSIADNNE
 ILQSSKYFNEDSEQQNAYNQAVNKAKNIINDQPTVMANDEIQSVLNEVKQTKD
 NLHGDQKLANDKTDAQATLNALNYLN
 QAQRGNLETKVQNSNSRPEVQWQOLANQLNDAMKKLDDALTGNDAIKQTSN
 YINEDTSQQVNFDETYDRGKNIVAEQTN
 PNMSPTNINTIAKDITEAKNDLHGKVQKLKQAAQOQSINTINQMTGLNQAQKEQLN
 QEIQQTQTRSDEVHQVINKAQLNDSM
 NTLRQSITDEHEVKQTSNYINETVGNQTAYNNAVDRVVKQIINQTSNPTMNPLEV
 ERATSNVKISKDALHGERELNDNKN
 KTFAVNHLDNLNQAAQKEALTHEIEQATIVSQVNNIYNKAKALNNMDKLLDIVAQ
 QDNVRQSNNYINEDSTPQNMYNTI
 NHAQSIIDQVANPTMSHDEIENAINNIKHAINALDGEHKLQOAKENANLLINSND
 LNAPQRDAINRLVNEAQTRKVAE
 QLQSAQALNDAMKHLRNSIQNQSSVRQESKYINASDAKKEQYNHARVEVENIIN
 EQHPTLDKEIIKQLTDGVNQANNDLN
 GVELLDADKQNAHQSIPTLMHQLQOQNALNEKINNAVTRTEVAIIIGQAKLLDH
 AMENLEESIKDKEQVKQSSNYINED
 SDVQETYDNAVDHVTEILNQTVNPTLSIEDIEHAINEVNQAKKQLRGKQKLYQTI
 DLADKELSKLDDLTSQQSSSISNQI
 YTAKTRTEVAQAIIEKAKSLNHAMKALNKVYKNADKVLDSRFINEDQPEKKAYQ
 QAINHVDSIIHRQTNPEMDPTVINSI
 THELETAQNNLHGDKLAHAQQDAANVINGLIHLNVAQREVMINTNTNATTREK
 VAKNLDNAQALDKAMETLQQWAHKN
 NILNDSKYLNEQSKYQQQYDRVIADAEOQLNQTTNPTLEPYKVDIVKDNVLANEK
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 EASEDKKEKVQDTVSHAQAIIDKIN
 GSJVSLDQVRQALEQLTQASENLQGDQRVEAKVHANQTIDQLTHLNSLQQQT
 AKESVKNATKLEEIAVSNNNAQALNKV
 MGKLEQFINHADSVENSNDYRQADDDKIIAYDEALEHGQDIQKTNATQNETKQA
 LQQLIYAETSLngFERLNHARPRALE
 YIKSLEKINNAQKALEDKVTQSHDLLELEHIVNEGTLNDIMGELANAIVNNYAP
 TKASINYINADNLRKDNTQAINN
 ARDALNKTQGQNLDFNAIDTPFKDDIFPKTDALNGIERLTAKSKAELKIDSLSKFIN

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KAQFTHANDEIINTNSIAQLSRIV
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KENGKNLDEKQIQGLKQVIEDTKDALN
GIQRSLSKAKAKAIQYVQSLSYINDAQRHIAENNINHSDDLSSLANTLSKASLDN
AMKDLRDTIESNSTSVPNSVNINA
DKNLQIEFDEALQQASATSSKTSENPATIEEVGLSQAIYDTKNALNGEQRlate
KSKDLKLICKGLKDLNKAQLEDVTNK
VNSANTLTESQLTQSTLENDKMKLLRDKLKTLVNPVKASLNRYRNADYNLKRO
FNKALKEAKGVLNKNSGTNVNINDIQ
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NQIVDNAIELNDAMQGLKEHVA
QLTATTKDNEYELNADEDHKLQYDYAINLANNVLDKENGTNKDANIIIGMIQMD
DARALLNGIERLKDAQTKAHNDIKD
TLKRQLDEIEHANATSNSKAQAKQMVEEARKALSNINDATSNDLVNQAKDEG
QSAIEHIHADELPKAQLDANQMDQKV
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TKKLIIAKAEAKQMIKELSQKK
ROAINNNTDLTPSQKAHALADIDKTEKDALQHIENSNSIDDINNNKEHAFNTLAHI
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TSEVVVHRDETISLESIIGAMTLTDELKVNIVSLPNTDKVADHTAKVKVILADGS
YVTVNVPVKWEKELQIAKKDAIK
TIDVLVKQKIKDIDSNNELTSTQREDAKAEIERLKKQAIKVNHSKSIKDIEVKRT
DPEEIDQFDPKRFTLNKAKKDII
TDVNTQIQNGFKEIETIKGLTSNEKTQFDKQLTALQEFLEKVEAHNLVELNQL
QQEFNNRYKHILNQAHLLGEKHIAE
HKLGYVVVNKTQQILNNQSASYFIKQWALDRIKQIQLETMNSIRGAHTVQDVHK
ALLQGIEQILKVNVSIIINQSPNDSLH
NFNYLHSKF达尔REKD VANHIVQTETFKEVLKGTGVEPGKINKETQQPKLHKN
DNDSLFBKLVDFNGKTVGVITLTGLL
SSFWLVLAKRRKKEEEEKQSIKNHHDIRLSDTDKIDPIVITKRKIDKEEQIQNDD
KHSIPVAKHKKSEKQLSEEDIHS
IPWKRKQNSDNKDTKQKKVTSKKKTPQSTKKWTKKRSKK
>|c1|SEPN_8_63.AA 1973 residues
MKENKRKNNLDKNNTRFSIRKYQGYGATSVAIIGFIIISCPSEAKADSDKHEIKSH
QQSMTNHLTTLPSDNQENTSNNEF
NNRNHDISHLSLNKSIQMDELKKLIKQYKAINLNDKTEESIKLFQSDLVQAESLIN
NPQSQQHVDAFYHKFLNSAGKLK
KETVSIKHERSESNTYRLGDEVRSQTFSHIRHKRNAVSFRNADQSNLSTDPLKA
NEINPEIQNGNFSQVSGGPLPTSSKR
LTVVTNVDNWHSYSTDPNPEYPMFYTTAVNYPNFMMSNGNAPYGVILGRTTDG

(SEQ ID NO: 24)

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WNRNVIDSKVAGIYQDIDWPGSELDNV
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 NRVRIISFLPVSSGRVSQRSSREH
 GFGDNSSYYHGGSVSDVRINSGSYWSKVTQREYTRPNSSNDTFARATINLS
 VENKGHNQSKDYYEVILPQNSRLIST
 RGGSGNYNNATNKLSIRLDNLNPGRDRDISYTVDFESSSPKLINLNA
 HLLYKTNATFRGNDGQRTGDNIVDLQSIALMN
 KDVLETELNEIDKFIRDLNEADFTIDSWSALQEKMTTEGGNILNEQ
 QNQVALENQASQETINNVNTQSLEILKNNLKYKTPS
 QPIIKSNQIPNITISPADKADKLTITYQNTDNEIASIGNKLNNQSLNNNIPGIEI
 DMQTGLVTIDYKAVYPESWGA
 NDKTGNSDASAESRITMPRKEATPLSPIVEANEERVNWIAPNGEATQIAIKYRT
 PDGQEATLVASKNGSSWTLNKQIDY
 VNIEENSGKVTIGYQAVQPESEVIATEKGNSDEAESRVTMPRKEATPHSPIVE
 ANEEHVNVTIAPNGEATQIAIKYRT
 PDGQETTLIASKGNSWTLNKQIDYVNIEENSGKVTIGYQAVQLESEVIATEKG
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 ANEEHVNVTIAPNGEATQIAIKYRTPDGQEATLVASKNESSWTLNKQIDHVNIDE
 NSKGKVTIGYQAVQPESEIIATEKG
 NSDASAESRITMPRKEATPIPITLEASVQEASVTVPNENATKVFIFYLDINDEIS
 TIAASKINQQWTLNKDNFGIKINP
 LTGKVIISYVAVQPESDVIAIESQGNSDLSSESRIIMPTKEEPPEPPILESDSIEAK
 VNIFPNDEATRIVIMYTSLEGQE
 ATLVASKNESSWTLNKQIDHVNIDENSGKVTIGYQAVQPESEVIATEKGNSDA
 SAESRVTMPRKEATPHSPIVETNEER
 VNWIAPNGEATQIAIKYRTPDGQETTLIASKGNSWTLNKQIDHVNIDENSGKV
 TIGYQAVQPESEIIATEKGNSDAS
 AESRITMPRKEAIPHSPIVEANEHHNVTIAPNGETTQIAVKYRTPDGQEATLIA
 KNESSWTLNKQIDHVNIDENSGKV
 TIGYQAVQPESEVIATEKGNSDASAESRITMPVKEKTPAPPISIINESNASVEIIP
 QVNVTQLSLQYIDAKGQQQNLIA
 TLNQNQWTLKNVSHITVDKNTGKVLINYQAVYPESEVIARESKGNSDSSNVSM
 VIMPRKTATPKPIIKVDEMNALAI
 IPYKNNTAINIHYIDKKGIKSMVTAIKNNNDQWQLDEKIKYVKIDAKTGTVIINYQIVQ
 ENSEIIATAINGNSDKSEEVKV
 LMPIKEFTPLAPLLETNYKKATVSILPQSNATKLDKYRDKGDSKIIIVKRFKNIW
 KANEQISGVTTINPEFGQWINYQ
 AVYPESDILAAQYVGNSDASEWAKVKMPKKELAPHSPSLIYDNRNNKILIAPNSN
 ATEMELSYVDKNNQSLKVKALKINN
 RWKFDSSVSNISINPNTGKIVLQPQFLLNSKIIIVFAKKGNSDASISVSLRPAVK

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KIELEPMFNVPVLVSLNKKRIQFD

DCSGVKNCLNKQISKTKLPDTGYSQSKASKSNILSVLLLGFGLSYSRKRKKEKQ

Example 5

Immunization Strategies for Antibody Production Using Three Representative Enterococcal MSCRAMM® Proteins

Purified EF1091, EF1092, and EF1093 proteins were used to generate a panel of murine antibodies. Briefly, a group of Balb/C mice received a series of subcutaneous immunizations of 1-10 mg of protein in solution or mixed with adjuvant as described below in Table 5:

TABLE 5

Conventional Injection	Day	Amount (µg)	Route	Adjuvant
Primary	0	5	Subcutaneous	FCA
Boost #1	14	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI
Boost #2	28	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI
Boost #3	42	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI

At the time of sacrifice serum was collected and titered in ELISA assays against MSCRAMM® proteins ACE, EF1091, EF1092 and EF1093 (Table 6).

Serum ELISA

Immilon 2-HB high protein binding 96 well plates were coated with 100 ng/well of the purified A-domains of EF1091, EF1092 or EF1093 and incubated overnight at 2-8° C. Plates were washed four times (350 µl/well) with PBS/0.5% Tween 20 using the Skatron Skanwasher plate washer and then blocked with 1% bovine serum albumin (BSA) solution, 200 µl/well for 1-2 hour at room temperature. Following incubation, the plates were washed as before and 100 µl of 1xPBS, 0.05% Tween 20, 0.1% BSA buffer was added to each well of rows B-H of the 96-well plate. The negative control serum (preimmune Balb/C serum) and hyperimmune samples were then diluted 1:100 in 1xPBS, 0.05% Tween 20, 0.1% BSA buffer. 200 µl of negative control serum was added in duplicate to wells A1 and A2 of the 96-well plate and 200 µl of each diluted hyperimmune test serum were added in duplicate to wells A3 to A12. Two-fold serial dilutions were performed down the plate ending with Row H with the remaining 100 µl being discarded. The plates were incubated for 1 hour at room temperature. The plates were again washed as before followed by the addition of 1:5000 dilution of a secondary antibody solution, Goat anti-mouse IgG (whole molecule)-AP conjugate (Sigma Cat. A-5153), to each well (100 µl/well) and incubated for 1 hour at room temperature. Following incubation, the plates were washed 4 times (350 µl/well) with PBS/0.5% Tween 20. The developing solution, 1 mg/ml 4-nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP) in 1M Diethanolamine, pH9.8, 0.5mM MgCl₂, was added to each well (100 µl/well) and the plates incubated at 37° C. for 30 minutes. After incubation, the absorbance (A405_{nm}) of each well was measured using the Spectra MAX 190 plate reader (Molecular Devices Corp., Sunnyvale, Calif.). The data was analyzed using SOFTmax Pro v.3.1.2. software (Molecular Devices Corp.) The dilution of the hyperimmune sera where the absor-

bance was 2-fold above the negative control serum absorbance was used as the titre for that hyperimmune serum sample.

TABLE 6

Antigen	Antibody Titer at Sacrifice	
	Antigen	Polyclonal Antibody Titre
EF1091		>12,800
EF1092		>12,800
EF1093		>12,800

Example 6

Antibody Reactivity Against *E. faecalis* MSCRAMM® Proteins

Antisera derived from Balb/c mice (as described in Example 3) was used to identify EF1091, EF1092 or EF1093 natively expressed on the surface of *E. faecalis* strains.

Flow Cytometry Analysis—Whole Cell Staining

Bacterial samples (Table 7) were collected, washed and incubated with polyclonal antisera or pre-immune sera (control) at a dilution of 1:2000 after blocking with rabbit IgG (50 mg/ml). Following incubation with sera, bacterial cells were incubated with Goat-F_{(ab')2}-Anti-Mouse-F_{(ab')2}-FITC which served as the detection antibody. After antibody labeling, bacterial cells were aspirated through the FACScaliber flow cytometer to analyze fluorescence emission (excitation: 488, emission: 570). For each bacterial strain, 10,000 events were collected and measured.

TABLE 7

Whole Cell Staining of <i>E. faecalis</i> and <i>E. faecium</i>			
	EF1091	EF1092	EF1093
<i>E. faecalis</i>			
ATCC700802	—	—	Not done (NA)
687097	—	—	ND
V583	—	—	ND
OG110	—	—	ND
OG11RF	+	+	+
TX2708	—	—	ND
TX0020	ND	ND	ND
TX0045	—	—	ND
TX0002	—	—	ND
TX0039	—	—	ND
TX0052	ND	ND	ND
TX0012	—	—	ND
TX0017	ND	ND	ND
TX0008	ND	ND	ND
TX0024	ND	ND	ND
<i>E. faecium</i>			
935/01	—	—	ND
TX0016	ND	ND	ND
TX0054	+/-	+/-	ND
TX0074	+	+	ND
TX0078	—	—	ND

TABLE 7-continued

Whole Cell Staining of <i>E. faecalis</i> and <i>E. faecium</i>			
	EF1091	EF1092	EF1093
TX0080	+/-	+/-	ND
TX0081	+/-	+/-	ND
TX2535	ND	ND	ND
TX2555	+/-	+	+
TX0110	—	—	—
TX0111	ND	ND	ND

Polyclonal antisera raised in mice against EF1091, EF1092 and EF1093 were shown to recognize the native protein expressed on the surface of *E. faecalis* strains as well as *E. faecium* strains in flow cytometry studies (Table 7).

Example 7

Immunization Strategies for Monoclonal Antibody Production

With the goal of generating and characterizing monoclonal antibodies (mAbs), strategies were formulated to generate mAbs against EF1091, EF 1092 and EF 1093 that were of high affinity, able to interrupt or restrict the binding of extracellular matrix proteins (ECM) and demonstrate therapeutic efficacy *in vivo*. *E. coli* expressed and purified EF1091, EF1092, and EF1093 proteins were used to generate a panel of murine monoclonal antibodies. Briefly, a group of Balb/C or SJL mice received a series of subcutaneous immunizations of 1-10 µg of protein in solution or mixed with adjuvant as described below in Table 8:

TABLE 8

Immunization Schemes				
	Day	Amount (µg)	Route	Adjuvant
<u>RIMMS Injection</u>				
#1	0	5	Subcutaneous	FCA/RIBI
#2	2	1	Subcutaneous	FCA/RIBI
#3	4	1	Subcutaneous	FCA/RIBI
#4	7	1	Subcutaneous	FCA/RIBI
#5	9	1	Subcutaneous	FCA/RIBI
<u>Conventional Injection</u>				
Primary	0	5	Subcutaneous	FCA
Boost #1	14	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI
Boost #2	28	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI
Boost #3	42	1	Intraperitoneal	RIBI

At the time of sacrifice (RIMMS) or seven days after a boost (conventional) serum was collected and titered in ELISA assays against in immunizing MSCRAMM or on whole cells (*E. faecalis* and/or *E. faecium*). Three days after the final boost, the spleens or lymph nodes were removed, teased into a single cell suspension and the lymphocytes harvested. The lymphocytes were then fused to a P3X63Ag8.653 myeloma cell line (ATCC #CRL-1580). Cell fusion, subsequent plating and feeding were performed according to the Production of

Monoclonal Antibodies protocol from *Current Protocols in Immunology* (Chapter 2, Unit 2.).

Example 8

Screening and Selection of Anti-EF1091 Monoclonal Antibodies

Any clones that were generated from the EF1091 fusion were then screened for specific anti-EF1091 antibody production using a standard ELISA assay. Positive clones were expanded and tested further for activity in a whole bacterial cell binding assay by flow cytometry and EF1091 binding by Biacore analysis (Table 9).

ELISA Analysis

Immulon 2-HB high-binding 96-well microtiter plates (Dynex) were coated with 1 pg/well of rEF1091 in 1×PBS, pH 7.4 and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. All washing steps in ELISAs were performed three times with 1×PBS, 0.05% Tween-20 wash buffer. Plates were washed and blocked with a 1% BSA solution at room temperature for 1 hour before hybridoma supernatant samples were added to wells. Plates were incubated with samples and relevant controls such as media alone for one hour at room temperature, washed, and goat anti-mouse IgG-AP (Sigma) diluted 1:5000 in 1×PBS, 0.05% Tween-20, 0.1% BSA was used as a secondary reagent. Plates were developed by addition of 1 mg/ml solution of 4-nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP) (Sigma), followed by incubation at 37° C. for 30 minutes. Absorbance was read at 405 nm using a SpectraMax 190 Plate Reader (Molecular Devices Corp.). Antibody supernatants that had an OD₄₀₅ ≥ 3 times above background (media alone, ~0.1 OD) were considered positive.

Biacore Analysis

Throughout the analysis, the flow rate remained constant at 10 ml/min. Prior to the EF1091 injection, test antibody was adsorbed to the chip via RAM-Fc binding. At time 0, EF1091 at a concentration of 30 mg/ml was injected over the chip for 3 min followed by 2 minutes of dissociation. This phase of the analysis measured the relative association and disassociation kinetics of the mAb/EF1091 interaction.

Flow Cytometric Analysis

Bacterial samples were collected, washed and incubated with mAb or PBS alone (control) at a concentration of 2 mg/ml after blocking with rabbit IgG (50 mg/ml). Following incubation with antibody, bacterial cells were incubated with Goat-F_{(ab')2}-Anti-Mouse-F_{(ab')2}-FITC which served as the detection antibody. After antibody labeling, bacterial cells were aspirated through the FACScaliber flow 10 cytometer to analyze fluorescence emission (excitation: 488, emission: 570). For each bacterial strain, 10,000 events were collected and measured.

TABLE 9

Representative Examples of Hybridoma Supernatants				
Fusion-Clone	Immunization Antigen	ELISA Data (EF1091)	Biacore Analysis	Flow Cytometric <i>E. faecalis</i> Staining
85-8	EF 1091	0.70	+	+
85-25	EF 1091	0.75	+	+
85-58	EF 1091	0.76	+	—

TABLE 9-continued

Fusion-Clone	Immunization Antigen	ELISA Data (EF1091)	Flow Cytometric <i>E. faecalis</i> Staining	
			Biacore Analysis	
85-78	EF 1091	0.83	+	+
85-81	EF 1091	0.84	+	+
85-162	EF 1091	0.78	+	+
85-310	EF 1091	0.30	—	—
85-341	EF 1091	0.31	—	—
85-359	EF 1091	0.48	—	—
85-374	EF 1091	0.39	—	—
85-380	EF 1091	0.32	—	—
85-399	EF 1091	0.98	+	—
85-473	EF 1091	0.55	+	—
85-511	EF 1091	0.85	+	—
85-581	EF 1091	0.88	+	+
85-586	EF 1091	0.88	+	+
85-641	EF 1091	0.45	+	+
85-661	EF 1091	0.32	—	—
85-712	EF 1091	0.30	—	—

Example 9

Binding of Enterococcal MSCRAMM Proteins to Extracellular Matrix (ECM) Proteins

Understanding the potential extracellular matrix proteins that these MSCRAMMs expressed from *Enterococcus* bind to is of great biological importance with therapeutic implications.

ELISA Based Extracellular Matrix Ligand Screening

To determine the binding activity of the recombinant proteins EF1091, EF1092 and EF1093 (Table 10) with extracellular matrix molecules, duplicate wells of a 96-well Costar micro-titer plate (Corning) were coated overnight at 4°C. with 2 µg of either human collagen type I, III, IV, V or VI (Rockland Immunochemicals), fibrinogen, fibronectin, plasminogen, vitronectin (Sigma) or elastin (CalBiochem) in 100 µL of 1×PBS, pH 7.4 (Gibco). Wells were washed 4 times with 1×PBS, pH 7.4 containing 0.05% Tween 20 (1×PBST). Wells were then blocked with a 1% (w/v) solution of BSA in 1×PBS, pH 7.4 for 1 hour followed by 4 washes with 1×PBST. Next, 5 µg of recombinant protein in 100 µL of 1×PBST containing 0.1% BSA (1×PBST-BSA) was added to each well. After incubation with the protein for 1 hour at room temperature, wells were washed 4 times with 1×PBST and 100 µL of mouse polyclonal antisera raised against the respective recombinant protein was added to each well at a dilution of 1:2000 in 1×PBST-BSA. Following the 1 hour incubation at room temperature with antisera, the wells were washed 4 times with 1×PBST. Finally, goat anti-mouse IgG-alkaline phosphatase conjugate (Sigma) was diluted 1:2000 with 1×PBST-BSA and 100 µL was added to each well. This incubation proceeded for 1 hour at room temperature and the wells were then washed 4 times with 1×PBST. The alkaline phosphatase was developed by adding 100 µL of a 1 mg/mL pNP solution (Sigma 104 tablets) to each well and incubating for 30 minutes at room temperature. Development was stopped by addition of 50 µL of 2M NaOH to each well. The absorbance at 405 nm (A_{405}) was measured using a Spectra-Max 190 (Molecular Devices). Reactivity was noted as positive if the signal was 2.5× greater than background.

Alternatively, EF0089 and EF2224 binding to components of the ECM (Table 10) was tested by immobilizing 1 µg of each ECM protein (human laminin, fibronectin, fibrinogen, type I, III and IV collagens) in 100 µL PBS, or 3% acetic acid in the

case of collagens, on microplate wells (96-well, 4HBX, Thermo Labsystems, Franklin, Mass.) overnight at 4°C. Plates were washed once with PBS and blocked with 1% BSA in PBS for 1 h. Fifty µL of 5 and 10 µM concentrations of purified His-tag proteins in the blocking buffer were added and incubated at ambient temperature for 2 h. Plates were washed three times with 0.05% Tween20 in PBS and incubated 2 h with 1:3000 dilution of His₆-tag monoclonal antibody (Amersham Biosciences Corp., Piscataway, N.J.) in blocking buffer. After three washes, 1:3000 dilution of alkaline phosphatase-conjugated anti-mouse antibody in blocking buffer was added to the wells and incubated 2 h. Finally, signal was detected with nitrobluetetrazolium (NBT) and 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate (BCIP) in 0.1 M NaHCO₃, 1 mM MgCl₂, pH 9.8. Absorbance at 405 nm was measured with an ELISA reader

TABLE 10

ECM Proteins	MSCRAMM® Protein Recognition of ECM Proteins				
	EF0089	EF2224	EF 1091	EF 1092	EF 1093
Fibrinogen	+	+	—	—	+
Fibronectin	—	—	—	—	—
Collagen I	—	—	—	—	—
Collagen III	—	—	—	—	—
Collagen IV	—	—	—	—	—
Collagen V	Not determined (ND)	ND	—	—	—
Collagen VI	—	—	—	+	—
Vitronectin	—	—	—	—	—
Elastin	ND	ND	—	—	—
Plasminogen	ND	ND	+	+	+

Example 10

Serum From Patients Infected With *E. faecalis* Contain Elevated Levels of Antibodies Against MSCRAMM® Proteins

The presence of antibodies against enterococcal proteins in human sera collected from hospitalized patients with and without a previous *E. faecalis* infection was tested by an ELISA assay described in (Arduino et al., 1994) (Nallapareddy et al., 2000b) with some modifications (Table 11). Briefly, 20 ng of each purified enterococcal protein in 100 µL PBS was coated on microplates (96 well, 4HBX, Thermo Labsystems, Franklin, Mass.) overnight at 4°C. The plates were blocked with 1% BSA, 0.01% Tween20 in PBS at ambient temperature for 1 h and 100 µL of the sera in blocking buffer were added. Each serum was tested in triplicate with serial dilutions from 1:100 to 1:6400. Plates were incubated for 2 h at ambient temperature and washed three times with 0.01% Tween20 in PBS. 100 µL of 1:3000 dilution of horse-radish peroxidase-conjugated anti human IgG was added and incubated 2 h. After three washes, signal was detected with 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in the presence of H₂O₂ in 0.1 M citrate-acetate buffer, pH 6.0 at ambient temperature for 15 min. The reaction was stopped with 2 M H₂SO₄ and absorbance at 450 nm was recorded. Titers were determined after subtracting A_{450nm} values from appropriate controls. To determine a cut-off level for serum titers, four additional control sera from healthy individuals without a prior *E. faecalis* infection were assayed. The sum of average A_{450nm} values and two times the standard deviations for each dilution of the control sera were set as cut-off levels for positive titers.

TABLE 11

The following references referred to in the above description are incorporated as is set forth in their entirety herein:

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SEQUENCE LISTING

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Ser Leu Asp Gly Asp Val Gln Asn Leu Lys Glu Phe Thr Glu Tyr Ala		
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Gln Ala Asn Gly Val Glu Val Gly Leu Trp Thr Gln Ser Asn Leu His		
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Pro Ala Asp Pro Lys Asn Pro Lys Gly Glu Arg Asp Ile Ala Lys		
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Pro Val Val Ile Pro Ile Val Pro Asp Thr Glu Gln Gln Ile Asp Lys			
325	330	335	
Gln Gly His Phe Asp Arg Thr Pro Asn Pro Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Thr			
340	345	350	
Val Asp Ile Asn Gln Ala Met Lys Asp Gln Thr Asn Pro Thr Val Thr			
355	360	365	
Glu Thr Trp Pro Thr Gly Asn Thr Phe Lys Ser Val Lys Val Tyr Glu			
370	375	380	
Leu Val Met Asn Leu Asp Gly Thr Ile Lys Glu Val Gly Arg Glu Leu			
385	390	395	400
Ser Pro Asp Glu Tyr Thr Val Asp Lys Asn Gly Asn Val Thr Ile Lys			
405	410	415	
Gly Asp Thr Asn Lys Ala Tyr Arg Leu Glu Tyr Gln Thr Thr Ile Asp			
420	425	430	
Glu Ala Val Ile Pro Asp Gly Gly Asp Val Pro Phe Lys Asn His			
435	440	445	
Ala Thr Leu Thr Ser Asp Asn Asn Pro Asn Gly Leu Asp Ala Glu Ala			
450	455	460	
Thr Val Thr Ala Thr Tyr Gly Lys Met Leu Asp Lys Arg Asn Ile Asp			
465	470	475	480
Tyr Asp Glu Ala Asn Gln Glu Phe Thr Trp Glu Ile Asn Tyr Asn Tyr			
485	490	495	

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Gly Glu Gln Thr Ile Pro Lys Asp Gln Ala Val Ile Thr Asp Thr Met
500 505 510

Gly Asp Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Pro Asp Ser Leu His Leu Tyr Ser Val
515 520 525

Thr Phe Asp Asp Lys Gly Asn Glu Val Val Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Glu
530 535 540

Gly Lys Asp Tyr Lys Val Val Ile Asn Gly Asp Gly Ser Phe Ala Ile
545 550 555 560

Asp Phe Leu His Asp Val Thr Gly Ala Val Lys Ile Asp Tyr Lys Thr
565 570 575

Lys Val Asp Gly Ile Val Glu Gly Asp Val Ala Val Asn Asn Arg Val
580 585 590

Asp Val Gly Thr Gly Gln His Ser Glu Asp Asp Gly Thr Ala Ser Gln
595 600 605

Gln Asn Ile Ile Lys Asn Thr Gly Ala Val Asp Tyr Gln Asn Ser Thr
610 615 620

Ile Gly Trp Thr Leu Ala Val Asn Gln Asn Asn Tyr Leu Met Glu Asn
625 630 635 640

Ala Val Ile Thr Asp Thr Tyr Glu Pro Val Pro Gly Leu Thr Met Val
645 650 655

Pro Asn Ser Leu Val Val Lys Asp Thr Thr Gly Ala Gln Leu Thr
660 665 670

Leu Gly Lys Asp Phe Met Val Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Ala Asp Gly Glu
675 680 685

Thr Gly Phe Lys Val Ser Phe Ile Gly Ala Tyr Ala Lys Thr Ser Asp
690 695 700

Ala Phe His Ile Thr Tyr Thr Phe Asp Val Thr Glu Leu Asp
705 710 715 720

Ala Asn Asn Pro Ala Leu Asp His Tyr Arg Asn Thr Ala Ala Ile Asp
725 730 735

Trp Thr Asp Glu Ala Gly Asn Asn His His Ser Glu Asp Ser Lys Pro
740 745 750

Phe Lys Pro Leu Pro Ala Phe Asp Leu Asn Ala Gln Lys Ser Gly Val
755 760 765

Tyr Asn Ala Val Thr Lys Glu Ile Thr Trp Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Leu
770 775 780

Ser Asn Asn Arg Leu Val Asp Ala Phe Leu Thr Asp Pro Ile Leu Thr
785 790 795 800

Asn Gln Thr Tyr Leu Ala Gly Ser Leu Lys Val Tyr Glu Gly Asn Thr
805 810 815

Lys Pro Asp Gly Ser Val Glu Lys Val Lys Pro Thr Gln Pro Leu Thr
820 825 830

Asp Ile Thr Met Glu Glu Pro Ser Glu Lys Asn Gln Asn Thr Trp Arg
835 840 845

Val Asp Phe Pro Asn Asp Ser Arg Thr Tyr Val Ile Glu Phe Lys Thr
850 855 860

Ser Val Asp Glu Lys Val Ile Glu Gly Ser Ala Ser Tyr Asp Asn Thr
865 870 875 880

Ala Ser Tyr Thr Asn Gln Gly Ser Ser Arg Asp Val Thr Gly Lys Val
885 890 895

Ser Ile Gln His Gly Glu Ser Val Lys Lys Gly Glu Tyr His
900 905 910

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Lys Asp Asp Pro Asp His Val Tyr Trp His Val Met Ile Asn Gly Ala
915 920 925

Gln Ser Val Leu Asp Asp Val Val Ile Thr Asp Thr Pro Ser Pro Asn
930 935 940

Gln Val Leu Asp Pro Glu Ser Leu Val Ile Tyr Gly Thr Asn Val Thr
945 950 955 960

Glu Asp Gly Thr Ile Thr Pro Asp Lys Ser Val Ile Leu Glu Glu Gly
965 970 975

Lys Asp Tyr Thr Leu Glu Val Thr Asp Asn Glu Thr Gly Gln Gln
980 985 990

Lys Ile Val Val Lys Met Ala His Ile Glu Ala Pro Tyr Tyr Met Glu
995 1000 1005

Tyr Arg Ser Leu Val Thr Ser Ser Ala Ala Gly Ser Thr Asp Thr
1010 1015 1020

Val Ser Asn Gln Val Ser Ile Thr Gly Asn Gly Ser Glu Val Val
1025 1030 1035

His Gly Asp Asp Asn Gly Asp Val Val Val Asp Ile Asp His Ser
1040 1045 1050

Gly Gly His Ala Thr Gly Thr Lys Gly Lys Ile Gln Leu Lys Lys
1055 1060 1065

Thr Ala Met Asp Glu Thr Thr Ile Leu Ala Gly Ala His Phe Gln
1070 1075 1080

Ile Trp Asp Gln Ala Lys Thr Gln Val Leu Arg Glu Gly Thr Val
1085 1090 1095

Asp Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Phe Gly Gly
1100 1105

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 999
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

Glu Glu Ile Thr Asp Leu Phe Leu Gln Lys Glu Val Thr Tyr Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

Val Glu Gly Lys Ile Gly Glu Asn Trp Lys Tyr Pro Gln Phe Val
20 25 30

Gly Glu Lys Ala Val Asp Gly Asp Glu Thr Thr Arg Trp Ser Ala Asp
35 40 45

Lys Gln Asp Glu Gln Trp Leu Ile Val Asp Leu Gly Glu Val Lys Asn
50 55 60

Ile Gly Glu Leu Val Leu Gln Leu His Ala Glu Ser Pro Val Tyr Glu
65 70 75 80

Ile Leu Val Ser Thr Asp Gly Glu Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ile Phe Lys Glu
85 90 95

Glu Asn Gly Lys Gly Gly Gln Pro Thr Lys Lys Tyr Ile Asp Gly Asn
100 105 110

Asn Val Gln Ala Arg Phe Val Lys Tyr Gln Gln Met Lys Met Trp Gln
115 120 125

His Thr Asn Lys Gln Phe Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ile Ser Phe Glu Ala
130 135 140

Tyr Glu Lys Lys Arg Leu Pro Glu Ala Ile Lys Leu Leu Thr Glu Asn
145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Ile Ser Glu Lys Arg Lys Gln Gln Leu Ala Phe Glu Val Ser
165 170 175

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Pro Ala Gly Val Asp Ile Thr Glu Asp Gln Ile Glu Trp Ser Ser Ser
 180 185 190

Asp Pro Thr Ile Val Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Gly Asn Leu Thr Ala Val
 195 200 205

Lys Ser Gly Glu Ala Lys Val Thr Val Lys Ile Lys Gly Thr Glu Ile
 210 215 220

Ser Asp Thr Ile Pro Val Thr Val Val Ala Glu Asn Lys Gln Tyr Ala
 225 230 235 240

Glu Met Arg Ala Lys Trp Lys Met Arg Leu Leu Gly Thr Thr Gln Tyr
 245 250 255

Asp Asn Asp Ala Asp Val Gln Gln Tyr Arg Ala Gln Ile Ala Thr Glu
 260 265 270

Ser Leu Ala Leu Trp Gln Thr Leu Asn Gln Ala Ala Asp Arg Glu Tyr
 275 280 285

Leu Trp Glu Arg Lys Pro Ser Asp Thr Val Ser Ala Asp Tyr Thr Thr
 290 295 300

Gln Phe Thr Asn Ile Lys Lys Leu Ala Leu Gly Tyr Tyr Glu Pro Ser
 305 310 315 320

Ser Glu Leu Phe Glu Lys Pro Glu Val Tyr Asp Ala Ile Val Lys Gly
 325 330 335

Ile Glu Phe Met Ile Asp Thr Lys Tyr Asn Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Thr
 340 345 350

Gly Asn Trp Trp Asp Trp Gln Ile Gly Ser Ala Gln Pro Leu Thr Asp
 355 360 365

Thr Leu Ile Leu Leu His Asp Asp Leu Leu Asn Thr Asp Ala Glu Lys
 370 375 380

Leu Asn Lys Phe Thr Ala Pro Leu Met Leu Tyr Ala Lys Asp Pro Asn
 385 390 395 400

Ile Gln Trp Pro Ile Tyr Arg Ala Thr Gly Ala Asn Leu Thr Asp Ile
 405 410 415

Ser Ile Thr Val Leu Gly Thr Gly Leu Leu Leu Glu Asp Asn Gln Arg
 420 425 430

Leu Val Gln Val Gln Glu Ala Val Pro Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Val Ser
 435 440 445

Ser Gly Asp Gly Leu Tyr Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Ile Gln His Gly Tyr
 450 455 460

Phe Pro Tyr Asn Gly Ser Tyr Gly Asn Glu Leu Leu Lys Gly Phe Gly
 465 470 475 480

Arg Ile Gln Thr Ile Leu Gln Gly Ser Asp Trp Glu Met Asn Asp Pro
 485 490 495

Asn Ile Ser Asn Leu Phe Asn Val Val Asp Lys Gly Tyr Leu Gln Leu
 500 505 510

Met Val Asn Gly Lys Met Pro Ser Met Val Ser Gly Arg Ser Ile Ser
 515 520 525

Arg Ala Pro Glu Thr Asn Pro Phe Thr Thr Glu Phe Glu Ser Gly Lys
 530 535 540

Glu Thr Ile Ala Asn Leu Thr Leu Ile Ala Lys Phe Ala Pro Glu Asn
 545 550 555 560

Leu Arg Asn Asp Ile Tyr Thr Ser Ile Gln Thr Trp Leu Gln Gln Ser
 565 570 575

Gly Ser Tyr Tyr His Phe Phe Lys Lys Pro Arg Asp Phe Glu Ala Leu
 580 585 590

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Ile Asp Leu Lys Asn Val Val Asn Ser Ala Ser Pro Ala Gln Ala Thr
595 600 605

Pro Met Gln Ser Leu Asn Val Tyr Gly Ser Met Asp Arg Val Leu Gln
610 615 620

Lys Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ala Val Gly Ile Ser Met Tyr Ser Gln Arg Val
625 630 635 640

Gly Asn Tyr Glu Phe Gly Asn Thr Glu Asn Lys Lys Gly Trp His Thr
645 650 655

Ala Asp Gly Met Leu Tyr Leu Tyr Asn Gln Asp Phe Ala Gln Phe Asp
660 665 670

Glu Gly Tyr Trp Ala Thr Ile Asp Pro Tyr Arg Leu Pro Gly Thr Thr
675 680 685

Val Asp Thr Arg Glu Leu Ala Asn Gly Ala Tyr Thr Gly Lys Arg Ser
690 695 700

Pro Gln Ser Trp Val Gly Gly Ser Asn Asn Gly Gln Val Ala Ser Ile
705 710 715 720

Gly Met Phe Leu Asp Lys Ser Asn Glu Gly Met Asn Leu Val Ala Lys
725 730 735

Lys Ser Trp Phe Leu Leu Asp Gly Gln Ile Ile Asn Leu Gly Ser Gly
740 745 750

Ile Thr Gly Thr Thr Asp Ala Ser Ile Glu Thr Ile Leu Asp Asn Arg
755 760 765

Met Ile His Pro Gln Glu Val Lys Leu Asn Gln Gly Ser Asp Lys Asp
770 775 780

Asn Ser Trp Ile Ser Leu Ser Ala Ala Asn Pro Leu Asn Asn Ile Gly
785 790 795 800

Tyr Val Phe Pro Asn Ser Met Asn Thr Leu Asp Val Gln Ile Glu Glu
805 810 815

Arg Ser Gly Arg Tyr Gly Asp Ile Asn Glu Tyr Phe Val Asn Asp Lys
820 825 830

Thr Tyr Thr Asn Thr Phe Ala Lys Ile Ser Lys Asn Tyr Gly Lys Thr
835 840 845

Val Glu Asn Gly Thr Tyr Glu Tyr Leu Thr Val Val Gly Lys Thr Asn
850 855 860

Glu Glu Ile Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Asn Lys Gly Tyr Thr Val Leu Glu
865 870 875 880

Asn Thr Ala Asn Leu Gln Ala Ile Glu Ala Gly Asn Tyr Val Met Met
885 890 895

Asn Thr Trp Asn Asn Asp Gln Glu Ile Ala Gly Leu Tyr Ala Tyr Asp
900 905 910

Pro Met Ser Val Ile Ser Glu Lys Ile Asp Asn Gly Val Tyr Arg Leu
915 920 925

Thr Leu Ala Asn Pro Leu Gln Asn Asn Ala Ser Val Ser Ile Glu Phe
930 935 940

Asp Lys Gly Ile Leu Glu Val Val Ala Ala Asp Pro Glu Ile Ser Val
945 950 955 960

Asp Gln Asn Ile Ile Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Leu Asn Gly Ser Ser
965 970 975

Arg Ser Ile Ile Val Lys Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Lys Glu Ala Leu
980 985 990

Glu Lys Leu Ile Gln Glu Gln
995

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<210> SEQ ID NO 6

<211> LENGTH: 741

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

Gln Glu Val Thr Ser Asp Ala Glu Lys Thr Val Glu Lys Asp Gly Leu
 1 5 10 15

Lys Val Ile Gly Lys Ile Glu Asp Thr Ser Ser Gln Glu Asp Ile Lys
 20 25 30

Thr Val Thr Tyr Glu Val Thr Asn Thr Arg Asp Val Pro Ile Lys Asp
 35 40 45

Leu Ile Leu Lys Gln Lys Asn Thr Asn Asp Ser Pro Ile Lys Phe Val
 50 55 60

Leu Asp Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Arg Gly Pro Thr Ser Leu Glu Glu Gln
 65 70 75 80

Ala Lys Val Glu Thr Asn Glu Lys Asp Gln Thr Thr Asp Ile Lys Leu
 85 90 95

Leu Asn Leu Gln Pro Asn Ser Thr Arg Lys Ile Thr Ile Asn Gly Gln
 100 105 110

Ile Thr Thr Lys Ala Ser Asn Lys Leu Leu Val Ser Val Leu Ile Glu
 115 120 125

Asp Asn Glu Lys Gly Thr Leu Val Ile Asp Leu Pro Ser Lys Asp Ile
 130 135 140

Leu Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Lys Gln Glu Thr Ser Glu
 145 150 155 160

Thr Lys Val Glu Asn Gln Ala Asn Glu Thr Ala Ser Ser Thr Asn Glu
 165 170 175

Met Thr Ala Thr Thr Ser Asn Glu Thr Lys Pro Glu Ala Gly Lys Ala
 180 185 190

Ile Glu Ser Ile Gln Glu Thr Ala Leu Thr Gln Ala Thr Glu Ser Pro
 195 200 205

Glu Gln Pro Pro Leu Lys Ala Gln Pro Thr Gly Pro Leu Val Pro Pro
 210 215 220

Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly Phe Asn Thr Pro Ile Tyr Gln Ser Val His Lys
 225 230 235 240

Gly Glu Leu Phe Ser Thr Gly Asn Thr Asn Leu Lys Ile Ala Asn Glu
 245 250 255

Asn Thr Ala Ala Ala Gln Thr Phe Leu Asn Thr Arg Gly Ala Ser Ser
 260 265 270

Gly Tyr Ala Ile Asn Asn Phe Pro Leu Glu Phe Ala Asp Val Asp Asn
 275 280 285

Asp Pro Asn Thr Tyr Asn Ser Ser Arg Ala Tyr Ile Asp Leu Asn Gly
 290 295 300

Ala Lys Glu Ile Ala Trp Ala Gly Leu Phe Trp Ser Ala Ser Arg Tyr
 305 310 315 320

Lys Gly Pro Ala Tyr Gly Thr Asn Leu Ser Asp Glu Glu Ile Ser Ala
 325 330 335

Pro Val Gln Phe Thr Thr Pro Asn Gly Thr Val Gln Arg Val Ser Pro
 340 345 350

Gln Arg Tyr His Arg Ile Asp Gln Asp Ala Thr Asn Pro Gly Gln Arg
 355 360 365

Phe Gly Tyr Asn Asn Thr Gly Phe Ser Asn Tyr Ala Asp Val Thr Ser
 370 375 380

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Ile	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ala	Asp	
385					390				395				400			
Ile Pro Met Thr Ser Ser Leu Asn Gly Gln Tyr Gln Tyr Tyr Asn Phe																
					405				410				415			
Ser Gly Trp Ser Leu Phe Val Val Thr Lys Asp Gln Ala Ser Lys Ser																
					420				425				430			
Arg Ala Phe Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Gly Ala Arg Gly Asn Ala Ala Gly Thr																
					435				440				445			
Asn Asn Glu Phe Thr Met Ser Asn Phe Leu Thr Ala Lys Gln Gly Asn																
					450				455				460			
Leu Asp Pro Ile Val Thr Trp Phe Thr Val Gln Gly Asp Lys Tyr Trp																
					465				470				475			480
Thr Gly Asp Asn Ala Gln Ile Lys Asn Ser Ala Gly Thr Trp Val Asn																
					485				490				495			
Ile Ser Asn Thr Leu Asn Pro Val Asn Asn Ala Met Asn Ala Thr Val																
					500				505				510			
Thr Asp Asn Asp Glu His Met Val Asp Lys Tyr Pro Gly Lys Phe Ala																
					515				520				525			
Pro Asp His Pro Asn Phe Leu Asp Ile Asp Ile Asp Arg Met Ala Ile																
					530				535				540			
Pro Glu Gly Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Gln Asn Gln Ile Asn Phe Arg Thr																
					545				550				555			560
Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Asp Tyr Ser Thr Asn Ala Ile Gly Phe Ala Val																
					565				570				575			
Asn Ala Glu Thr Pro Glu Phe Glu Ile Lys Lys Glu Ile Val Glu Pro																
					580				585				590			
Lys Glu Thr Tyr Lys Val Gly Glu Thr Ile Thr Tyr Arg Val Ser Leu																
					595				600				605			
Lys Asn Thr Lys Ala Asp Ser Glu Ala Ile Asn Ser Val Ser Lys Asp																
					610				615				620			
Ala Leu Asp Gly Arg Leu Asn Tyr Leu Pro Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Ile																
					625				630				635			640
Ser Gly Pro Asn Ser Gly Glu Lys Thr Asp Ala Ser Gly Asp Asp Gln																
					645				650				655			
Ala Glu Tyr Asp Glu Thr Asn Lys Gln Ile Ile Val Arg Val Gly Asn																
					660				665				670			
Gly Ala Thr Ala Thr Gln Gly Ser Tyr Lys Ala Asp Thr Ala Glu																
					675				680				685			
Thr Ile Tyr Glu Phe Lys Ala Arg Ile Asn Glu Arg Ala Lys Ala Asn																
					690				695				700			
Glu Leu Val Pro Asn Ser Ala Thr Val Glu Ala Val Asp Ile Leu Thr																
					705				710				715			720
Ser Ala Lys Val Asn Glu Thr Ser Asn Ile Val Glu Ala Lys Ile Ala																
					725				730				735			
Asp Glu Gln Val Thr																
					740											

<210> SEQ_ID NO 7

<211> LENGTH: 570

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

Glu	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Glu	Pro	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Thr	Asn
1					5				10				15		

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Gln Ile Ser Ala Thr Pro Asn Val Val Pro Arg Lys Gln Val Gly Asn
 20 25 30

Ile Val Thr Ala Ile Gln Leu Thr Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Pro Leu Gly
 35 40 45

Thr Ile Asn Gln Tyr Thr Asp Ile Tyr Leu Arg Ile Glu Phe Asn Leu
 50 55 60

Pro Asp Asn Thr Val Asn Ser Gly Asp Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Leu Pro
 65 70 75 80

Glu Glu Leu Arg Leu Glu Lys Asn Met Thr Phe Asn Val Val Asp Asp
 85 90 95

Thr Gly Thr Val Val Ala Ile Ala Gln Thr Asp Val Ala Asn Lys Thr
 100 105 110

Val Thr Leu Thr Tyr Thr Asp Tyr Val Glu Asn His Ala Asn Ile Ser
 115 120 125

Gly Ser Leu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Phe Glu Asn Val Glu Asn
 130 135 140

Glu Ser Lys Ile Pro Ile Tyr Val Thr Val Glu Gly Glu Lys Ile Phe
 145 150 155 160

Ala Gly Asp Leu Asp Tyr Gln Gly Glu Gly Asp Asp Val Asn Glu Lys
 165 170 175

Phe Ser Lys Tyr Ser Trp Phe Ile Glu Asp Asp Pro Thr Glu Ile Tyr
 180 185 190

Asn Val Leu Arg Ile Asn Pro Thr Gly Gln Thr Tyr Thr Asp Leu Glu
 195 200 205

Val Glu Asp Val Leu Lys Thr Glu Ser Leu Ser Tyr Met Lys Asp Thr
 210 215 220

Met Lys Ile Glu Arg Gly Gln Trp Thr Leu Asp Gly Asn Ala Ile Trp
 225 230 235 240

Gln Phe Thr Pro Glu Glu Asp Ile Thr Asp Gln Leu Ala Val Gln Tyr
 245 250 255

Gly Pro Asp Asp Arg Asn Phe Ser Val His Phe Gly Asn Ile Gly Thr
 260 265 270

Asn Glu Tyr Arg Ile Thr Tyr Lys Thr Lys Ile Asp His Leu Pro Glu
 275 280 285

Lys Gly Glu Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Ala Lys Leu Thr Glu Asn Gln Thr
 290 295 300

Val Val Glu Glu Val Glu Val Ser Arg Val Ser Gln Thr Gly Gly Gly
 305 310 315 320

Glu Ala Asn Gly Glu Gln Tyr Val Val Glu Ile His Lys Glu Asp Glu
 325 330 335

Ala Gly Gln Arg Leu Ala Gly Ala Glu Phe Glu Leu Ile Arg Asn Ser
 340 345 350

Thr Asn Gln Thr Val Ala Lys Ile Thr Thr Asp Gln Asn Gly Thr Ala
 355 360 365

Ile Val Lys Gly Leu Leu Lys Asp Asn Tyr Thr Leu Val Glu Thr Lys
 370 375 380

Ala Pro Thr Gly Tyr Gln Leu Ser Gln Asn Lys Ile Pro Ile Thr Pro
 385 390 395 400

Glu Asp Phe Gly Lys Asn Leu Val Ala Leu Lys Thr Val Val Asn His
 405 410 415

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Pro Val Ala Ala Ser Phe Leu Ala Gly Lys Val
 420 425 430

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Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Pro	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Glu	Phe	Gln	Phe	Glu	Leu	Leu
435					440				445						

Asp	Glu	Lys	Gly	Thr	Val	Leu	Glu	Thr	Val	Ser	Asn	Asp	Thr	Leu	Gly
450					455				460						

Lys	Ile	Gln	Phe	Ser	Pro	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Thr	Pro	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Gln
465					470			475						480	

Tyr	Thr	Ile	Arg	Glu	Val	Asn	Thr	Gln	Gln	Thr	Gly	Val	Ser	Tyr	Asp
485					490							495			

Thr	His	Asn	Leu	Gln	Val	Gln	Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Asn	
			500			505			505			510			

Leu	Val	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Gly	Gln	Val	Phe	Thr	Asn	His
515					520					525					

Tyr	Thr	Pro	Glu	Lys	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Thr	Ser	Gly
530					535				540						

Thr	Thr	Asp	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Thr	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ile	Thr
545					550				555				560		

Ile	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile	Arg	Asn	Lys	Glu
			565			570			

<210> SEQ ID NO 8

<211> LENGTH: 3309

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

atgataacag	atgagaatga	taaaacgaat	attaatatcg	agttaaatct	tctcaaccaa	60
acagagcagc	cattacaacg	agaaaattcaa	ttgaaaaatg	cacagttcat	ggataactgct	120
gttaattgaaa	aagacggata	ttcttaccaa	gtgactaattg	gtacgcttta	tctgactttg	180
gacgcacaag	taaaaaagcc	ggtacagctt	tcgtagctgt	ttgagcaaaag	ttcgcttcaa	240
acagctcagc	cacctaagtt	attgtatgaa	aacaacgaat	atgatgttcc	agttacttct	300
aaaaaaataa	cagtagagga	ttctgctaaa	gaatcaactg	aaccagaaaa	aataactgta	360
ccagaaaata	cgaaaagaaac	taacaaaaat	gattcggctc	cagaaaaaac	agaacagccg	420
accgcaacag	aaggagtaac	caatccattt	gcagaagcaa	aatggcgcc	agctactttg	480
agagcgaatc	tggcactgcc	ttaatttgc	ccacaataca	cgacggataa	ttctgggact	540
tatccgacag	ctaattggca	gcccacaggc	aatcaaaatg	tgttaaacca	tcaagggaat	600
aaagacggta	gtgcacaatg	ggacggccaa	acgagttgga	atggggaccc	tactaatcgc	660
acaaattctt	atattgagta	tggcggtaca	ggagaccaag	ccgattatgc	catccaaaaa	720
tatgctagag	aaacaacaac	accagggttt	tttgatgtat	atcttaatgt	gcgtggaaat	780
gttcagaaag	aaatcacgcc	attggatttg	gtcttagtgc	ttgactggtc	cggttagtat	840
aatgaaaaca	atcggttgg	tgaagttcaa	aaaggagtga	accgttttgt	tgatacattt	900
geagatagcg	gtattaccaa	taacatcaac	atgggctatg	ttggctactc	aagtgcgggt	960
tataataaca	acgcattca	aatggggccg	tttgatacag	tcaaaaatcc	aattaaaaat	1020
attacgc当地	gtacgacttag	aggaggaact	ttcactcaaa	aagcattaag	agatgcttgt	1080
gatatgttag	caacgc当地	tggacataag	aaagtcatgg	tacttttaac	ggatggcgcc	1140
ccaaccttct	tttataaaatg	gagtcgagtt	caaacagagg	cgatgggtcg	cttttacggg	1200
acacaattta	cgaatcgaca	agatcaacca	ggtacgactt	tttataatctc	tggtagctat	1260
aatgc当地	atcaaaacaa	tatcaataaa	cggtttaaca	gtacgtttat	cgccacgata	1320

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ggtgaggcaa tggctttaaa acaacgtggg attgaaatac atggattggg cattcaattt	1380
caaagcgatc cacgagctaa ttatctaaa caacaagtgg aagataaaa gcgtgagatg	1440
gtgtcagccg atgaaaatgg agacctttat tatgaatccg cggattatgc accagacatt	1500
tctgattatt tagcgaaaaaa agccgttcag attcaggaa cggttgtaaa cgaaaaagta	1560
gttgatccaa ttgctgaacc tttaatac gagccaaata cattatcaat gaaaagtgt	1620
ggtcctgttc aggttcaaac attaccagaa gtgtcgctaa caggcgctac aattaatagt	1680
aatgagattt atttggtaa agggcaagaa attcaaattt attatcaagt acgtattcaa	1740
acagagtcag aaaactcaa acctgatttt tggtatcaa tgaatggtcg gacaacgttt	1800
cagccattag ccacggcccc tgaaaaagtt gatTTgggg ttccttcggg aaaagcacct	1860
ggcgtgaagt taaacgtgaa aaaaatctgg gaagagtatg atcaagaccc gacaagtcgg	1920
ccagataatg tgatttatga aatttagtaga aagcaagtaa ctgacacagc caactggcaa	1980
actgggtata ttaaattatc aaaaccagaa aatgataccaa gcaatagttt ggagcgc当地	2040
aatgtAACCC aacttccaa aaccgcggat gaaagctatc aagaagtctt tgggcttccc	2100
caatacaaca atcaaggaca agcttcaat tatcaaaca cccgtgaatt agcagttct	2160
ggttacagtc aagaaaaat cgacgataact acttggaaaa acacgaagca gttcaagcca	2220
ttagatttaa aagtagtcaa aaattcttcc tcaggtgaga aaaaacttagt gggagccgtc	2280
tttgaattga gtggtaaaaaa tggtcaaaca acatttagtgg acaataaaga tggtagctat	2340
tccttgc当地 aagatgtgcg cctacaaaaa ggggaacgc当地 atacattaac tgaagtaaaa	2400
geacctgc当地 gacatgagtt aggcaagaaa acgacttggc aaattgaggt gagtgagcaa	2460
ggcaaaagtaa gcatcgatgg acaagaagtg accaccacaa atcaagttat tccattggaa	2520
attgaaaata aattttcttc tttgccaatc agaatttagaa aatacaccat gcaaaatggc	2580
aaacaaggta aacttagcaga ggcactttt gcgttgcaaa gaaaaatgc tcaaggaagt	2640
tacccaaactg tggcaactca aaaaacagat actacaggat tgagctattt taaaatttagt	2700
gaacctggtg agtatcgaat ggtggacaa tcaggaccat taggctacga cactcttgct	2760
ggaaattatg aatttactgt tgataaaat gggaaaattt actatgcagg caaaaatatt	2820
gaagaaaatg cgccagaatg gacactgaca catcaaaata atttgaacc ttttgactta	2880
acagttata aaaaagccga taatcagacg ccacttaaag gagcgaattt ccgttaaca	2940
ggaccagata cggatattga attacaaaaa gatggcaagaa aacggatc tttttttt	3000
gaaaacttaa aaccaggaa atatgtcta acagaaacctt tacgccc当地 aggatatcg	3060
gggtttaaaag aaccaatcga attataatt cgtgaagatg gttcagtc当地 gatagatggg	3120
aaaaaaatgg cagatgtttt aatttctggaa gagaagaata atcaattac ttttagacgtt	3180
acgaaccaag caaaggttcc ttacctgaa actggggca taggacgctt gtggtttac	3240
ttgatagcga ttagtacatt cgtgatagcg ggtgtttatc tctttattag acgaccagaa	3300
gggagtgtg	3309

<210> SEQ ID NO 9

<211> LENGTH: 1103

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

Met	Ile	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ile	Glu	Lue	Asn
1				5				10				15			

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Leu	Leu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Glu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gln	Arg	Glu	Ile	Gln	Leu	Lys
20					25					30					
Asn	Ala	Gln	Phe	Met	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Ile	Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Ser
35					40					45					
Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Gln	Val
50					55					60					
Lys	Lys	Pro	Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ala	Val	Glu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln
65					70					75			80		
Thr	Ala	Gln	Pro	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Val
					85				90			95			
Ser	Val	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ile	Thr	Val	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ser
					100				105			110			
Thr	Glu	Pro	Glu	Lys	Ile	Thr	Val	Pro	Glu	Asn	Thr	Lys	Glu	Thr	Asn
					115				120			125			
Lys	Asn	Asp	Ser	Ala	Pro	Glu	Lys	Thr	Glu	Gln	Pro	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu
					130				135			140			
Glu	Val	Thr	Asn	Pro	Phe	Ala	Glu	Ala	Arg	Met	Ala	Pro	Ala	Thr	Leu
					145				150			155			160
Arg	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ala	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Asp
					165				170			175			
Asn	Ser	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Asn	Trp	Gln	Pro	Thr	Gly	Asn	Gln
					180				185			190			
Asn	Val	Leu	Asn	His	Gln	Gly	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gln	Trp	Asp
					195				200			205			
Gly	Gln	Thr	Ser	Trp	Asn	Gly	Asp	Pro	Thr	Asn	Arg	Thr	Asn	Ser	Tyr
					210				215			220			
Ile	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly	Asp	Gln	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Arg	Lys
					225				230			235			240
Tyr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gly	Leu	Phe	Asp	Val	Tyr	Leu	Asn	
					245				250			255			
Val	Arg	Gly	Asn	Val	Gln	Lys	Glu	Ile	Thr	Pro	Leu	Asp	Leu	Val	Leu
					260				265			270			
Val	Val	Asp	Trp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Met	Asn	Glu	Asn	Asn	Arg	Ile	Gly	Glu
					275				280			285			
Val	Gln	Lys	Gly	Val	Asn	Arg	Phe	Val	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ala	Asp	Ser	Gly
					290				295			300			
Ile	Thr	Asn	Asn	Ile	Asn	Met	Gly	Tyr	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly
					305				310			315			320
Tyr	Asn	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ile	Gln	Met	Gly	Pro	Phe	Asp	Thr	Val	Lys	Asn
					325				330			335			
Pro	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ile	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Thr	Arg	Gly	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr
					340				345			350			
Gln	Lys	Ala	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ala	Gly	Asp	Met	Leu	Ala	Thr	Pro	Asn	Gly
					355				360			365			
His	Lys	Lys	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Leu	Thr	Asp	Gly	Val	Pro	Thr	Phe	Ser
					370				375			380			
Tyr	Lys	Val	Ser	Arg	Val	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Gly
					385				390			395			400
Thr	Gln	Phe	Thr	Asn	Arg	Gln	Asp	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ile
					405				410			415			
Ser	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Pro	Asp	Gln	Asn	Asn	Ile	Asn	Lys	Arg	Ile
					420				425			430			
Asn	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Ala	Met	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln

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435	440	445
Arg Gly Ile Glu Ile His Gly Leu Gly Ile Gln Leu Gln Ser Asp Pro		
450	455	460
Arg Ala Asn Leu Ser Lys Gln Gln Val Glu Asp Lys Met Arg Glu Met		
465	470	475
Val Ser Ala Asp Glu Asn Gly Asp Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Ser Ala Asp Tyr		
485	490	495
Ala Pro Asp Ile Ser Asp Tyr Leu Ala Lys Lys Ala Val Gln Ile Ser		
500	505	510
Gly Thr Val Val Asn Gly Lys Val Val Asp Pro Ile Ala Glu Pro Phe		
515	520	525
Lys Tyr Glu Pro Asn Thr Leu Ser Met Lys Ser Val Gly Pro Val Gln		
530	535	540
Val Gln Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Thr Ile Asn Ser		
545	550	555
Asn Glu Ile Tyr Leu Gly Lys Gly Gln Glu Ile Gln Ile His Tyr Gln		
565	570	575
Val Arg Ile Gln Thr Glu Ser Glu Asn Phe Lys Pro Asp Phe Trp Tyr		
580	585	590
Gln Met Asn Gly Arg Thr Thr Phe Gln Pro Leu Ala Thr Ala Pro Glu		
595	600	605
Lys Val Asp Phe Gly Val Pro Ser Gly Lys Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Leu		
610	615	620
Asn Val Lys Lys Ile Trp Glu Glu Tyr Asp Gln Asp Pro Thr Ser Arg		
625	630	635
Pro Asp Asn Val Ile Tyr Glu Ile Ser Arg Lys Gln Val Thr Asp Thr		
645	650	655
Ala Asn Trp Gln Thr Gly Tyr Ile Lys Leu Ser Lys Pro Glu Asn Asp		
660	665	670
Thr Ser Asn Ser Trp Glu Arg Lys Asn Val Thr Gln Leu Ser Lys Thr		
675	680	685
Ala Asp Glu Ser Tyr Gln Glu Val Leu Gly Leu Pro Gln Tyr Asn Asn		
690	695	700
Gln Gly Gln Ala Phe Asn Tyr Gln Thr Thr Arg Glu Leu Ala Val Pro		
705	710	715
Gly Tyr Ser Gln Glu Lys Ile Asp Asp Thr Thr Trp Lys Asn Thr Lys		
725	730	735
Gln Phe Lys Pro Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Ile Lys Asn Ser Ser Ser Gly		
740	745	750
Glu Lys Asn Leu Val Gly Ala Val Phe Glu Leu Ser Gly Lys Asn Val		
755	760	765
Gln Thr Thr Leu Val Asp Asn Lys Asp Gly Ser Tyr Ser Leu Pro Lys		
770	775	780
Asp Val Arg Leu Gln Lys Gly Glu Arg Tyr Thr Leu Thr Glu Val Lys		
785	790	795
Ala Pro Ala Gly His Glu Leu Gly Lys Lys Thr Thr Trp Gln Ile Glu		
805	810	815
Val Ser Glu Gln Gly Lys Val Ser Ile Asp Gly Gln Glu Val Thr Thr		
820	825	830
Thr Asn Gln Val Ile Pro Leu Glu Ile Glu Asn Lys Phe Ser Ser Leu		
835	840	845
Pro Ile Arg Ile Arg Lys Tyr Thr Met Gln Asn Gly Lys Gln Val Asn		
850	855	860

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Leu Ala Glu Ala Thr Phe Ala Leu Gln Arg Lys Asn Ala Gln Gly Ser
 865 870 875 880
 Tyr Gln Thr Val Ala Thr Gln Lys Thr Asp Thr Thr Gly Leu Ser Tyr
 885 890 895
 Phe Lys Ile Ser Glu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Arg Met Val Glu Gln Ser Gly
 900 905 910
 Pro Leu Gly Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ala Gly Asn Tyr Glu Phe Thr Val Asp
 915 920 925
 Lys Tyr Gly Lys Ile His Tyr Ala Gly Lys Asn Ile Glu Glu Asn Ala
 930 935 940
 Pro Glu Trp Thr Leu Thr His Gln Asn Asn Leu Lys Pro Phe Asp Leu
 945 950 955 960
 Thr Val Asn Lys Ala Asp Asn Gln Thr Pro Leu Lys Gly Ala Lys
 965 970 975
 Phe Arg Leu Thr Gly Pro Asp Thr Asp Ile Glu Leu Pro Lys Asp Gly
 980 985 990
 Lys Glu Thr Asp Thr Phe Val Phe Glu Asn Leu Lys Pro Gly Lys Tyr
 995 1000 1005
 Val Leu Thr Glu Thr Phe Thr Pro Glu Gly Tyr Gln Gly Leu Lys
 1010 1015 1020
 Glu Pro Ile Glu Leu Ile Ile Arg Glu Asp Gly Ser Val Thr Ile
 1025 1030 1035
 Asp Gly Glu Lys Val Ala Asp Val Leu Ile Ser Gly Glu Lys Asn
 1040 1045 1050
 Asn Gln Ile Thr Leu Asp Val Thr Asn Gln Ala Lys Val Pro Leu
 1055 1060 1065
 Pro Glu Thr Gly Gly Ile Gly Arg Leu Trp Phe Tyr Leu Ile Ala
 1070 1075 1080
 Ile Ser Thr Phe Val Ile Ala Gly Val Tyr Leu Phe Ile Arg Arg
 1085 1090 1095
 Pro Glu Gly Ser Val
 1100

<210> SEQ ID NO 10
 <211> LENGTH: 1428
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*
 <400> SEQUENCE: 10

atgaaaaacg	cacgttggtt	aagtatttgc	gtcatgctac	tgcgtctttt	cgggttttca	60
cagcaagcat	tagcagaggc	atcgcaagca	agcggtcaag	ttacgttgca	caaattattg	120
ttccctgatg	gtcaattacc	agaacagcag	caaaacacag	gggaagaggg	aacgctgctt	180
caaaattatc	ggggcttaaa	tgacgtcaact	tatcaagtct	atgatgtgac	ggatccgttt	240
tatcagcttc	gttctgaagg	aaaaacggtc	caagaggcac	agcgtcaatt	agcagaaaacc	300
ggtgcaacaa	atagaaaacc	gatcgagcaa	gataaaacac	agacaataaa	tggagaagat	360
ggagtggttt	cttttcatt	agctagcaaa	gattcgcagc	aacgagataa	agcctattta	420
tttgttgaag	cggaaggcacc	agaagtggta	aaggaaaaag	ctagcaacct	agttagtgatt	480
ttgcctgttc	aagatccaca	agggcaatcg	ttaacgcata	ttcatttata	tccaaaaaat	540
gaagaaaaatg	cctatgactt	accaccactt	gaaaaaacgg	tactcgataa	gcaacaaggc	600
ttaatcaag	gagagcacat	taactatcag	ttaacgactc	agattccagc	gaatattta	660

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ggatatcagg aattccgttt gtcagataag gcggatacaa cgttgacact tttaccagaa	720
tcaattgagg taaaagtggc tggaaaaaca gttactacag gttacacact gacgacgcaa	780
aagcatggat ttacgcttga ttttcaatt aaagacttac aaaacttgc aaatcaaaca	840
atgactgtgt cgtatcaa at gcgtagaa aagaccgctg aacctgacac tgcgattaac	900
aacgaaggac aattagtcac ggacaaacat accttgaact aaagagccac agttcgtaca	960
ggcggcaagt ctttgtcaa agttgatgt gaaaatgcga aaatcacctt gccagaggct	1020
gttttatcg taaaaatca agcgggggaa tacctaattt aaacagcaaa cgggtatcgt	1080
tggcaaaaag aaaaagcatt agctaaaaaa ttcacgtcta atcaagccgg tgaattttca	1140
gttaaaggct taaaagatgg ccagttacttc ttggaagaaa tctctgcacc aaaaggttat	1200
cttctgaatc aaacagaaat tcctttacg gtggaaaaaa attcttatgc aacgaacgga	1260
caacgaacag caccgttaca tgtaatcaat aaaaaagtaa aagagtcaagg cttttacca	1320
aaaacaaatg aagaacgttc tatttgggtt acgattgcag gcctgtaat cattggatg	1380
gtagtcattt ggctattta taaaaacaa aaaagaggag agagaaaa	1428

<210> SEQ ID NO 11

<211> LENGTH: 476

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

Met Lys Ala Arg Trp Leu Ser Ile Cys Val Met Leu Leu Ala Leu	
1 5 10 15	
Phe Gly Phe Ser Gln Gln Ala Leu Ala Glu Ala Ser Gln Ala Ser Val	
20 25 30	
Gln Val Thr Leu His Lys Leu Leu Phe Pro Asp Gly Gln Leu Pro Glu	
35 40 45	
Gln Gln Gln Asn Thr Gly Glu Glu Gly Thr Leu Leu Gln Asn Tyr Arg	
50 55 60	
Gly Leu Asn Asp Val Thr Tyr Gln Val Tyr Asp Val Thr Asp Pro Phe	
65 70 75 80	
Tyr Gln Leu Arg Ser Glu Gly Lys Thr Val Gln Glu Ala Gln Arg Gln	
85 90 95	
Leu Ala Glu Thr Gly Ala Thr Asn Arg Lys Pro Ile Ala Glu Asp Lys	
100 105 110	
Thr Gln Thr Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Gly Val Val Ser Phe Ser Leu Ala	
115 120 125	
Ser Lys Asp Ser Gln Gln Arg Asp Lys Ala Tyr Leu Phe Val Glu Ala	
130 135 140	
Glu Ala Pro Glu Val Val Lys Glu Lys Ala Ser Asn Leu Val Val Ile	
145 150 155 160	
Leu Pro Val Gln Asp Pro Gln Gly Gln Ser Leu Thr His Ile His Leu	
165 170 175	
Tyr Pro Lys Asn Glu Glu Asn Ala Tyr Asp Leu Pro Pro Leu Glu Lys	
180 185 190	
Thr Val Leu Asp Lys Gln Gln Gly Phe Asn Gln Gly Glu His Ile Asn	
195 200 205	
Tyr Gln Leu Thr Thr Gln Ile Pro Ala Asn Ile Leu Gly Tyr Gln Glu	
210 215 220	
Phe Arg Leu Ser Asp Lys Ala Asp Thr Thr Leu Thr Leu Leu Pro Glu	
225 230 235 240	

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Ser Ile Glu Val Lys Val Ala Gly Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Gly Tyr Thr
 245 250 255
 Leu Thr Thr Gln Lys His Gly Phe Thr Leu Asp Phe Ser Ile Lys Asp
 260 265 270
 Leu Gln Asn Phe Ala Asn Gln Thr Met Thr Val Ser Tyr Gln Met Arg
 275 280 285
 Leu Glu Lys Thr Ala Glu Pro Asp Thr Ala Ile Asn Asn Glu Gly Gln
 290 295 300
 Leu Val Thr Asp Lys His Thr Leu Thr Lys Arg Ala Thr Val Arg Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Gly Lys Ser Phe Val Lys Val Asp Ser Glu Asn Ala Lys Ile Thr
 325 330 335
 Leu Pro Glu Ala Val Phe Ile Val Lys Asn Gln Ala Gly Glu Tyr Leu
 340 345 350
 Asn Glu Thr Ala Asn Gly Tyr Arg Trp Gln Lys Glu Lys Ala Leu Ala
 355 360 365
 Lys Lys Phe Thr Ser Asn Gln Ala Gly Glu Phe Ser Val Lys Gly Leu
 370 375 380
 Lys Asp Gly Gln Tyr Phe Leu Glu Glu Ile Ser Ala Pro Lys Gly Tyr
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Leu Asn Gln Thr Glu Ile Pro Phe Thr Val Gly Lys Asn Ser Tyr
 405 410 415
 Ala Thr Asn Gly Gln Arg Thr Ala Pro Leu His Val Ile Asn Lys Lys
 420 425 430
 Val Lys Glu Ser Gly Phe Leu Pro Lys Thr Asn Glu Glu Arg Ser Ile
 435 440 445
 Trp Leu Thr Ile Ala Gly Leu Leu Ile Ile Gly Met Val Val Ile Trp
 450 455 460
 Leu Phe Tyr Gln Lys Gln Lys Arg Gly Glu Arg Lys
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ_ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 1881
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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atgaagcaat taaaaaaagt ttggcacacc gttgtacact ttttactaat tttgccactt      60
ttcacacaatgt tattaggggac aacaactgca tttgcagaag aaaaatgggaa gagcgcacag     120
ctcggtgattc acaaaaaagaa aatgacggat ttaccagatc cgcttattca aaatagcggg     180
aaagaaaaatga gcgaggttga taaatatcaa ggactggcag atgtgacgtt tagtatttat     240
aacgtgacga acgaatttta cgagcaacga gcggcaggcg caagcgttga tgcatgtaaa     300
caagcgtgtcc aaagtttaac tcctggggaa cctgttgctc aaggaaccac cgatgcaaat     360
ggaaatgtca ctgttcagtt acctaaaaaa caaatggta aagatgcagt gtataccatt     420
aaagaagaac caaaaagaggg tggtagttgct gctacgaata tggtggtggc gttcccagtt     480
tacgaaatga tcaagcaaac agatggttcc tataaatatg gaacagaaga attagcggtt     540
gttcatattt atcctaaaaaa tggtagtgc aatgatggta gtttacatgt gaaaaaaatgt     600
ggaactgctg aaaaatgaagg attaaatggc gcagaatttg ttatttctaa aagcgaaggc     660
tcaccaggca cagtaaaata tatccaagga gtcaaaatgt gattatatac atggacaacg     720
gataaaagaac aagcaaaaacg ctatttactt gggaaaaatgtt atgaaatgg cgaaaatgt     780

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ttcacagaag cagagaatgg aacgggagaa ttaacagtta aaaatcttga ggttggtcg	840
tatatttttag aagaagtaaa agtcccaat aatgcagaat taattgaaaa tcaaacaaaa	900
acaccattta caatttgaagc aaacaatcaa acacctgtt aaaaaacagt caaaaatgat	960
acctctaaag ttgataaaaac aacaccaagc tttagatggta aagatgtggc aattggcgaa	1020
aaaattaaat atcaaatttc tgtaaatatt ccattgggg ttcgcagacaa agaaggcgac	1080
gctaataat acgtcaaattt caattttagtt gataaacatg atgcagccctt aacttttgat	1140
aacgtgactt ctggagagta tgcttatgcg ttatatgatg gggatacagt gattgctcct	1200
gaaaattatc aagtgactga acaagcaat ggcttcactg tcgcccgtt aaacgcgttat	1260
atccctacgc taacaccagg cgccacacta aaattcgttt actttatgca tttaaatgaa	1320
aaagcagatc ctacgaaagg cttaaaaaat gaggcgaatg ttgataacgg tcataccgac	1380
gaccaaacac caccaactgt tgaagttgtg acaggtggga aacgtttcat taaagtgcgt	1440
ggcgatgtga cagcgacaca agccttggcg ggagcttcctt ttgtcgccg tgatcaaaac	1500
agcgacacag caaattttt gaaaatcgat gaaacaacga aagcagcaac ttgggtgaaa	1560
acaaaagctg aagcaactac ttttacaaca acggctgtatg gattagtgtatc tacacagg	1620
cttaaatacg gtacctttaa tttagaaagaa actgttagctc ctgtatgatta tgtcttttta	1680
acaaatcgga ttgaatttgtt ggtcaatgaa caatcatatg gcacaacaga aaacctatgtt	1740
tcaccagaaa aagtacccaaa caaacacaaa ggtacccatc cttcaacagg tggcaaagga	1800
atctacgtttt acttaggaag tggcgagtc ttgtactta ttgcaggagt ctactttgct	1860
agacgtagaa aagaaaatgc t	1881

<210> SEQ ID NO 13

<211> LENGTH: 627

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

Met Lys Glu Leu Lys Lys Val Trp Tyr Thr Val Ser Thr Leu Leu			
1	5	10	15

Ile Leu Pro Leu Phe Thr Ser Val Leu Gly Thr Thr Thr Ala Phe Ala			
20	25	30	

Glu Glu Asn Gly Glu Ser Ala Gln Leu Val Ile His Lys Lys Lys Met			
35	40	45	

Thr Asp Leu Pro Asp Pro Leu Ile Gln Asn Ser Gly Lys Glu Met Ser			
50	55	60	

Glu Phe Asp Lys Tyr Gln Gly Leu Ala Asp Val Thr Phe Ser Ile Tyr			
65	70	75	80

Asn Val Thr Asn Glu Phe Tyr Glu Gln Arg Ala Ala Gly Ala Ser Val			
85	90	95	

Asp Ala Ala Lys Gln Ala Val Gln Ser Leu Thr Pro Gly Lys Pro Val			
100	105	110	

Ala Gln Gly Thr Thr Asp Ala Asn Gly Asn Val Thr Val Gln Leu Pro			
115	120	125	

Lys Lys Gln Asn Gly Lys Asp Ala Val Tyr Thr Ile Lys Glu Glu Pro			
130	135	140	

Lys Glu Gly Val Val Ala Ala Thr Asn Met Val Val Ala Phe Pro Val			
145	150	155	160

Tyr Glu Met Ile Lys Gln Thr Asp Gly Ser Tyr Lys Tyr Gly Thr Glu			
165	170	175	

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Glu	Leu	Ala	Val	Val	His	Ile	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Asn	Val	Val	Ala	Asn	Asp
180															190
Gly	Ser	Leu	His	Val	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Thr	Ala	Glu	Asn	Glu	Gly	Leu
195							200								205
Asn	Gly	Ala	Glu	Phe	Val	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Thr
210							215								220
Val	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Gly	Val	Lys	Asp	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Trp	Thr	Thr
225							230				235				240
Asp	Lys	Glu	Gln	Ala	Lys	Arg	Phe	Ile	Thr	Gly	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Ile
245										250					255
Gly	Glu	Asn	Asp	Phe	Thr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Asn	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Thr
260							265				270				
Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Glu	Val	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Lys	Ala
275							280				285				
Pro	Asn	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ile	Glu	Asn	Gln	Thr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Phe	Thr
290							295				300				
Ile	Glu	Ala	Asn	Asn	Gln	Thr	Pro	Val	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Lys	Asn	Asp
305							310				315				320
Thr	Ser	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Val
325									330						335
Ala	Ile	Gly	Glu	Lys	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Ser	Val	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu
340							345				350				
Gly	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn
355							360				365				
Leu	Val	Asp	Lys	His	Asp	Ala	Ala	Leu	Thr	Phe	Asp	Asn	Val	Thr	Ser
370							375				380				
Gly	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Asp	Thr	Val	Ile	Ala	Pro
385							390				395				400
Glu	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asn	Gly	Phe	Thr	Val	Ala	Val
405							410				415				
Asn	Pro	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Gly	Gly	Thr	Leu	Lys	Phe
420							425				430				
Val	Tyr	Phe	Met	His	Leu	Asn	Glu	Lys	Ala	Asp	Pro	Thr	Lys	Gly	Phe
435							440				445				
Lys	Asn	Glu	Ala	Asn	Val	Asp	Asn	Gly	His	Thr	Asp	Asp	Gln	Thr	Pro
450							455				460				
Pro	Thr	Val	Glu	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	Gly	Lys	Arg	Phe	Ile	Lys	Val	Asp
465							470				475				480
Gly	Asp	Val	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ser	Phe	Val	Val
485							490				495				
Arg	Asp	Gln	Asn	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Ile	Asp	Glu	Thr
500							505				510				
Thr	Lys	Ala	Ala	Thr	Trp	Val	Lys	Thr	Ala	Glu	Ala	Thr	Thr	Phe	
515							520				525				
Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Asp	Ile	Thr	Gly	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Gly
530							535				540				
Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Glu	Thr	Val	Ala	Pro	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Val	Leu	Leu
545							550				555				560
Thr	Asn	Arg	Ile	Glu	Phe	Val	Val	Asn	Glu	Gln	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Thr
565							570				575				
Glu	Asn	Leu	Val	Ser	Pro	Glu	Lys	Val	Pro	Asn	Lys	His	Lys	Gly	Thr
580							585				590				
Leu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gly

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595	600	605
Ala Val Leu Leu Leu Ile Ala Gly Val Tyr Phe Ala Arg Arg Arg Lys		
610	615	620
Glu Asn Ala		
625		
<210> SEQ_ID NO 14		
<211> LENGTH: 3387		
<212> TYPE: DNA		
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis		
<400> SEQUENCE: 14		
atgacgacca cagggaaagaa actgaaagtt atttcatgc tgataatatt gagtttatca	60	
aaccttgc cattatctgc aataggcagac actacagatg atccaaagt ttttagaaaca	120	
atttcagctg aagtcatttc ggatcagtct ggaaaaaaag cactgaacat caagctaaat	180	
gcgaataaca ccagtgtga aaagatagaa aaagaaaattg gtctagtcga aaattactta	240	
agtgtatgtgg aaagaaaaga aggagatggc tatgcttatac aggtaaatag cgggaaaatt	300	
acgttggaaa tctcatcaaa cactaaacaa actatcgatc ttagtttcc aatcgatcca	360	
gcactttacc acagccaggc aaacaagctg atcgtcgata ataaagaata tgacattatt	420	
gatgagacag aaaataagaa agatacagat gtgtcagtac caaaggcaga cgaaaatagaa	480	
gaagaatcat caaaagaaaaa cgaaaattct gtcagccat ttacattgcc tacattatcc	540	
ttgccagctg ttagtgtgcc atctaataa acgattccta cagaatatac aacagatgat	600	
cagggcactt atcctaaagc cagttggcaa cctacaggaa atacaaatgt tcttgatcat	660	
caaggcaata aaaacggAAC aaatcaatgg gatggtataa attcttgaa tggagatcct	720	
aatgtatcgga occattcgta tatcgaatat ggaggaaccg gtaatcaagc agactatgcg	780	
atacgaaagt atgcaagga aacaagtaca cccggattgt ttgtatgttta tttgaatgct	840	
cgtggaaatg tacaaaaaga tatcacgcct cttgatctcg tattggctgt agactggc	900	
ggaagatgtga acgacaataa tcggatcggt gaagtaaaga ttgggtcgaa tcgtttgc	960	
gatactttag cagatagcgg tatcacagac aaaatcaata tgggatatgt cggctactca	1020	
agcgaaggat atagctacag taacgggtca gtacagatgg gttcatttga ttctgtgaaa	1080	
aatcaagtaa aatccattac accttacgg acaaattgggt gtactttac aaaaaagca	1140	
ctaaagatg caggaagcat gctatccgtt ccaaattggc ataaaaaaatg gatcgtttgc	1200	
ctgacggatg gtgtaccaac atttccat aaagtacagc gggtaacacgc acaatcaagc	1260	
agcaattatt acggaaactca gtttctaat acgcaagatc ggcggggaaa tacttctcta	1320	
atctcaagaa tctatgtatgc acctgacca aacaatctat ccagaagaat cgacagtacg	1380	
tttacatcgaa ccateggaga agcgatggca ctcaaagaac gaggaatcgaa aatacatgg	1440	
cttggcatcc aacttcaaag cgatccggca gctggctct caaaagcaga agtagagtc	1500	
cgtatcgac aatgggttc atcagatgaa aaaggcgatc tttactatga atcagctgt	1560	
catgcaacag atatctctga atacctagec aaaaaagctg tacagatctc agcaactgt	1620	
agcaatggc aaataaatga tccaaatcgca gaaccattca tttatcgcc tggtacactt	1680	
tcagtcaaga gtgtggggac aagtccatac acggtcactc catctatttc catagaagga	1740	
aataccatca agagcaatca gatctattta ggaaaagacc aagaaatcca aatccattac	1800	
caagtgagaa tccaaacaga aatgaggac ttccatcaa atttctggta tcaaataaac	1860	
ggcaggacaa cttccagcc aaacattgtat accaatgaat tagctgaatt cggatccaa	1920	

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tctgctaaag ctccggagt cagtttcac atcaaaaagt tatgggaaga atttgacaac	1980
aatcttagctg atcgccaga tcaagttact tttgagattc aacgggaaca tacgacaaat	2040
gctgcagctt gaaaaacgg atatattcga atcattaaac cagctaaaga tacaacaaat	2100
acgtggAAC gtgcagacat tgacaaatta tctgcaaata gcggagaag ttatcaagag	2160
atattatcac tacctaata caataatcaa ggtcaagcat tcagttacca aacaatcaaa	2220
gaattacctg taccaggata cgattctcaa caaatagatg caatgacatg gaaaaatact	2280
aaacaattca caccgttaaa cttgaaaata acgaaaaatt cctctacagg tgaaaaggat	2340
cttattggcg ctgtttcaa attaacagga gattctattg atactttact aacagatcat	2400
ggcgacggaa cctattctct tccagaaaat gtcaaattgc aaaaagaaat gacctatacg	2460
ctgacagaaa caaaagctcc agaaggcat ggattaagca aaaagactac ttggaaatc	2520
aagatcgctt ctgatggta ggttaaccatt gatggaaaaa cagtcactac ttccgatgat	2580
acgatccagt tgactattga aaatcctttt gttgaagttc ctgttagcagt acgtaagttat	2640
gcgatgcaag ggacggacaa agagataat cttaaaggag cagcattttc cctacagaaaa	2700
aaagaagcaa atggactta tcagccaatt gacagccaaa caacgaatga aaaaggtctt	2760
gccagttttg attcaatcac acctggtaaa tatcgactcg ttgaaacagc tggctcgcc	2820
ggatatgata ctgcgcggg aaattatgaa ttccaaatcg ataaatatgg aaaaatcatt	2880
tacacggaa aaaataccga gatgacaaat aatgtatgaa cgctcaactca tcaaaatcga	2940
ctaaaagcgt ttgatctaac ggtacacaaa aaagaagaca acggacagac attaaaagga	3000
gcaaaattca gactgcaggg accagaaatg gacttagaat cgccaaaaga tggacaagaa	3060
acagataacct ttctattcga aaattttaaa cctggaaactt atacgctgac cgaaaactttt	3120
acaccagaag gataccaagg tctaaaagag ccagttacta tagttataca cgaagatggg	3180
tcaattcaag tggatggaca agatcatgaa tctgttctgt caccaggagc caaaaacaac	3240
cagatttctt tagacatcac gaatcaggca aaagtaccat tacctgaaac gggaggaatt	3300
ggccgttttag gaatctatct agtagggatg attgggttg cgttttctat ttggtatctt	3360
ttttgaaaa aagaaagagg gggcagc	3387

<210> SEQ ID NO 15

<211> LENGTH: 1129

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

Met Thr Thr Thr Gly Lys Leu Lys Val Ile Phe Met Leu Ile Ile			
1	5	10	15
Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Phe Val Pro Leu Ser Ala Ile Ala Asp Thr Thr			
20	25	30	
Asp Asp Pro Thr Val Leu Glu Thr Ile Ser Ala Glu Val Ile Ser Asp			
35	40	45	
Gln Ser Gly Lys Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Lys Leu Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr			
50	55	60	
Ser Ala Glu Lys Ile Glu Lys Glu Ile Gly Leu Val Glu Asn Tyr Leu			
65	70	75	80
Ser Asp Val Glu Arg Lys Glu Gly Asp Gly Tyr Ala Tyr Gln Val Asn			
85	90	95	
Ser Gly Lys Ile Thr Leu Glu Ile Ser Ser Asn Thr Lys Gln Thr Ile			
100	105	110	

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Asp Leu Ser Phe Pro Ile Asp Pro Ala Leu Tyr His Ser Gln Ala Asn
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Ile Val Asp Asn Lys Glu Tyr Asp Ile Ile Asp Glu Thr Glu
 130 135 140
 Asn Lys Lys Asp Thr Asp Val Ser Val Pro Lys Pro Asp Glu Ile Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Glu Ser Ser Lys Glu Asn Glu Asn Ser Val Ser Pro Phe Thr Leu
 165 170 175
 Pro Thr Leu Ser Leu Pro Ala Val Ser Val Pro Ser Asn Gln Thr Ile
 180 185 190
 Pro Thr Glu Tyr Thr Thr Asp Asp Gln Gly Thr Tyr Pro Lys Ala Ser
 195 200 205
 Trp Gln Pro Thr Gly Asn Thr Asn Val Leu Asp His Gln Gly Asn Lys
 210 215 220
 Asn Gly Thr Asn Gln Trp Asp Gly Ile Asn Ser Trp Asn Gly Asp Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Asn Asp Arg Thr His Ser Tyr Ile Glu Tyr Gly Gly Thr Gly Asn Gln
 245 250 255
 Ala Asp Tyr Ala Ile Arg Lys Tyr Ala Lys Glu Thr Ser Thr Pro Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Phe Asp Val Tyr Leu Asn Ala Arg Gly Asn Val Gln Lys Asp Ile
 275 280 285
 Thr Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Leu Val Val Asp Trp Ser Gly Ser Met Asn
 290 295 300
 Asp Asn Asn Arg Ile Gly Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Val Asp Arg Phe Val
 305 310 315 320
 Asp Thr Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Ile Thr Asp Lys Ile Asn Met Gly Tyr
 325 330 335
 Val Gly Tyr Ser Ser Glu Gly Tyr Ser Tyr Ser Asn Gly Ala Val Gln
 340 345 350
 Met Gly Ser Phe Asp Ser Val Lys Asn Gln Val Lys Ser Ile Thr Pro
 355 360 365
 Ser Arg Thr Asn Gly Gly Thr Phe Thr Gln Lys Ala Leu Arg Asp Ala
 370 375 380
 Gly Ser Met Leu Ser Val Pro Asn Gly His Lys Lys Val Ile Val Leu
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Thr Asp Gly Val Pro Thr Phe Ser Tyr Lys Val Gln Arg Val His
 405 410 415
 Ala Gln Ser Ser Ser Asn Tyr Tyr Gly Thr Gln Phe Ser Asn Thr Gln
 420 425 430
 Asp Arg Pro Gly Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Ser Arg Ile Tyr Asp Ala Pro
 435 440 445
 Asp Gln Asn Asn Leu Ser Arg Arg Ile Asp Ser Thr Phe Ile Ala Thr
 450 455 460
 Ile Gly Glu Ala Met Ala Leu Lys Glu Arg Gly Ile Glu Ile His Gly
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Gly Ile Gln Leu Gln Ser Asp Pro Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Lys Ala
 485 490 495
 Glu Val Glu Ser Arg Met Arg Gln Met Val Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Gly
 500 505 510
 Asp Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Ser Ala Asp His Ala Thr Asp Ile Ser Glu Tyr
 515 520 525

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Leu Ala Lys Lys Ala Val Gln Ile Ser Ala Thr Val Ser Asn Gly Gln
 530 535 540
 Ile Asn Asp Pro Ile Ala Glu Pro Phe Ile Tyr Gln Pro Gly Thr Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Ser Val Lys Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Pro Thr Thr Val Thr Pro Ser Ile
 565 570 575
 Ser Ile Glu Gly Asn Thr Ile Lys Ser Asn Gln Ile Tyr Leu Gly Lys
 580 585 590
 Asp Gln Glu Ile Gln Ile His Tyr Gln Val Arg Ile Gln Thr Glu Asn
 595 600 605
 Glu Asp Phe His Pro Asn Phe Trp Tyr Gln Met Asn Gly Arg Thr Thr
 610 615 620
 Phe Gln Pro Asn Ile Asp Thr Asn Glu Leu Ala Glu Phe Gly Ile Pro
 625 630 635 640
 Ser Ala Lys Ala Pro Gly Val Ser Leu His Ile Lys Lys Leu Trp Glu
 645 650 655
 Glu Phe Asp Asn Asn Leu Ala Asp Arg Pro Asp Gln Val Thr Phe Glu
 660 665 670
 Ile Gln Arg Glu His Thr Thr Asn Ala Ala Ala Trp Lys Asn Gly Tyr
 675 680 685
 Ile Arg Ile Ile Lys Pro Ala Lys Asp Thr Thr Asn Thr Trp Glu Arg
 690 695 700
 Ala Asp Ile Asp Lys Leu Ser Ala Asn Ser Gly Glu Ser Tyr Gln Glu
 705 710 715 720
 Ile Leu Ser Leu Pro Gln Tyr Asn Asn Gln Gly Gln Ala Phe Ser Tyr
 725 730 735
 Gln Thr Ile Lys Glu Leu Pro Val Pro Gly Tyr Asp Ser Gln Gln Ile
 740 745 750
 Asp Ala Met Thr Trp Lys Asn Thr Lys Gln Phe Thr Pro Leu Asn Leu
 755 760 765
 Lys Ile Thr Lys Asn Ser Ser Thr Gly Glu Lys Asp Leu Ile Gly Ala
 770 775 780
 Val Phe Lys Leu Thr Gly Asp Ser Ile Asp Thr Leu Leu Thr Asp His
 785 790 795 800
 Gly Asp Gly Thr Tyr Ser Leu Pro Glu Asn Val Lys Leu Gln Lys Glu
 805 810 815
 Met Thr Tyr Thr Leu Thr Glu Thr Lys Ala Pro Glu Gly His Gly Leu
 820 825 830
 Ser Lys Lys Thr Thr Trp Glu Ile Lys Ile Ala Ser Asp Gly Thr Val
 835 840 845
 Thr Ile Asp Gly Lys Thr Val Thr Ser Asp Asp Thr Ile Gln Leu
 850 855 860
 Thr Ile Glu Asn Pro Phe Val Glu Val Pro Val Ala Val Arg Lys Tyr
 865 870 875 880
 Ala Met Gln Gly Thr Asp Lys Glu Ile Asn Leu Lys Gly Ala Ala Phe
 885 890 895
 Ser Leu Gln Lys Lys Glu Ala Asn Gly Thr Tyr Gln Pro Ile Asp Ser
 900 905 910
 Gln Thr Thr Asn Glu Lys Gly Leu Ala Ser Phe Asp Ser Leu Thr Pro
 915 920 925
 Gly Lys Tyr Arg Val Val Glu Thr Ala Gly Pro Ala Gly Tyr Asp Thr
 930 935 940
 Ser Pro Gly Asn Tyr Glu Phe Gln Ile Asp Lys Tyr Gly Lys Ile Ile

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945	950	955	960
Tyr	Thr	Gly	Lys
Asn	Asn	Thr	Glu
Met	Thr	Asn	Val
965	970	975	
Trp	Thr	Leu	Thr
His	Gln	Asn	Arg
Leu	Lys	Ala	Phe
980	985	990	
Asp	Asn	Gly	Gln
Gln	Thr	Leu	Lys
995	1000		
Gly	Ala	Lys	Phe
			Arg
			Leu
			Gln
			Gly
			Pro
Glu	Met	Asp	Leu
		Glu	Ser
		Pro	Lys
		Asp	Gly
		Gln	Glu
			Thr
1010	1015	1020	
			Asp
			Thr
Phe	Leu	Phe	Glu
		Asn	Leu
		Lys	Pro
		Gly	Gly
1025	1030	1035	
			Thr
Thr	Phe	Thr	Pro
		Glu	Gly
		Tyr	Gln
		Gly	Leu
		Lys	Glu
			Pro
			Val
1040	1045	1050	
			Thr
Ile	Val	Ile	His
			Glu
			Asp
			Gly
		Ser	Ile
			Gln
			Val
1055	1060	1065	
			Asp
His	Glu	Ser	Val
			Leu
			Ser
			Pro
			Gly
		Ala	Lys
		Asn	Asn
		Gln	Ile
1070	1075	1080	
			Ser
Leu	Asp	Ile	Thr
			Asn
			Gln
			Ala
			Lys
1085	1090	1095	
			Val
			Pro
			Leu
			Pro
			Glu
			Thr
			Gly
Gly	Ile	Gly	Arg
		Leu	Gly
		Ile	Tyr
			Leu
			Val
			Gly
1100	1105	1110	
			Met
			Ile
			Gly
			Cys
Ala	Phe	Ser	Ile
			Trp
			Tyr
			Leu
			Phe
			Leu
			Lys
			Glu
1115	1120	1125	

Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 1422
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

atgaaaaaac	ttgggtggct	tagtatgtt	ctcttcttg	tactatttaa	accagcttt	60
actcaggtag	caacagaaac	agaaaacagaa	atgggttcaga	ttactttaca	caaattgctt	120
ttcccaaacg	ggcaactgcc	gaaaaatcat	ccaaatgacg	gacaagaaaa	agctttatta	180
caaacgtatc	gaggattaaa	tggtgtcaca	ttccaagttt	atgatgtcac	agattcttt	240
taccatctac	gggaaaaggg	caaaacggta	gaagaagcac	aagcagagat	cgaaaaaac	300
ggtgtcgctt	ccggatgttt	tacccgcagaa	gcaacaacta	caactcttaa	caacgaagat	360
ggtatcgctt	cttttctct	ggccgctaaa	gatcaagaaa	aaagagataa	agcgtatctt	420
ttcattgaat	ccaaagtacc	agaagtgcgc	aaagaaaagg	cagagaatat	ggttagtttt	480
cttcctgtac	atggacaaaa	caatcaaaaa	cttcaacta	tccatttgta	tcctaaaaat	540
gaagaaaaacg	actaccctga	tccacctttt	gagaaggat	tagaaagagcc	tagaaatgtat	600
tttacgattt	gtgaaaaaat	cacttattcc	ttgcatacga	caattcctgt	aaatatcctt	660
gactatcaa	agttcgaatt	gtcagatgt	gcggatgaag	cattaacgtt	tttacctaatt	720
agtttaacga	tttcatcgaa	tggagaaaag	ctgacagaag	gttttgtcat	acacaagaaa	780
cctcacggat	ttgatgtttt	attttcgatc	ctttcgttgg	aaaaatatgc	tggaaaaaaa	840
ctgaccattt	cttacatcgat	gcagctaagc	agtacagcac	aggcgaacaa	ggaaatcaac	900
aacaacggaa	cactggattt	tggttttgtt	gtcagtcataaa	agaaagtctc	tgtatataca	960
gggagtaagc	aatttgc当地	aatcgagaca	aataaaccag	ataaaacgatt	agctggcgca	1020

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gtatccctta taaaaacaa	agcaggaaat tacctccagc	aaacagccaa	cggataacaag	1080
tggacaaaga acgaatcaga	tgcgcttcac ctgatttccg	ataaaaatgg	cgcttttca	1140
atttccgggt tgaaaacagg	aagttagtgcg taaaagaga	tcgaagcacc	ttctggttat	1200
attttaagtg aaacagaaaat	tccgtttacc atttcaactt	ttctttctga	ggataaagag	1260
gcggacagta tattgaaagt	agtcaataaaa aaagaaaata	gccgtccatt	tcttccaaaa	1320
acaaacgaaa cgaaaaatac	acttttaggc gttgttgta	tggtattcgc	aagcttgca	1380
atctgggtt ttatcaaaaa	aagaacagga gtgaaaaat	ga		1422

<210> SEQ ID NO 17

<211> LENGTH: 473

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

Met Lys Lys Leu Gly Trp	Leu Ser Met Cys	Leu Phe	Leu Leu Leu Phe	
1	5	10	15	

Lys Pro Ala Phe Thr Gln Val	Ala Thr Glu Thr Glu Thr	Glu Met Val	
20	25	30	

Gln Ile Thr Leu His Lys Leu	Leu Phe Pro Asn Gly	Gln Leu Pro Lys	
35	40	45	

Asn His Pro Asn Asp Gly	Gln Glu Lys Ala Leu	Leu Gln Thr Tyr Arg	
50	55	60	

Gly Leu Asn Gly Val Thr Phe Gln Val Tyr Asp Val	Thr Asp Ser Phe		
65	70	75	80

Tyr His Leu Arg Glu Lys Gly	Lys Thr Val Glu Glu Ala	Gln Ala Glu	
85	90	95	

Ile Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly	Met Phe Thr Ala Glu Ala Thr		
100	105	110	

Thr Thr Thr Leu Asn Asn Glu Asp Gly	Ile Ala Ser Phe Ser Leu Ala		
115	120	125	

Ala Lys Asp Gln Glu Lys Arg Asp Lys Ala Tyr	Leu Phe Ile Glu Ser		
130	135	140	

Lys Val Pro Glu Val Val Lys Glu Lys Ala Glu Asn	Met Val Val Val		
145	150	155	160

Leu Pro Val His Gly Gln Asn Asn Gln Lys Leu Ser	Thr Ile His Leu		
165	170	175	

Tyr Pro Lys Asn Glu Glu Asn Asp Tyr Pro Asp Pro	Phe Glu Lys		
180	185	190	

Val Leu Glu Glu Pro Arg Asn Asp Phe Thr Ile Gly	Glu Lys Ile Thr		
195	200	205	

Tyr Ser Leu His Thr Thr Ile Pro Val Asn Ile Leu	Asp Tyr Gln Lys		
210	215	220	

Phe Glu Leu Ser Asp Ser Ala Asp Glu Ala Leu	Thr Phe Leu Pro Asn		
225	230	235	240

Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Asn Gly Glu Lys Leu	Thr Glu Gly Phe Val		
245	250	255	

Ile His Lys Lys Pro His Gly Phe Asp Val Leu Phe	Ser Ile Pro Ser		
260	265	270	

Leu Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gly Lys Lys Leu Thr Ile Ser	Tyr Gln Met Gln		
275	280	285	

Leu Ser Ser Thr Ala Gln Ala Asn Lys Glu Ile Asn	Asn Asn Gly Thr		
290	295	300	

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Leu Asp Phe Gly Phe Gly Val Ser Thr Lys Lys Val Ser Val Tyr Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Ser Lys Gln Phe Val Lys Ile Glu Thr Asn Lys Pro Asp Lys Arg
 325 330 335
 Leu Ala Gly Ala Val Phe Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys Ala Gly Asn Tyr Leu
 340 345 350
 Gln Gln Thr Ala Asn Gly Tyr Lys Trp Thr Lys Asn Glu Ser Asp Ala
 355 360 365
 Leu His Leu Ile Ser Asp Lys Asn Gly Ala Phe Ser Ile Ser Gly Leu
 370 375 380
 Lys Thr Gly Ser Tyr Arg Leu Lys Glu Ile Glu Ala Pro Ser Gly Tyr
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Leu Ser Glu Thr Glu Ile Pro Phe Thr Ile Ser Thr Phe Leu Ser
 405 410 415
 Glu Asp Lys Glu Ala Asp Ser Ile Leu Lys Val Val Asn Lys Lys Glu
 420 425 430
 Asn Ser Arg Pro Phe Leu Pro Lys Thr Asn Glu Thr Lys Asn Thr Leu
 435 440 445
 Leu Gly Val Val Gly Met Val Phe Ala Ser Phe Ala Ile Trp Leu Phe
 450 455 460
 Ile Lys Lys Arg Thr Gly Val Lys Lys
 465 470

<210> SEQ ID NO 18
 <211> LENGTH: 1878
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

atgaaaaata	aaaaaaaat aaacgttagt	ttaggagtcc tttccttat	tttaccatta	60	
ctcacaaaca	gcttcggcgc	aaaaaaaaatg	tttgagagg agacagcagc	tcaagtcatc	120
cttcataaaa	agaaaaatgac	tgatttaccc	gatccttaa	tccaaaacag cggaaagaa	180
atgagcgaat	tcgatcaata	ccaaggatta	gccgatattt	cattttcagt ttataacgtc	240
actcaagaat	tttatgcgca	acgagataaa	ggagcgccg	tggatgcagc aaaacaagca	300
gtccagtctt	tgactcctgg	tacaccagtt	gcttcaggaa	cgacagatgc tgatggaaat	360
gtcactttat	ctttacctaa	aaaacaaaat	gggaaagatg	cagtctacac gatcaaagaa	420
gaaccaaaag	acggagtgtc	agctgccgca	aacatggttt	tagcttccc tigtatatgag	480
atgatcaaac	aaggcagatgg	ctttataaa	tacgggacag	aagaactaga tactatccat	540
ctctacccta	aaaatacagt	cggtaatgt	ggaacgttga	aagttacaaa aatcggtact	600
gccgaaaacg	aaggcactaaa	tggagcagaa	tttattttt	ctaaagaaga aggaacacca	660
agcgtcaaaa	aatacatcca	aagtgtcaca	gatggattgt	acacttggac aactgtatcaa	720
accaaagcca	aacatttcat	tactggtcat	tctttagaca	tccggcaacaa tgactttgcc	780
gaggcatcta	ttgaaaaagg	ccagttgatc	gttaatcatt	tagaagttgg aaaatataat	840
ttagaagaag	taaaagctcc	tgataatgcg	gaaatgattt	aaaagcaaac aatcacgcct	900
tttgagatcc	tggcaaata	ccaaacacca	gtagaaaaga	ccatcaaaaa tgatacgct	960
aaagttgata	aaacaacacc	tcaattgaat	ggaaaagatg	tcgcaatcg tgaaaaaatt	1020
caatatgaga	tttctgtcaa	tatccccatta	ggtatcgctg	ataaaagaagg aacgcaaac	1080
aagtacacaa	cattcaaact	tatcgatact	catgacgctg	ctttaacatt tgataatgt	1140

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tcttcaggaa cgtatgctta tgccttatat gatggaaata aagaaatcga cccagtaaat	1200
tattctgtca ctgagcaaac agacggattc acgggtttag ttgateccgaa ttatattcct	1260
tcattaactc ctggcggtac attgaaattc gtttactata tgcattgaa cgaaaaagca	1320
gatccaacca aaggattttc taaccaagca aatgtcgata acgggcatac aaatgatcaa	1380
acaccaccgt cagtcgatgt cggtactggg ggcaaacat ttgttaaagt agatggtgac	1440
gttacatcg accaaacact tgctggagca gaattcgtcg ttcgtgatca agatagtgac	1500
acagcgaaat atttatcgat cgaccatcc acaaaagccc tcagctgggt atcggcgaaa	1560
gaatcagcaa cggttttac aaccacaagt aacggttta tcgatgtgac aggtctaaaa	1620
tatggcacgt actatctgga agaaacgaaa gcgccagaaa aatatgttcc attaacaac	1680
cgtgttagcat ttactatcga tgaacaatct tatgtaacag caggacagtt gatttctcct	1740
aaaaaaatac caaataaaaca caaaggtaca cttcattcaa caggcggtaa gggaatctat	1800
gtgtatatcg gtgcaggagt agtccctcta ctgattgctg gactgtactt tgctagacgc	1860
aagcacagtc agattnag	1878

<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 625

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Met Lys Asn His Lys Lys Ile Asn Val Met Leu Gly Val Leu Phe Leu			
1	5	10	15

Ile Leu Pro Leu Leu Thr Asn Ser Phe Gly Ala Lys Lys Val Phe Ala			
20	25	30	

Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Gln Val Ile Leu His Lys Lys Met Thr Asp			
35	40	45	

Leu Pro Asp Pro Leu Ile Gln Asn Ser Gly Lys Glu Met Ser Glu Phe			
50	55	60	

Asp Gln Tyr Gln Gly Leu Ala Asp Ile Ser Phe Ser Val Tyr Asn Val			
65	70	75	80

Thr Gln Glu Phe Tyr Ala Gln Arg Asp Lys Gly Ala Ser Val Asp Ala			
85	90	95	

Ala Lys Gln Ala Val Gln Ser Leu Thr Pro Gly Thr Pro Val Ala Ser			
100	105	110	

Gly Thr Thr Asp Ala Asp Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ser Leu Pro Lys Lys			
115	120	125	

Gln Asn Gly Lys Asp Ala Val Tyr Thr Ile Lys Glu Glu Pro Lys Asp			
130	135	140	

Gly Val Ser Ala Ala Ala Asn Met Val Leu Ala Phe Pro Val Tyr Glu			
145	150	155	160

Met Ile Lys Gln Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Lys Tyr Gly Thr Glu Glu Leu			
165	170	175	

Asp Thr Ile His Leu Tyr Pro Lys Asn Thr Val Gly Asn Asp Gly Thr			
180	185	190	

Leu Lys Val Thr Lys Ile Gly Thr Ala Glu Asn Glu Ala Leu Asn Gly			
195	200	205	

Ala Glu Phe Ile Ile Ser Lys Glu Glu Gly Thr Pro Ser Val Lys Lys			
210	215	220	

Tyr Ile Gln Ser Val Thr Asp Gly Leu Tyr Thr Trp Thr Thr Asp Gln			
225	230	235	240

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Thr Lys Ala Lys His Phe Ile Thr Gly His Ser Tyr Asp Ile Gly Asn
 245 250 255
 Asn Asp Phe Ala Glu Ala Ser Ile Glu Lys Gly Gln Leu Ile Val Asn
 260 265 270
 His Leu Glu Val Gly Lys Tyr Asn Leu Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Pro Asp
 275 280 285
 Asn Ala Glu Met Ile Glu Lys Gln Thr Ile Thr Pro Phe Glu Ile Leu
 290 295 300
 Ala Asn Ser Gln Thr Pro Val Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Asn Asp Thr Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Thr Pro Gln Leu Asn Gly Lys Asp Val Ala Ile
 325 330 335
 Gly Glu Lys Ile Gln Tyr Glu Ile Ser Val Asn Ile Pro Leu Gly Ile
 340 345 350
 Ala Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gln Asn Lys Tyr Thr Thr Phe Lys Leu Ile
 355 360 365
 Asp Thr His Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr Phe Asp Asn Asp Ser Ser Gly Thr
 370 375 380
 Tyr Ala Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Asp Gly Asn Lys Glu Ile Asp Pro Val Asn
 385 390 395 400
 Tyr Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Thr Asp Gly Phe Thr Val Ser Val Asp Pro
 405 410 415
 Asn Tyr Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Gly Gly Thr Leu Lys Phe Val Tyr
 420 425 430
 Tyr Met His Leu Asn Glu Lys Ala Asp Pro Thr Lys Gly Phe Ser Asn
 435 440 445
 Gln Ala Asn Val Asp Asn Gly His Thr Asn Asp Gln Thr Pro Pro Ser
 450 455 460
 Val Asp Val Val Thr Gly Gly Lys Arg Phe Val Lys Val Asp Gly Asp
 465 470 475 480
 Val Thr Ser Asp Gln Thr Leu Ala Gly Ala Glu Phe Val Val Arg Asp
 485 490 495
 Gln Asp Ser Asp Thr Ala Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ile Asp Pro Ser Thr Lys
 500 505 510
 Ala Val Ser Trp Val Ser Ala Lys Glu Ser Ala Thr Val Phe Thr Thr
 515 520 525
 Thr Ser Asn Gly Leu Ile Asp Val Thr Gly Leu Lys Tyr Gly Thr Tyr
 530 535 540
 Tyr Leu Glu Glu Thr Lys Ala Pro Glu Lys Tyr Val Pro Leu Thr Asn
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Val Ala Phe Thr Ile Asp Glu Gln Ser Tyr Val Thr Ala Gly Gln
 565 570 575
 Leu Ile Ser Pro Glu Lys Ile Pro Asn Lys His Lys Gly Thr Leu Pro
 580 585 590
 Ser Thr Gly Gly Lys Gly Ile Tyr Val Tyr Ile Gly Ala Gly Val Val
 595 600 605
 Leu Leu Leu Ile Ala Gly Leu Tyr Phe Ala Arg Arg Lys His Ser Gln
 610 615 620
 Ile
 625

<210> SEQ ID NO 20
 <211> LENGTH: 2402
 <212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Met Lys Asn Lys Gln Gly Phe Leu Pro Asn Leu Leu Asn Lys Tyr Gly
 1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Lys Leu Ser Ala Gly Thr Ala Ser Leu Leu Ile Gly Ala Thr
 20 25 30

Leu Val Phe Gly Ile Asn Gly Gln Val Lys Ala Ala Glu Thr Asp Asn
 35 40 45

Ile Val Ser Gln Asn Gly Asp Asn Lys Thr Asn Asp Ser Glu Ser Ser
 50 55 60

Asp Lys Glu Leu Val Lys Ser Glu Asp Asp Lys Thr Ser Ser Thr Ser
 65 70 75 80

Thr Asp Thr Asn Leu Glu Ser Glu Phe Asp Gln Asn Asn Asn Pro Ser
 85 90 95

Ser Ile Glu Glu Ser Thr Asn Arg Asn Asp Glu Asp Thr Leu Asn Gln
 100 105 110

Arg Thr Ser Thr Glu Thr Glu Lys Asp Thr His Val Lys Ser Ala Asp
 115 120 125

Thr Gln Thr Thr Asn Glu Thr Asn Lys Asn Asp Asp Asn Ala Thr
 130 135 140

Thr Asn His Thr Glu Ser Ile Ser Asp Glu Ser Thr Tyr Gln Ser Asp
 145 150 155 160

Asp Ser Lys Thr Thr Gln His Asp Asn Ser Asn Thr Asn Gln Asp Thr
 165 170 175

Gln Ser Thr Leu Asn Pro Thr Ser Lys Glu Ser Ser Asn Lys Asp Glu
 180 185 190

Ala Thr Ser Pro Thr Pro Lys Glu Ser Thr Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn
 195 200 205

Leu Ser Asn Asp Ala Asn His Gln Thr Thr Asp Glu Val Asn His Ser
 210 215 220

Asp Ser Asp Asn Met Thr Asn Ser Thr Pro Asn Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu
 225 230 235 240

Leu Asp Thr Thr Gln Leu Thr Ser His Asp Glu Ser Pro Ser Pro Gln
 245 250 255

Ser Asp Asn Phe Thr Gly Phe Thr Asn Leu Met Ala Thr Pro Leu Asn
 260 265 270

Leu Arg Asn Asp Asn Pro Arg Ile Asn Leu Leu Ala Ala Thr Glu Asp
 275 280 285

Thr Lys Pro Lys Thr Tyr Lys Lys Pro Asn Asn Ser Glu Tyr Ser Tyr
 290 295 300

Leu Leu Asn Asp Leu Gly Tyr Asp Ala Thr Thr Val Lys Glu Asn Ser
 305 310 315 320

Asp Leu Arg His Ala Gly Ile Ser Gln Ser Gln Asp Asn Thr Gly Ser
 325 330 335

Val Ile Lys Leu Asn Leu Thr Lys Trp Leu Ser Leu Gln Ser Asp Phe
 340 345 350

Val Asn Gly Gly Lys Val Asn Leu Ser Phe Ala Gln Ser Asp Phe Tyr
 355 360 365

Thr Gln Ile Glu Ser Ile Thr Leu Asn Asp Val Lys Met Asp Thr Thr
 370 375 380

Asn Asn Gly Gln Asn Trp Ser Ala Pro Ile Asn Gly Ser Thr Val Arg
 385 390 395 400

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Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly Ser Val Thr Asn His Asp Ile Val Ile Thr Leu
 405 410 415

Lys Asn Ser Gln Thr Leu Ser Ser Leu Gly Tyr Ser Asn Asn Lys Pro
 420 425 430

Val Tyr Leu Thr His Thr Trp Thr Thr Asn Asp Gly Ala Ile Ala Glu
 435 440 445

Glu Ser Ile Gln Val Ala Ser Ile Thr Pro Thr Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala
 450 455 460

Pro Asn Thr Ile Gln Lys Ser Asp Phe Thr Ala Gly Arg Met Thr Asn
 465 470 475 480

Lys Ile Lys Tyr Asp Ser Ser Gln Asn Ser Ile Lys Ser Val His Thr
 485 490 495

Phe Lys Pro Asn Glu Asn Phe Leu Gln Thr Asp Tyr Arg Ala Val Leu
 500 505 510

Tyr Ile Lys Glu Gln Val Asn Lys Glu Leu Ile Pro Tyr Ile Asp Pro
 515 520 525

Asn Ser Val Lys Leu Tyr Val Ser Asp Pro Asp Gly Asn Pro Ile Ser
 530 535 540

Gln Asp Arg Tyr Val Asn Gly Ser Ile Asp Asn Asp Gly Leu Phe Asp
 545 550 555 560

Ser Ser Lys Ile Asn Glu Ile Ser Ile Lys Asn Asn Asn Thr Ser Gly
 565 570 575

Gln Leu Ser Asn Ala Arg Thr Ser Leu Asp Arg Asn Val Phe Phe Gly
 580 585 590

Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Arg Ser Tyr Thr Ile Ser Tyr Lys Leu Lys Asp
 595 600 605

Gly Tyr Thr Leu Glu Ser Val Ala Ser Lys Val Ser Ala Arg Glu Thr
 610 615 620

Phe Asp Ser Trp Met Glu Val Asp Tyr Leu Asp Ser Tyr Asp Ser Gly
 625 630 635 640

Ala Pro Asn Lys Arg Leu Leu Gly Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Tyr Ile Asp
 645 650 655

Met Ile Asp Arg Ile Pro Pro Val Ala Pro Lys Ala Asn Ser Ile Thr
 660 665 670

Thr Glu Asp Thr Ser Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Glu Val Asp Thr Asn Ile
 675 680 685

Asn Leu Thr Phe Asn Asp Gly Arg Thr Leu Asn Gly Lys Val Asp Ser
 690 695 700

Asn Gly Asn Phe Ser Ile Ala Ile Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Val Leu Thr Gly
 705 710 715 720

Lys Glu Thr Ile Lys Ile Thr Ser Ile Asp Lys Gly Asp Asn Val Ser
 725 730 735

Pro Ala Ile Thr Ile Ser Val Ile Asp Lys Thr Pro Pro Ala Val Lys
 740 745 750

Ala Ile Ser Asn Lys Thr Gln Lys Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile
 755 760 765

Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val
 770 775 780

Glu Gly Leu Pro Ala Gly Met Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile
 785 790 795 800

Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Thr
 805 810 815

Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val

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820	825	830
Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Ser Val Ala Asp Gln Thr Gln		
835	840	845
Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn		
850	855	860
Ser Gly Arg Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly Val		
865	870	875
880		
Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val		
885	890	895
Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Val		
900	905	910
Thr Glu Thr Ile Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr		
915	920	925
Val Glu Ser Ile Ala Gly Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu		
930	935	940
Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Lys Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Thr Val Thr Asn		
945	950	955
960		
Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn		
965	970	975
Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Val Thr Val		
980	985	990
Thr Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile		
995	1000	1005
Glu Val Lys Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Ser Val Ala Asp		
1010	1015	1020
Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu		
1025	1030	1035
Ala Arg Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly		
1040	1045	1050
Leu Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser		
1055	1060	1065
Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Thr		
1070	1075	1080
Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Val Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Glu		
1085	1090	1095
Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Asn Val Ala Asp Gln		
1100	1105	1110
Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Thr Pro Ile Thr Ile Glu Ser		
1115	1120	1125
Glu Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Thr Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu		
1130	1135	1140
Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Thr Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly		
1145	1150	1155
Thr Pro Ser Lys Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Thr		
1160	1165	1170
Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Glu Val		
1175	1180	1185
Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Asn Val Ala Gly Gln Thr		
1190	1195	1200
Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr		
1205	1210	1215
Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Glu Gly Leu Pro		
1220	1225	1230

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Ala Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr
 1235 1240 1245
 Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Thr Val Thr Val Thr Thr Met Asp
 1250 1255 1260
 Glu Ser Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu
 1265 1270 1275
 Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Ser Val Ala Asp Gln Thr Gln
 1280 1285 1290
 Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Thr Pro Ile Thr Ile Glu Ser Glu Asp
 1295 1300 1305
 Asn Ser Asp Gln Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp
 1310 1315 1320
 Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro
 1325 1330 1335
 Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Thr Val Thr Val Thr Thr Thr Asp Glu
 1340 1345 1350
 Ser Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp
 1355 1360 1365
 Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Lys Ser Val Ser Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu
 1370 1375 1380
 Val Asn Thr Glu Ile Thr Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn
 1385 1390 1395
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly
 1400 1405 1410
 Ile Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser
 1415 1420 1425
 Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser
 1430 1435 1440
 Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asn Val Glu Asp Thr
 1445 1450 1455
 Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Asp Ile Ala Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu Val
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Gly Gln Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly Val
 1490 1495 1500
 Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu
 1505 1510 1515
 Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Ile Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly
 1520 1525 1530
 Asn Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr
 1535 1540 1545
 Lys Pro Thr Val Glu Ser Val Val Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn
 1550 1555 1560
 Thr Glu Ile Thr Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly
 1565 1570 1575
 Gln Ala Val Ala Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asn Gly Val Thr
 1580 1585 1590
 Phe Asp Glu Thr Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val
 1595 1600 1605
 Gly Ser Tyr Asp Ile Ile Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn
 1610 1615 1620

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Val Thr Glu Thr Ile Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys
 1625 1630 1635
 Pro Thr Val Glu Ser Ile Ala Gly Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr
 1640 1645 1650
 Glu Ile Glu Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln
 1655 1660 1665
 Ala Val Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asn Gly Val Thr Phe
 1670 1675 1680
 Asp Glu Ala Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly
 1685 1690 1695
 Ile Tyr Thr Val Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Ala
 1700 1705 1710
 Thr Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro
 1715 1720 1725
 Thr Val Glu Ser Val Ala Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr Glu
 1730 1735 1740
 Ile Thr Pro Ile Thr Ile Glu Ser Glu Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala
 1745 1750 1755
 Val Thr Asn Lys Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Ala Gly Met Thr Phe Asp
 1760 1765 1770
 Glu Thr Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser
 1775 1780 1785
 Tyr Thr Val Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Glu Thr
 1790 1795 1800
 Glu Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr
 1805 1810 1815
 Val Glu Ser Ile Ala Asn Gln Thr Gln Glu Val Asn Thr Glu Ile
 1820 1825 1830
 Thr Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val
 1835 1840 1845
 Thr Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asn Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu
 1850 1855 1860
 Thr Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr
 1865 1870 1875
 Asp Ile Lys Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu
 1880 1885 1890
 Thr Thr Phe Thr Ile Asn Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val
 1895 1900 1905
 Glu Ser Val Ala Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Glu Ile Glu
 1910 1915 1920
 Pro Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Arg Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val Thr
 1925 1930 1935
 Asn Lys Val Asp Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala
 1940 1945 1950
 Thr Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Ser Tyr Asp
 1955 1960 1965
 Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Glu Ser Gly Asn Ala Thr Glu Thr
 1970 1975 1980
 Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Val Glu Asp Thr Thr Lys Pro Thr Val Glu
 1985 1990 1995
 Asp Ile Thr Asp Gln Thr Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Glu Met Thr Pro
 2000 2005 2010
 Ile Lys Ile Glu Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly Gln Ala Val Thr Asn

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2015	2020	2025
Lys Val Glu Gly Leu Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Phe Asp Glu Ala Thr 2030 2035 2040		
Asn Thr Ile Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Glu Val Gly Lys Tyr Leu Ile 2045 2050 2055		
Thr Ile Thr Thr Ile Asp Lys Asp Gly Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Thr 2060 2065 2070		
Leu Thr Ile Asn Val Ile Asp Thr Thr Thr Pro Glu Gln Pro Thr 2075 2080 2085		
Ile Asn Lys Val Thr Glu Asn Ser Thr Glu Val Asn Gly Arg Gly 2090 2095 2100		
Glu Pro Gly Thr Val Val Glu Val Thr Phe Pro Asp Gly Asn Lys 2105 2110 2115		
Val Glu Gly Lys Val Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Tyr His Ile Gln Ile 2120 2125 2130		
Pro Ser Glu Thr Thr Leu Lys Gly Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Val Ile 2135 2140 2145		
Ala Ile Asp Lys Ala Gly Asn Lys Ser Glu Ala Thr Thr Thr Asn 2150 2155 2160		
Val Ile Asp Thr Thr Ala Pro Glu Gln Pro Thr Ile Asn Lys Val 2165 2170 2175		
Thr Glu Asn Ser Thr Glu Val Ser Gly Arg Gly Glu Pro Gly Thr 2180 2185 2190		
Val Val Glu Val Thr Phe Pro Asp Gly Asn Lys Val Glu Gly Lys 2195 2200 2205		
Val Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Tyr His Ile Gln Ile Pro Ser Asp Glu 2210 2215 2220		
Arg Phe Lys Val Gly Gln Gln Leu Ile Val Lys Val Val Asp Glu 2225 2230 2235		
Glu Gly Asn Val Ser Glu Pro Ser Ile Thr Met Val Gln Lys Glu 2240 2245 2250		
Asp Lys Asn Ser Glu Lys Leu Ser Thr Val Thr Gly Thr Val Thr 2255 2260 2265		
Lys Asn Asn Ser Lys Ser Leu Lys His Lys Ala Ser Glu Gln Gln 2270 2275 2280		
Ser Tyr His Asn Lys Ser Glu Lys Ile Lys Asn Val Asn Lys Pro 2285 2290 2295		
Thr Lys Ile Val Glu Lys Asp Met Ser Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Ser Arg 2300 2305 2310		
Tyr Ser Lys Asp Ile Ser Asn Lys Asn Asn Lys Ser Ala Thr Phe 2315 2320 2325		
Glu Gln Gln Asn Val Ser Asp Ile Asn Asn Asn Gln Tyr Ser Arg 2330 2335 2340		
Asn Lys Val Asn Gln Pro Val Lys Lys Ser Arg Lys Asn Glu Ile 2345 2350 2355		
Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Gln Thr Gly Glu Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Ser 2360 2365 2370		
Thr Leu Phe Gly Thr Leu Val Ala Ser Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu Leu 2375 2380 2385		
Phe Phe Lys Arg Arg Lys Lys Asp Glu Asn Asp Glu Lys Glu 2390 2395 2400		

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<211> LENGTH: 892
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

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Leu Phe Gly Leu Gly His Asn Glu Ala Lys Ala Glu Glu Asn Thr Val
1           5          10          15

Gln Asp Val Lys Asp Ser Asn Met Asp Asp Glu Leu Ser Asp Ser Asn
20          25          30

Asp Gln Ser Ser Asn Glu Glu Lys Asn Asp Val Ile Asn Asn Ser Gln
35          40          45

Ser Ile Asn Thr Asp Asp Asn Gln Ile Lys Lys Glu Glu Thr Asn
50          55          60

Ser Asn Asp Ala Ile Glu Asn Arg Ser Lys Asp Ile Thr Gln Ser Thr
65          70          75          80

Thr Asn Val Asp Glu Asn Glu Ala Thr Phe Leu Gln Lys Thr Pro Gln
85          90          95

Asp Asn Thr Gln Leu Lys Glu Glu Val Val Lys Glu Pro Ser Ser Val
100         105         110

Glu Ser Ser Asn Ser Ser Met Asp Thr Ala Gln Gln Pro Ser His Thr
115         120         125

Thr Ile Asn Ser Glu Ala Ser Ile Gln Thr Ser Asp Asn Glu Glu Asn
130         135         140

Ser Arg Val Ser Asp Phe Ala Asn Ser Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Thr
145         150         155         160

Glu Ser Asn Lys Glu Glu Asn Thr Ile Glu Gln Pro Asn Lys Val Arg
165         170         175

Glu Asp Ser Ile Thr Ser Gln Pro Ser Ser Tyr Lys Asn Ile Asp Glu
180         185         190

Lys Ile Ser Asn Gln Asp Glu Leu Leu Asn Leu Pro Ile Asn Glu Tyr
195         200         205

Glu Asn Lys Val Arg Pro Leu Ser Thr Thr Ser Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser
210         215         220

Lys Arg Val Thr Val Asn Gln Leu Ala Ala Glu Gln Gly Ser Asn Val
225         230         235         240

Asn His Leu Ile Lys Val Thr Asp Gln Ser Ile Thr Glu Gly Tyr Asp
245         250         255

Asp Ser Asp Gly Ile Ile Lys Ala His Asp Ala Glu Asn Leu Ile Tyr
260         265         270

Asp Val Thr Phe Glu Val Asp Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Gly Asp Thr Met
275         280         285

Thr Val Asn Ile Asp Lys Asn Thr Val Pro Ser Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser
290         295         300

Phe Ala Ile Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Asn Ser Gly Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr
305         310         315         320

Gly Thr Tyr Asp Asn Thr Asn Lys Gln Ile Thr Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp
325         330         335

Tyr Val Asp Lys Tyr Glu Asn Ile Lys Ala His Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser
340         345         350

Tyr Ile Asp Lys Ser Lys Val Pro Asn Asn Asn Thr Lys Leu Asp Val
355         360         365

Glu Tyr Lys Thr Ala Leu Ser Ser Val Asn Lys Thr Ile Thr Val Glu
370         375         380

Tyr Gln Lys Pro Asn Glu Asn Arg Thr Ala Asn Leu Gln Ser Met Phe

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385	390	395	400
Thr Asn Ile Asp Thr Lys Asn His	Thr Val Glu Gln Thr Ile Tyr Ile		
405	410		415
Asn Pro Leu Arg Tyr Ser Ala Lys	Glu Thr Asn Val Asn Ile Ser Gly		
420	425	430	
Asn Gly Asp Glu Gly Ser Thr Ile Ile Asp Asp Ser	Thr Ile Ile Lys		
435	440	445	
Val Tyr Lys Val Gly Asp Asn Gln Asn Leu Pro Asp	Ser Asn Arg Ile		
450	455	460	
Tyr Asp Tyr Ser Glu Tyr Glu Asp Val Thr Asn Asp	Asp Tyr Ala Gln		
465	470	475	480
Leu Gly Asn Asn Asn Asp Val Asn Ile Asn Phe Gly	Asn Ile Asp Ser		
485	490	495	
Pro Tyr Ile Ile Lys Val Ile Ser Lys Tyr Asp Pro	Asn Lys Asp Asp		
500	505	510	
Tyr Thr Thr Ile Gln Gln Thr Val Thr Met Gln Thr	Thr Ile Asn Glu		
515	520	525	
Tyr Thr Gly Glu Phe Arg Thr Ala Ser Tyr Asp Asn	Thr Ile Ala Phe		
530	535	540	
Ser Thr Ser Ser Gly Gln Gly Asp Leu Pro Pro Glu	Lys Thr		
545	550	555	560
Tyr Lys Ile Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Glu Asp Val Asp	Lys Asp Gly Ile		
565	570	575	
Gln Asn Thr Asn Asp Asn Glu Lys Pro Leu Ser Asn	Val Leu Val Thr		
580	585	590	
Leu Thr Tyr Pro Asp Gly Thr Ser Lys Ser Val Arg	Thr Asp Glu Glu		
595	600	605	
Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Asp Gly Leu Lys Asn Gly	Leu Thr Tyr Lys Ile		
610	615	620	
Thr Phe Glu Thr Pro Glu Gly Tyr Thr Pro Thr	Leu Lys His Ser Gly		
625	630	635	640
Thr Asn Pro Ala Leu Asp Ser Glu Gly Asn Ser Val	Trp Val Thr Ile		
645	650	655	
Asn Gly Gln Asp Asp Met Thr Ile Asp Ser Gly Phe	Tyr Gln Thr Pro		
660	665	670	
Lys Tyr Ser Leu Gly Asn Tyr Val Trp Tyr Asp Thr	Asn Lys Asp Gly		
675	680	685	
Ile Gln Gly Asp Asp Glu Lys Gly Ile Ser Gly Val	Lys Val Thr Leu		
690	695	700	
Lys Asp Glu Asn Gly Asn Ile Ile Ser Thr Thr	Thr Asp Glu Asn		
705	710	715	720
Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Asp Asn Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn	Tyr Ile Val His		
725	730	735	
Phe Asp Lys Pro Ser Gly Met Thr Gln Thr Thr	Asp Ser Gly Asp		
740	745	750	
Asp Asp Glu Gln Asp Ala Asp Gly Glu Glu Val His	Val Thr Ile Thr		
755	760	765	
Asp His Asp Asp Phe Ser Ile Asp Asn Gly Tyr Tyr	Asp Asp Asp Ser		
770	775	780	
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser	Asp Ser Asp Asp		
785	790	795	800
Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp	Ser Asp Ser Asp		
805	810	815	

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Ser Asp
820 825 830

Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Gly Leu Asp Asn Ser Ser Asp Lys Asn
835 840 845

Thr Lys Asp Lys Leu Pro Asp Thr Gly Ala Asn Glu Asp His Asp Ser
850 855 860

Lys Gly Thr Leu Leu Gly Ala Leu Phe Ala Gly Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu
865 870 875 880

Leu Gly Lys Arg Arg Lys Asn Arg Lys Asn Lys Asn
885 890

<210> SEQ_ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 1973

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Met Lys Glu Asn Lys Arg Lys Asn Asn Leu Asp Lys Asn Asn Thr Arg
1 5 10 15

Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ser Val Ala Ile
20 25 30

Ile Gly Phe Ile Ile Ser Cys Phe Ser Glu Ala Lys Ala Asp Ser
35 40 45

Asp Lys His Glu Ile Lys Ser His Gln Gln Ser Met Thr Asn His Leu
50 55 60

Thr Thr Leu Pro Ser Asp Asn Gln Glu Asn Thr Ser Asn Asn Glu Phe
65 70 75 80

Asn Asn Arg Asn His Asp Ile Ser His Leu Ser Leu Asn Lys Ser Ile
85 90 95

Gln Met Asp Glu Leu Lys Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Tyr Lys Ala Ile Asn
100 105 110

Leu Asn Asp Lys Thr Glu Glu Ser Ile Lys Leu Phe Gln Ser Asp Leu
115 120 125

Val Gln Ala Glu Ser Leu Ile Asn Asn Pro Gln Ser Gln Gln His Val
130 135 140

Asp Ala Phe Tyr His Lys Phe Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Lys Leu Arg Lys
145 150 155 160

Lys Glu Thr Val Ser Ile Lys His Glu Arg Ser Glu Ser Asn Thr Tyr
165 170 175

Arg Leu Gly Asp Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Thr Phe Ser His Ile Arg His
180 185 190

Lys Arg Asn Ala Val Ser Phe Arg Asn Ala Asp Gln Ser Asn Leu Ser
195 200 205

Thr Asp Pro Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu Ile Asn Pro Glu Ile Gln Asn Gly
210 215 220

Asn Phe Ser Gln Val Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Pro Thr Ser Ser Lys Arg
225 230 235 240

Leu Thr Val Val Thr Asn Val Asp Asn Trp His Ser Tyr Ser Thr Asp
245 250 255

Pro Asn Pro Glu Tyr Pro Met Phe Tyr Thr Thr Ala Val Asn Tyr
260 265 270

Pro Asn Phe Met Ser Asn Gly Asn Ala Pro Tyr Gly Val Ile Leu Gly
275 280 285

Arg Thr Thr Asp Gly Trp Asn Arg Asn Val Ile Asp Ser Lys Val Ala

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290	295	300
Gly Ile Tyr Gln Asp Ile Asp Val Val Pro Gly Ser Glu Leu Asn Val		
305	310	315
		320
Asn Phe Ile Ser Thr Ser Pro Val Phe Ser Asp Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala		
325	330	335
Lys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asn Val Glu Gln Asn Arg Val Leu Phe Asp Ser		
340	345	350
Arg Leu Asn Gly Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Thr Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Met		
355	360	365
Val Asn Ile Pro Asn Asp Ile Asn Arg Val Arg Ile Ser Phe Leu Pro		
370	375	380
Val Ser Ser Thr Gly Arg Val Ser Val Gln Arg Ser Ser Arg Glu His		
385	390	395
		400
Gly Phe Gly Asp Asn Ser Ser Tyr Tyr His Gly Gly Ser Val Ser Asp		
405	410	415
Val Arg Ile Asn Ser Gly Ser Tyr Val Val Ser Lys Val Thr Gln Arg		
420	425	430
Glu Tyr Thr Thr Arg Pro Asn Ser Ser Asn Asp Thr Phe Ala Arg Ala		
435	440	445
Thr Ile Asn Leu Ser Val Glu Asn Lys Gly His Asn Gln Ser Lys Asp		
450	455	460
Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Asn Ser Arg Leu Ile Ser Thr		
465	470	475
		480
Arg Gly Gly Ser Gly Asn Tyr Asn Asn Ala Thr Asn Lys Leu Ser Ile		
485	490	495
Arg Leu Asp Asn Leu Asn Pro Gly Asp Arg Arg Asp Ile Ser Tyr Thr		
500	505	510
Val Asp Phe Glu Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Ile Asn Leu Asn Ala His		
515	520	525
Leu Leu Tyr Lys Thr Asn Ala Thr Phe Arg Gly Asn Asp Gly Gln Arg		
530	535	540
Thr Gly Asp Asn Ile Val Asp Leu Gln Ser Ile Ala Leu Leu Met Asn		
545	550	555
		560
Lys Asp Val Leu Glu Thr Glu Leu Asn Glu Ile Asp Lys Phe Ile Arg		
565	570	575
Asp Leu Asn Glu Ala Asp Phe Thr Ile Asp Ser Trp Ser Ala Leu Gln		
580	585	590
Glu Lys Met Thr Glu Gly Asn Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Gln Asn Gln		
595	600	605
Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln Ala Ser Gln Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn Val Thr		
610	615	620
Gln Ser Leu Glu Ile Leu Lys Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Lys Thr Pro Ser		
625	630	635
		640
Gln Pro Ile Ile Lys Ser Asn Asn Gln Ile Pro Asn Ile Thr Ile Ser		
645	650	655
Pro Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Lys Leu Thr Ile Thr Tyr Gln Asn Thr Asp		
660	665	670
Asn Glu Ser Ala Ser Ile Ile Gly Asn Lys Leu Asn Asn Gln Trp Ser		
675	680	685
Leu Asn Asn Asn Ile Pro Gly Ile Glu Ile Asp Met Gln Thr Gly Leu		
690	695	700
Val Thr Ile Asp Tyr Lys Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu Ser Val Val Gly Ala		
705	710	715
		720

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Asn Asp Lys Thr Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr
 725 730 735
 Met Pro Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn
 740 745 750
 Glu Glu Arg Val Asn Val Val Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln
 755 760 765
 Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu Val
 770 775 780
 Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile Asp Tyr
 785 790 795 800
 Val Asn Ile Glu Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly Tyr Gln Ala
 805 810 815
 Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Lys Gly Asn Ser
 820 825 830
 Asp Glu Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Val Thr Met Pro Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr
 835 840 845
 Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn Glu Glu His Val Asn Val Thr
 850 855 860
 Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Thr Thr Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser
 885 890 895
 Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile Asp Tyr Val Asn Ile Glu Glu Asn Ser
 900 905 910
 Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Leu Glu Ser Glu Val
 915 920 925
 Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg
 930 935 940
 Ile Thr Met Leu Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Ala Asn Glu Glu His Val Asn Val Thr Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala
 965 970 975
 Thr Gln Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr
 980 985 990
 Leu Val Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
 995 1000 1005
 Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
 1010 1015 1020
 Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
 1025 1030 1035
 Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
 1040 1045 1050
 Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Ile Pro Pro Thr Leu Glu Ala Ser Val
 1055 1060 1065
 Gln Glu Ala Ser Val Thr Val Thr Pro Asn Glu Asn Ala Thr Lys
 1070 1075 1080
 Val Phe Ile Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ile Asn Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Ile
 1085 1090 1095
 Ile Ala Ser Lys Ile Asn Gln Gln Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Asp Asn
 1100 1105 1110
 Phe Gly Ile Lys Ile Asn Pro Leu Thr Gly Lys Val Ile Ile Ser
 1115 1120 1125

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Tyr Val Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Asp Val Ile Ala Ile Glu Ser
1130 1135 1140

Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Ser Glu Glu Ser Arg Ile Ile Met Pro
1145 1150 1155

Thr Lys Glu Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Ile Leu Glu Ser Asp Ser
1160 1165 1170

Ile Glu Ala Lys Val Asn Ile Phe Pro Asn Asp Glu Ala Thr Arg
1175 1180 1185

Ile Val Ile Met Tyr Thr Ser Leu Glu Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu
1190 1195 1200

Val Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
1205 1210 1215

Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
1220 1225 1230

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1235 1240 1245

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Val Thr Met Pro
1250 1255 1260

Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Thr Asn Glu
1265 1270 1275

Glu Arg Val Asn Val Val Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln
1280 1285 1290

Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Thr Thr Leu
1295 1300 1305

Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
1310 1315 1320

Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
1325 1330 1335

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1340 1345 1350

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
1355 1360 1365

Arg Lys Glu Ala Ile Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn Glu
1370 1375 1380

Glu His Val Asn Val Thr Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Thr Thr Gln
1385 1390 1395

Ile Ala Val Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu
1400 1405 1410

Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
1415 1420 1425

Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
1430 1435 1440

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1445 1450 1455

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
1460 1465 1470

Val Lys Glu Lys Thr Pro Ala Pro Pro Ile Ser Ile Ile Asn Glu
1475 1480 1485

Ser Asn Ala Ser Val Glu Ile Ile Pro Gln Val Asn Val Thr Gln
1490 1495 1500

Leu Ser Leu Gln Tyr Ile Asp Ala Lys Gly Gln Gln Gln Asn Leu
1505 1510 1515

Ile Ala Thr Leu Asn Gln Asn Gln Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Val

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1520	1525	1530
Ser His Ile Thr Val Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Asn		
1535	1540	1545
Tyr Gln Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Arg Glu Ser		
1550	1555	1560
Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Met Val Ile Met Pro		
1565	1570	1575
Arg Lys Thr Ala Thr Pro Lys Pro Pro Ile Ile Lys Val Asp Glu		
1580	1585	1590
Met Asn Ala Ser Leu Ala Ile Ile Pro Tyr Lys Asn Asn Thr Ala		
1595	1600	1605
Ile Asn Ile His Tyr Ile Asp Lys Lys Gly Ile Lys Ser Met Val		
1610	1615	1620
Thr Ala Ile Lys Asn Asn Asp Gln Trp Gln Leu Asp Glu Lys Ile		
1625	1630	1635
Lys Tyr Val Lys Ile Asp Ala Lys Thr Gly Thr Val Ile Ile Asn		
1640	1645	1650
Tyr Gln Ile Val Gln Glu Asn Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr Ala Ile		
1655	1660	1665
Asn Gly Asn Ser Asp Lys Ser Glu Glu Val Lys Val Leu Met Pro		
1670	1675	1680
Ile Lys Glu Phe Thr Pro Leu Ala Pro Leu Leu Glu Thr Asn Tyr		
1685	1690	1695
Lys Lys Ala Thr Val Ser Ile Leu Pro Gln Ser Asn Ala Thr Lys		
1700	1705	1710
Leu Asp Phe Lys Tyr Arg Asp Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser Lys Ile Ile		
1715	1720	1725
Ile Val Lys Arg Phe Lys Asn Ile Trp Lys Ala Asn Glu Gln Ile		
1730	1735	1740
Ser Gly Val Thr Ile Asn Pro Glu Phe Gly Gln Val Val Ile Asn		
1745	1750	1755
Tyr Gln Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu Ser Asp Ile Leu Ala Ala Gln Tyr		
1760	1765	1770
Val Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Glu Trp Ala Lys Val Lys Met Pro		
1775	1780	1785
Lys Lys Glu Leu Ala Pro His Ser Pro Ser Leu Ile Tyr Asp Asn		
1790	1795	1800
Arg Asn Asn Lys Ile Leu Ile Ala Pro Asn Ser Asn Ala Thr Glu		
1805	1810	1815
Met Glu Leu Ser Tyr Val Asp Lys Asn Asn Gln Ser Leu Lys Val		
1820	1825	1830
Lys Ala Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn Arg Trp Lys Phe Asp Ser Ser Val		
1835	1840	1845
Ser Asn Ile Ser Ile Asn Pro Asn Thr Gly Lys Ile Val Leu Gln		
1850	1855	1860
Pro Gln Phe Leu Leu Thr Asn Ser Lys Ile Ile Val Phe Ala Lys		
1865	1870	1875
Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ile Ser Val Ser Leu Arg Val Pro		
1880	1885	1890
Ala Val Lys Lys Ile Glu Leu Glu Pro Met Phe Asn Val Pro Val		
1895	1900	1905
Leu Val Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys Arg Ile Gln Phe Asp Asp Cys Ser		
1910	1915	1920

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Gly Val Lys Asn Cys Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile Ser Lys Thr Gln Leu
1925 1930 1935

Pro Asp Thr Gly Tyr Ser Asp Lys Ala Ser Lys Ser Asn Ile Leu
1940 1945 1950

Ser Val Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe Gly Phe Leu Ser Tyr Ser Arg Lys
1955 1960 1965

Arg Lys Glu Lys Gln
1970

<210> SEQ ID NO 23

<211> LENGTH: 10203

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

Met Lys Ser Lys Pro Lys Leu Asn Gly Arg Asn Ile Cys Ser Phe Leu
1 5 10 15

Leu Ser Lys Cys Met Ser Tyr Ser Leu Ser Lys Leu Ser Thr Leu Lys
20 25 30

Thr Tyr Asn Phe Gln Ile Thr Ser Asn Asn Lys Glu Lys Thr Ser Arg
35 40 45

Ile Gly Val Ala Ile Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Asp Lys Leu Gln Lys Phe
50 55 60

Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Ala Ile Gly Thr Phe Ser Thr Val Ile Ala Thr
65 70 75 80

Leu Val Phe Met Gly Ile Asn Thr Asn His Ala Ser Ala Asp Glu Leu
85 90 95

Asn Gln Asn Gln Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Leu Asn Gln Thr Asp Asp Asp
100 105 110

Asp Ser Asn Thr His Ser Gln Glu Ile Glu Asn Asn Lys Gln Asn Ser
115 120 125

Ser Gly Lys Thr Glu Ser Leu Arg Ser Ser Thr Ser Gln Asn Gln Ala
130 135 140

Asn Ala Arg Leu Ser Asp Gln Phe Lys Asp Thr Asn Glu Thr Ser Gln
145 150 155 160

Gln Leu Pro Thr Asn Val Ser Asp Asp Ser Ile Asn Gln Ser His Ser
165 170 175

Glu Ala Asn Met Asn Asn Glu Pro Leu Lys Val Asp Asn Ser Thr Met
180 185 190

Gln Ala His Ser Lys Ile Val Ser Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Ala Ser Glu
195 200 205

Asn Lys His His Lys Leu Thr Glu Asn Val Leu Ala Glu Ser Arg Ala
210 215 220

Ser Lys Asn Asp Lys Glu Lys Glu Asn Leu Gln Glu Lys Asp Lys Ser
225 230 235 240

Gln Gln Val His Pro Pro Leu Asp Lys Asn Ala Leu Gln Ala Phe Phe
245 250 255

Asp Ala Ser Tyr His Asn Tyr Arg Met Ile Asp Arg Asp Arg Ala Asp
260 265 270

Ala Thr Glu Tyr Gln Lys Val Lys Ser Thr Phe Asp Tyr Val Asn Asp
275 280 285

Leu Leu Gly Asn Asn Gln Asn Ile Pro Ser Glu Gln Leu Val Ser Ala
290 295 300

Tyr Gln Gln Leu Glu Lys Ala Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Leu Pro Gln

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305	310	315	320
Gln Ser Thr Thr Glu Lys Arg Gly Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Ser Val Val			
325	330	335	
Glu Asn Arg Ser Ser Arg Ser Asp Tyr Leu Asp Ala Arg Thr Glu Tyr			
340	345	350	
Tyr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Asp Ser Gly Phe Pro Pro Gly Thr Phe			
355	360	365	
Phe His Ala Ser Asn Arg Arg Trp Pro Tyr Asn Leu Pro Arg Ser Arg			
370	375	380	
Asn Ile Leu Arg Ala Ser Asp Val Gln Gly Asn Ala Tyr Ile Thr Thr			
385	390	395	400
Lys Arg Leu Lys Asp Gly Tyr Gln Trp Asp Ile Leu Phe Asn Ser Asn			
405	410	415	
His Lys Gly His Glu Tyr Met Tyr Tyr Trp Phe Gly Leu Pro Ser Asp			
420	425	430	
Gln Thr Pro Thr Gly Pro Val Thr Phe Thr Ile Ile Asn Arg Asp Gly			
435	440	445	
Ser Ser Thr Ser Thr Gly Gly Val Gly Phe Gly Ser Gly Ala Pro Leu			
450	455	460	
Pro Gln Phe Trp Arg Ser Ala Gly Ala Ile Asn Ser Ser Val Ala Asn			
465	470	475	480
Asp Phe Lys His Gly Ser Ala Thr Asn Tyr Ala Phe Tyr Asp Gly Val			
485	490	495	
Asn Asn Phe Ser Asp Phe Ala Arg Gly Glu Leu Tyr Phe Asp Arg			
500	505	510	
Glu Gly Ala Thr Gln Thr Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Gly Asp Glu Asn Phe Ala			
515	520	525	
Leu Leu Asn Ser Glu Lys Pro Asp Gln Ile Arg Gly Leu Asp Thr Ile			
530	535	540	
Tyr Ser Phe Lys Gly Ser Gly Asp Val Ser Tyr Arg Ile Ser Phe Lys			
545	550	555	560
Thr Gln Gly Ala Pro Thr Ala Arg Leu Tyr Tyr Ala Ala Gly Ala Arg			
565	570	575	
Ser Gly Glu Tyr Lys Gln Ala Thr Asn Tyr Asn Gln Leu Tyr Val Glu			
580	585	590	
Pro Tyr Lys Asn Tyr Arg Asn Arg Val Gln Ser Asn Val Gln Val Lys			
595	600	605	
Asn Arg Thr Leu His Leu Lys Arg Thr Ile Arg Gln Phe Asp Pro Thr			
610	615	620	
Leu Gln Arg Thr Thr Asp Val Pro Ile Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Gly			
625	630	635	640
Ser Ile Asp Ser Val Tyr Asp Pro Leu Ser Tyr Val Lys Asn Val Thr			
645	650	655	
Gly Thr Val Leu Gly Ile Tyr Pro Ser Tyr Leu Pro Tyr Asn Gln Glu			
660	665	670	
Arg Trp Gln Gly Ala Asn Ala Met Asn Ala Tyr Gln Ile Glu Glu Leu			
675	680	685	
Phe Ser Gln Glu Asn Leu Gln Asn Ala Ala Arg Ser Gly Arg Pro Ile			
690	695	700	
Gln Phe Leu Val Gly Phe Asp Val Glu Asp Ser His His Asn Pro Glu			
705	710	715	720
Thr Leu Leu Pro Val Asn Leu Tyr Val Lys Pro Glu Leu Lys His Thr			
725	730	735	

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Ile Glu Leu Tyr His Asp Asn Glu Lys Gln Asn Arg Lys Glu Phe Ser
 740 745 750

Val Ser Lys Arg Ala Gly His Gly Val Phe Gln Ile Met Ser Gly Thr
 755 760 765

Leu His Asn Thr Val Gly Ser Gly Ile Leu Pro Tyr Gln Gln Glu Ile
 770 775 780

Arg Ile Lys Leu Thr Ser Asn Glu Pro Ile Lys Asp Ser Glu Trp Ser
 785 790 795 800

Ile Thr Gly Tyr Pro Asn Thr Leu Thr Leu Gln Asn Ala Val Gly Arg
 805 810 815

Thr Asn Asn Ala Thr Glu Lys Asn Leu Ala Leu Val Gly His Ile Asp
 820 825 830

Pro Gly Asn Tyr Phe Ile Thr Val Lys Phe Gly Asp Lys Val Glu Gln
 835 840 845

Phe Glu Ile Arg Ser Lys Pro Thr Pro Pro Arg Ile Ile Thr Thr Ala
 850 855 860

Asn Glu Leu Arg Gly Asn Ser Asn His Lys Pro Glu Ile Arg Val Thr
 865 870 875 880

Asp Ile Pro Asn Asp Thr Thr Ala Lys Ile Lys Leu Val Met Gly Gly
 885 890 895

Thr Asp Gly Asp His Asp Pro Glu Ile Asn Pro Tyr Thr Val Pro Glu
 900 905 910

Asn Tyr Thr Val Val Ala Glu Ala Tyr His Asp Asn Asp Pro Ser Lys
 915 920 925

Asn Gly Val Leu Thr Phe Arg Ser Ser Asp Tyr Leu Lys Asp Leu Pro
 930 935 940

Leu Ser Gly Glu Leu Lys Ala Ile Val Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Tyr Val Gln
 945 950 955 960

Ser Asn Phe Ser Asn Ser Val Pro Phe Ser Ser Asp Thr Thr Pro Pro
 965 970 975

Thr Ile Asn Glu Pro Ala Gly Leu Val His Lys Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Asp
 980 985 990

His Val Glu Ile Thr Leu Pro Val Thr Asp Asn Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly
 995 1000 1005

Leu Arg Asp Val Asn Val Asn Leu Pro Gln Gly Trp Thr Lys Thr
 1010 1015 1020

Phe Thr Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Asn Thr Glu Gly Thr Leu Lys Leu
 1025 1030 1035

Ile Gly Asn Ile Pro Ser Asn Glu Ala Tyr Asn Thr Thr Tyr His
 1040 1045 1050

Phe Asn Ile Thr Ala Thr Asp Asn Ser Gly Asn Thr Thr Asn Pro
 1055 1060 1065

Ala Lys Thr Phe Ile Leu Asn Val Gly Lys Leu Ala Asp Asp Leu
 1070 1075 1080

Asn Pro Val Gly Leu Ser Arg Asp Gln Leu Gln Leu Val Thr Asp
 1085 1090 1095

Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Asn Ser Glu Arg Glu Glu Val Lys Arg Lys
 1100 1105 1110

Ile Ser Glu Ala Asn Ala Asn Ile Arg Ser Tyr Leu Leu Gln Asn
 1115 1120 1125

Asn Pro Ile Leu Ala Gly Val Asn Gly Asp Val Thr Phe Tyr Tyr
 1130 1135 1140

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Arg Asp Gly Ser Val Asp Val Ile Asp Ala Glu Asn Val Ile Thr
 1145 1150 1155
 Tyr Glu Pro Glu Arg Lys Ser Ile Phe Ser Glu Asn Gly Asn Thr
 1160 1165 1170
 Asn Lys Lys Glu Ala Val Ile Thr Ile Ala Arg Gly Gln Asn Tyr
 1175 1180 1185
 Thr Ile Gly Pro Asn Leu Arg Lys Tyr Phe Ser Leu Ser Asn Gly
 1190 1195 1200
 Ser Asp Leu Pro Asn Arg Asp Phe Thr Ser Ile Ser Ala Ile Gly
 1205 1210 1215
 Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Ser Glu Ile Ser Arg Leu Asn Val Gly Asn
 1220 1225 1230
 Tyr Asn Tyr Arg Val Asn Ala Lys Asn Ala Tyr His Lys Thr Gln
 1235 1240 1245
 Gln Glu Leu Asn Leu Lys Leu Lys Ile Val Glu Val Asn Ala Pro
 1250 1255 1260
 Thr Gly Asn Asn Arg Val Tyr Arg Val Ser Thr Tyr Asn Leu Thr
 1265 1270 1275
 Asn Asp Glu Ile Asn Lys Ile Lys Gln Ala Phe Lys Ala Ala Asn
 1280 1285 1290
 Ser Gly Leu Asn Leu Asn Asp Asn Asp Ile Thr Val Ser Asn Asn
 1295 1300 1305
 Phe Asp His Arg Asn Val Ser Ser Val Thr Val Thr Ile Arg Lys
 1310 1315 1320
 Gly Asp Leu Ile Lys Glu Phe Ser Ser Asn Leu Asn Asn Met Asn
 1325 1330 1335
 Phe Leu Arg Trp Val Asn Ile Arg Asp Asp Tyr Thr Ile Ser Trp
 1340 1345 1350
 Thr Ser Ser Lys Ile Gln Gly Arg Asn Thr Asp Gly Gly Leu Glu
 1355 1360 1365
 Trp Ser Pro Asp His Lys Ser Leu Ile Tyr Lys Tyr Asp Ala Thr
 1370 1375 1380
 Leu Gly Arg Gln Ile Asn Thr Asn Asp Val Leu Thr Leu Leu Gln
 1385 1390 1395
 Ala Thr Ala Lys Asn Ser Asn Leu Arg Ser Asn Ile Asn Ser Asn
 1400 1405 1410
 Glu Lys Gln Leu Ala Glu Arg Gly Ser Asn Gly Tyr Ser Lys Ser
 1415 1420 1425
 Ile Ile Arg Asp Asp Gly Glu Lys Ser Tyr Leu Leu Asn Ser Asn
 1430 1435 1440
 Pro Ile Gln Val Leu Asp Leu Val Glu Pro Asp Asn Gly Tyr Gly
 1445 1450 1455
 Gly Arg Gln Val Ser His Ser Asn Val Ile Tyr Asn Glu Lys Asn
 1460 1465 1470
 Ser Ser Ile Val Asn Gly Gln Val Pro Glu Ala Asn Gly Ala Ser
 1475 1480 1485
 Ala Phe Asn Ile Asp Lys Val Val Lys Ala Asn Ala Ala Asn Asn
 1490 1495 1500
 Gly Ile Met Gly Val Ile Tyr Lys Ala Gln Leu Tyr Leu Ala Pro
 1505 1510 1515
 Tyr Ser Pro Lys Gly Tyr Ile Glu Lys Leu Gly Gln Asn Leu Ser
 1520 1525 1530
 Asn Thr Asn Asn Val Ile Asn Val Tyr Phe Val Pro Ser Asp Lys

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1535	1540	1545
Val Asn Pro Ser Ile Thr Val Gly Asn Tyr Asp His His Thr Val		
1550	1555	1560
Tyr Ser Gly Glu Thr Phe Lys Asn Thr Ile Asn Val Asn Asp Asn		
1565	1570	1575
Tyr Gly Leu Asn Thr Val Ala Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Ala Ile Thr		
1580	1585	1590
Met Thr Arg Asn Asn Asn Glu Leu Val Gly Gln Ala Pro Asn Val		
1595	1600	1605
Thr Asn Ser Thr Asn Lys Ile Val Lys Val Lys Ala Thr Asp Lys		
1610	1615	1620
Ser Gly Asn Glu Ser Ile Val Ser Phe Thr Val Asn Ile Lys Pro		
1625	1630	1635
Leu Asn Glu Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Thr Ser Ser Asn Gln Thr		
1640	1645	1650
Pro Val Arg Ile Ser Asn Ile Gln Asn Asn Ala Asn Leu Ser Ile		
1655	1660	1665
Glu Asp Gln Asn Arg Val Lys Ser Ser Leu Ser Met Thr Lys Ile		
1670	1675	1680
Leu Gly Thr Arg Asn Tyr Val Asn Glu Ser Asn Asn Asp Val Arg		
1685	1690	1695
Ser Gln Val Val Ser Lys Val Asn Arg Ser Gly Asn Asn Ala Thr		
1700	1705	1710
Val Asn Val Thr Thr Phe Ser Asp Gly Thr Thr Asn Thr Ile		
1715	1720	1725
Thr Val Pro Val Lys His Val Leu Leu Glu Val Val Pro Thr Thr		
1730	1735	1740
Arg Thr Thr Val Arg Gly Gln Gln Phe Pro Thr Gly Lys Gly Thr		
1745	1750	1755
Ser Pro Asn Asp Phe Phe Ser Leu Arg Thr Gly Gly Pro Val Asp		
1760	1765	1770
Ala Arg Ile Val Trp Val Asn Asn Gln Gly Pro Asp Ile Asn Ser		
1775	1780	1785
Asn Gln Ile Gly Arg Asp Leu Thr Leu His Ala Glu Ile Phe Phe		
1790	1795	1800
Asp Gly Glu Thr Thr Pro Ile Arg Lys Asp Thr Thr Tyr Lys Leu		
1805	1810	1815
Ser Gln Ser Ile Pro Lys Gln Ile Tyr Glu Thr Thr Ile Asn Gly		
1820	1825	1830
Arg Phe Asn Ser Ser Gly Asp Ala Tyr Pro Gly Asn Phe Val Gln		
1835	1840	1845
Ala Val Asn Gln Tyr Trp Pro Glu His Met Asp Phe Arg Trp Ala		
1850	1855	1860
Gln Gly Ser Gly Thr Pro Ser Ser Arg Asn Ala Gly Ser Phe Thr		
1865	1870	1875
Lys Thr Val Thr Val Val Tyr Gln Asn Gly Gln Thr Glu Asn Val		
1880	1885	1890
Asn Val Leu Phe Lys Val Lys Pro Asn Lys Pro Val Ile Asp Ser		
1895	1900	1905
Asn Ser Val Ile Ser Lys Gly Gln Leu Asn Gly Gln Gln Ile Leu		
1910	1915	1920
Val Arg Asn Val Pro Gln Asn Ala Gln Val Thr Leu Tyr Gln Ser		
1925	1930	1935

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Asn	Gly	Thr	Val	Ile	Pro	Asn	Thr	Asn	Thr	Ile	Asp	Ser	Asn	
1940						1945					1950			
Gly	Ile	Ala	Thr	Val	Thr	Ile	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Pro	Thr	Gly	Asn
1955						1960					1965			
Ile	Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Met	Thr	Asn	Asn	Val	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Lys
1970						1975					1980			
Gln	Asn	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ser	Asn	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Ile	Ser
1985						1990					1995			
Val	Phe	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asp	Gln	Val	Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Met
2000						2005					2010			
Gln	Ala	Lys	Asn	Asp	Gly	Ile	Lys	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr	Asn	Tyr
2015						2020					2025			
Asn	Phe	Asn	Asp	Phe	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Pro	Ala	His
2030						2035					2040			
Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Asn	Glu	Glu	Pro	Asn	Ser	Trp	Lys	Asn	Asn
2045						2050					2055			
Ile	Gly	Thr	Thr	Thr	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	Pro	Asn	His
2060						2065					2070			
Gln	Gly	Thr	Arg	Thr	Val	Asp	Ile	Pro	Ile	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Pro	Thr
2075						2080					2085			
Val	Thr	Ala	Lys	Asn	Pro	Val	Arg	Asp	Gln	Lys	Gly	Arg	Asn	Leu
2090						2095					2100			
Thr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asp	Val	Tyr	Asn	Tyr	Ile	Ile	Phe	Glu	Asn	Asn
2105						2110					2115			
Asn	Arg	Leu	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Trp	Lys	Asp	Asn	Arg	Gln	Pro
2120						2125					2130			
Asp	Lys	Asn	Ile	Ala	Gly	Val	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Asn
2135						2140					2145			
Tyr	Pro	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Pro	Leu	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Lys	Val	Trp
2150						2155					2160			
Val	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Asp	Phe	Thr	Gln	Pro	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Gln	Val
2165						2170					2175			
Gly	Asp	Thr	Phe	Pro	Lys	Gly	Thr	Trp	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	His
2180						2185					2190			
Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ile	Asp	Gly	Trp	Lys	Phe	Tyr
2195						2200					2205			
Trp	Asn	Gln	Gln	Ser	Thr	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gln	Trp	Gln	Ser
2210						2215					2220			
Leu	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Arg	Thr	Pro	Phe	Val	Lys	Thr	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp
2225						2230					2235			
Val	Val	Asn	Pro	Ser	Asn	Trp	Gly	Val	Trp	Gln	Thr	Ser	Gln	Ser
2240						2245					2250			
Ala	Lys	Phe	Ile	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Lys	Pro	Asn	Gln	Pro	Thr	Ile
2255						2260					2265			
Thr	Gln	Ser	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asp	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Pro	Gly	Ala	Val
2270						2275					2280			
Arg	Asn	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Ala	Ser
2285						2290					2295			
Ala	Asp	Lys	Ile	Val	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Leu	Thr	Thr
2300						2305					2310			
Phe	Val	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asp	Gly	Arg	Trp	Thr	Val	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ser
2315						2320					2325			

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Pro Asp Ile Asn Gly Ile Gly Pro Thr Asn Asn Gly Thr Ala Ile
 2330 2335 2340
 Ser Leu Ser Arg Leu Ala Val Arg Pro Gly Asp Ser Ile Glu Ala
 2345 2350 2355
 Ile Ala Thr Glu Gly Ser Gly Glu Thr Ile Ser Thr Ser Ala Thr
 2360 2365 2370
 Ser Glu Ile Tyr Ile Val Lys Ala Pro Gln Pro Glu Gln Val Ala
 2375 2380 2385
 Thr His Thr Tyr Asp Asn Gly Thr Phe Asp Ile Leu Pro Asp Asn
 2390 2395 2400
 Ser Arg Asn Ser Leu Asn Pro Thr Glu Arg Val Glu Ile Asn Tyr
 2405 2410 2415
 Thr Glu Lys Leu Asn Gly Asn Glu Thr Gln Lys Ser Phe Thr Ile
 2420 2425 2430
 Thr Lys Asn Asn Asn Gly Lys Trp Thr Ile Asn Asn Lys Pro Asn
 2435 2440 2445
 Tyr Val Glu Phe Asn Gln Asp Asn Gly Lys Val Val Phe Ser Ala
 2450 2455 2460
 Asn Thr Ile Lys Pro Asn Ser Gln Ile Thr Ile Thr Pro Lys Ala
 2465 2470 2475
 Gly Gln Gly Asn Thr Glu Asn Thr Asn Pro Thr Val Ile Gln Ala
 2480 2485 2490
 Pro Ala Gln His Thr Leu Thr Ile Asn Glu Ile Val Lys Glu Gln
 2495 2500 2505
 Gly Gln Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asp Ile Asn Asn Ala Val Gln Val
 2510 2515 2520
 Pro Asn Lys Asn Arg Val Ala Ile Lys Gln Gly Asn Ala Leu Pro
 2525 2530 2535
 Thr Asn Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser Thr Ser His Ile Pro Val Val Ile
 2540 2545 2550
 Tyr Tyr Ser Asp Gly Ser Ser Glu Glu Ala Thr Glu Thr Val Arg
 2555 2560 2565
 Thr Lys Val Asn Lys Thr Glu Leu Ile Asn Ala Arg Arg Arg Leu
 2570 2575 2580
 Asp Glu Glu Ile Ser Lys Glu Asn Lys Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Arg
 2585 2590 2595
 Asn Phe Asp Gln Ala Met Asn Arg Ala Gln Ser Gln Ile Asn Thr
 2600 2605 2610
 Ala Lys Ser Asp Ala Asp Gln Val Ile Gly Thr Glu Phe Ala Thr
 2615 2620 2625
 Pro Gln Gln Val Asn Ser Ala Leu Ser Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gln
 2630 2635 2640
 Asn Lys Ile Asn Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Gln Asn Lys Ala Asp
 2645 2650 2655
 Asn Ser Gln Leu Val Arg Ala Lys Glu Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Ile
 2660 2665 2670
 Gln Pro Ala Ala Ser Thr Asp Gly Met Thr Gln Asp Ser Thr Arg
 2675 2680 2685
 Asn Tyr Lys Asn Lys Arg Gln Ala Ala Glu Gln Ala Ile Gln His
 2690 2695 2700
 Ala Asn Ser Val Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala Thr Ser Gln Gln Ile
 2705 2710 2715
 Asn Asp Ala Lys Asn Thr Val Glu Gln Ala Gln Arg Asp Tyr Val

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2720	2725	2730
Glu Ala Lys Ser Asn Leu Arg Ala Asp Lys Ser Gln Leu Gln Ser		
2735	2740	2745
Ala Tyr Asp Thr Leu Asn Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Asn Asp Lys Lys		
2750	2755	2760
Pro Ala Ser Val Arg Arg Tyr Asn Glu Ala Ile Ser Asn Ile Arg		
2765	2770	2775
Lys Glu Leu Asp Thr Ala Lys Ala Asp Ala Ser Ser Thr Leu Arg		
2780	2785	2790
Asn Thr Asn Pro Ser Val Glu Gln Val Arg Asp Ala Leu Asn Lys		
2795	2800	2805
Ile Asn Thr Val Gln Pro Lys Val Asn Gln Ala Ile Ala Leu Leu		
2810	2815	2820
Gln Pro Lys Glu Asn Asn Ser Glu Leu Val Gln Ala Lys Lys Arg		
2825	2830	2835
Leu Gln Asp Ala Val Asn Asp Ile Pro Gln Thr Gln Gly Met Thr		
2840	2845	2850
Gln Gln Thr Ile Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asp Lys Gln Arg Glu Ala Glu		
2855	2860	2865
Arg Ala Leu Thr Ser Ala Gln Arg Val Ile Asp Asn Gly Asp Ala		
2870	2875	2880
Thr Thr Gln Glu Ile Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Lys Val Glu Gln Ala		
2885	2890	2895
Met Gln Ala Leu Thr Asn Ala Lys Ser Asn Leu Arg Ala Asp Lys		
2900	2905	2910
Asn Glu Leu Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asn Lys Leu Ile Glu Asn Val Ser		
2915	2920	2925
Thr Asn Gly Lys Lys Pro Ala Ser Ile Arg Gln Tyr Glu Thr Ala		
2930	2935	2940
Lys Ala Arg Ile Gln Asn Gln Ile Asn Asp Ala Lys Asn Glu Ala		
2945	2950	2955
Glu Arg Ile Leu Gly Asn Asp Asn Pro Gln Val Ser Gln Val Thr		
2960	2965	2970
Gln Ala Leu Asn Lys Ile Lys Ala Ile Gln Pro Lys Leu Thr Glu		
2975	2980	2985
Ala Ile Asn Met Leu Gln Asn Lys Glu Asn Asn Thr Glu Leu Val		
2990	2995	3000
Asn Ala Lys Asn Arg Leu Glu Asn Ala Val Asn Asp Thr Asp Pro		
3005	3010	3015
Thr His Gly Met Thr Gln Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn Tyr Asn Ala Lys		
3020	3025	3030
Lys Arg Glu Ala Gln Asn Glu Ile Gln Lys Ala Asn Met Ile Ile		
3035	3040	3045
Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala Thr Ala Gln Asp Ile Ser Ser Glu Lys Ser		
3050	3055	3060
Lys Val Glu Gln Val Leu Gln Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Lys Asn Asp		
3065	3070	3075
Leu Arg Ala Asp Lys Arg Glu Leu Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asn Lys Leu		
3080	3085	3090
Ile Gln Asn Val Asn Thr Asn Gly Lys Lys Pro Ser Ser Ile Gln		
3095	3100	3105
Asn Tyr Lys Ser Ala Arg Arg Asn Ile Glu Asn Gln Tyr Asn Thr		
3110	3115	3120

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Ala Lys Asn Glu Ala His Asn Val Leu Glu Asn Thr Asn Pro Thr
 3125 3130 3135
 Val Asn Ala Val Glu Asp Ala Leu Arg Lys Ile Asn Ala Ile Gln
 3140 3145 3150
 Pro Glu Val Thr Lys Ala Ile Asn Ile Leu Gln Asp Lys Glu Asp
 3155 3160 3165
 Asn Ser Glu Leu Val Arg Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu Asp Gln Ala Ile
 3170 3175 3180
 Asn Ser Gln Pro Ser Leu Asn Gly Met Thr Gln Glu Ser Ile Asn
 3185 3190 3195
 Asn Tyr Thr Thr Lys Arg Arg Glu Ala Gln Asn Ile Ala Ser Ser
 3200 3205 3210
 Ala Asp Thr Ile Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala Ser Ile Glu Gln Ile
 3215 3220 3225
 Thr Glu Asn Lys Ile Arg Val Glu Glu Ala Thr Asn Ala Leu Asn
 3230 3235 3240
 Glu Ala Lys Gln His Leu Thr Ala Asp Thr Thr Ser Leu Lys Thr
 3245 3250 3255
 Glu Val Arg Lys Leu Ser Arg Arg Gly Asp Thr Asn Asn Lys Lys
 3260 3265 3270
 Pro Ser Ser Val Ser Ala Tyr Asn Asn Thr Ile His Ser Leu Gln
 3275 3280 3285
 Ser Glu Ile Thr Gln Thr Glu Asn Arg Ala Asn Thr Ile Ile Asn
 3290 3295 3300
 Lys Pro Ile Arg Ser Val Glu Glu Val Asn Asn Ala Leu His Glu
 3305 3310 3315
 Val Asn Gln Leu Asn Gln Arg Leu Thr Asp Thr Ile Asn Leu Leu
 3320 3325 3330
 Gln Pro Leu Ala Asn Lys Glu Ser Leu Lys Glu Ala Arg Asn Arg
 3335 3340 3345
 Leu Glu Ser Lys Ile Asn Glu Thr Val Gln Thr Asp Gly Met Thr
 3350 3355 3360
 Gln Gln Ser Val Glu Asn Tyr Lys Gln Ala Lys Ile Lys Ala Gln
 3365 3370 3375
 Asn Glu Ser Ser Ile Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala
 3380 3385 3390
 Ser Asp Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Ile Glu Lys Leu Asn Gln Lys
 3395 3400 3405
 Leu Ser Glu Leu Thr Asn Ser Ile Asn His Leu Thr Val Asn Lys
 3410 3415 3420
 Glu Pro Leu Glu Thr Ala Lys Asn Gln Leu Gln Ala Asn Ile Asp
 3425 3430 3435
 Gln Lys Pro Ser Thr Asp Gly Met Thr Gln Gln Ser Val Gln Ser
 3440 3445 3450
 Tyr Glu Arg Lys Leu Gln Glu Ala Lys Asp Lys Ile Asn Ser Ile
 3455 3460 3465
 Asn Asn Val Leu Ala Asn Asn Pro Asp Val Asn Ala Ile Arg Thr
 3470 3475 3480
 Asn Lys Val Glu Thr Glu Gln Ile Asn Asn Glu Leu Thr Gln Ala
 3485 3490 3495
 Lys Gln Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Gln Pro Leu Ile Asn Ala Lys
 3500 3505 3510

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Thr Ala Leu Gln Gln Ser Leu Asp Asn Gln Pro Ser Thr Thr Gly
 3515 3520 3525
 Met Thr Glu Ala Thr Ile Gln Asn Tyr Asn Ala Lys Arg Gln Lys
 3530 3535 3540
 Ala Glu Gln Val Ile Gln Asn Ala Asn Lys Ile Ile Glu Asn Ala
 3545 3550 3555
 Gln Pro Ser Val Gln Gln Val Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Lys Val Glu
 3560 3565 3570
 Gln Ala Leu Ser Glu Leu Asn Asn Ala Lys Ser Ala Leu Arg Ala
 3575 3580 3585
 Asp Lys Gln Glu Leu Gln Gln Ala Tyr Asn Gln Leu Ile Gln Pro
 3590 3595 3600
 Thr Asp Leu Asn Asn Lys Lys Pro Ala Ser Ile Thr Ala Tyr Asn
 3605 3610 3615
 Gln Arg Tyr Gln Gln Phe Ser Asn Glu Leu Asn Ser Thr Lys Thr
 3620 3625 3630
 Asn Thr Asp Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Gln Asn Pro Ser Val Ala Asp
 3635 3640 3645
 Val Asn Asn Ala Leu Asn Lys Val Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Lys Leu
 3650 3655 3660
 Asn Glu Ala Arg Ala Leu Leu Gln Asn Lys Glu Asp Asn Ser Ala
 3665 3670 3675
 Leu Val Arg Ala Lys Glu Gln Leu Gln Gln Ala Val Asp Gln Val
 3680 3685 3690
 Pro Ser Thr Glu Gly Met Thr Gln Gln Thr Lys Asp Asp Tyr Asn
 3695 3700 3705
 Ser Lys Gln Gln Ala Ala Gln Gln Glu Ile Ser Lys Ala Gln Gln
 3710 3715 3720
 Val Ile Asp Asn Gly Asp Ala Thr Thr Gln Gln Ile Ser Asn Ala
 3725 3730 3735
 Lys Thr Asn Val Glu Arg Ala Leu Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Ala Lys
 3740 3745 3750
 Thr Gly Leu Arg Ala Asp Lys Glu Glu Leu Gln Asn Ala Tyr Asn
 3755 3760 3765
 Gln Leu Thr Gln Asn Ile Asp Thr Ser Gly Lys Thr Pro Ala Ser
 3770 3775 3780
 Ile Arg Lys Tyr Asn Glu Ala Lys Ser Arg Ile Gln Thr Gln Ile
 3785 3790 3795
 Asp Ser Ala Lys Asn Glu Ala Asn Ser Ile Leu Thr Asn Asp Asn
 3800 3805 3810
 Pro Gln Val Ser Gln Val Thr Ala Ala Leu Asn Lys Ile Lys Ala
 3815 3820 3825
 Val Gln Pro Glu Leu Asp Lys Ala Ile Ala Met Leu Lys Asn Lys
 3830 3835 3840
 Glu Asn Asn Asn Ala Leu Val Gln Ala Lys Gln Gln Leu Gln Gln
 3845 3850 3855
 Ile Val Asn Glu Val Asp Pro Thr Gln Gly Met Thr Thr Asp Thr
 3860 3865 3870
 Ala Asn Asn Tyr Lys Ser Lys Lys Arg Glu Ala Glu Asp Glu Ile
 3875 3880 3885
 Gln Lys Ala Gln Gln Ile Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala Thr Glu Gln
 3890 3895 3900
 Gln Ile Thr Asn Glu Thr Asn Arg Val Asn Gln Ala Ile Asn Ala

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3905	3910	3915
Ile Asn Lys Ala Lys Asn Asp	Leu Arg Ala Asp Lys	Ser Gln Leu
3920	3925	3930
Glu Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Leu	Ile Gln Asn Val Asp	Thr Asn Gly
3935	3940	3945
Lys Lys Pro Ala Ser Ile Gln	Gln Tyr Gln Ala Ala	Arg Gln Ala
3950	3955	3960
Ile Glu Thr Gln Tyr Asn Asn	Ala Lys Ser Glu Ala	His Gln Ile
3965	3970	3975
Leu Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Ser	Val Asn Glu Val Ala	Gln Ala Leu
3980	3985	3990
Gln Lys Val Glu Ala Val Gln	Leu Lys Val Asn Asp	Ala Ile His
3995	4000	4005
Ile Leu Gln Asn Lys Glu Asn	Asn Ser Ala Leu Val	Thr Ala Lys
4010	4015	4020
Asn Gln Leu Gln Gln Ser Val	Asn Asp Gln Pro	Leu Thr Thr Gly
4025	4030	4035
Met Thr Gln Asp Ser Ile Asn	Asn Tyr Glu Ala Lys	Arg Asn Glu
4040	4045	4050
Ala Gln Ser Ala Ile Arg Asn	Ala Glu Ala Val Ile	Asn Asn Gly
4055	4060	4065
Asp Ala Thr Ala Lys Gln Ile	Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser	Lys Val Glu
4070	4075	4080
Gln Ala Leu Ala His Leu Asn	Asp Ala Lys Gln Gln	Leu Thr Ala
4085	4090	4095
Asp Thr Thr Glu Leu Gln Thr	Ala Val Gln Gln Leu	Asn Arg Arg
4100	4105	4110
Gly Asp Thr Asn Asn Lys Lys	Pro Arg Ser Ile Asn	Ala Tyr Asn
4115	4120	4125
Lys Ala Ile Gln Ser Leu Glu	Thr Gln Ile Thr Ser	Ala Lys Asp
4130	4135	4140
Asn Ala Asn Ala Val Ile Gln	Lys Pro Ile Arg Thr	Val Gln Glu
4145	4150	4155
Val Asn Asn Ala Leu Gln Gln	Val Asn Gln Leu Asn	Gln Gln Leu
4160	4165	4170
Thr Glu Ala Ile Asn Gln Leu	Gln Pro Leu Ser Asn	Asn Asp Ala
4175	4180	4185
Leu Lys Ala Ala Arg Leu Asn	Leu Glu Asn Lys Ile	Asn Gln Thr
4190	4195	4200
Val Gln Thr Asp Gly Met	Thr Gln Gln Ser Ile Glu	Ala Tyr Gln
4205	4210	4215
Asn Ala Lys Arg Val Ala Gln	Asn Glu Ser Asn Thr	Ala Leu Ala
4220	4225	4230
Leu Ile Asn Asn Gly Asp Ala	Asp Glu Gln Ile	Thr Thr Glu
4235	4240	4245
Thr Asp Arg Val Asn Gln Gln	Thr Thr Asn Leu Thr	Gln Ala Ile
4250	4255	4260
Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asn Lys	Glu Pro Leu Glu Thr	Ala Lys Thr
4265	4270	4275
Ala Leu Gln Asn Asn Ile Asp	Gln Val Pro Ser Thr	Asp Gly Met
4280	4285	4290
Thr Gln Gln Ser Val Ala Asn	Tyr Asn Gln Lys Leu	Gln Ile Ala
4295	4300	4305

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Lys Asn Glu Ile Asn Thr Ile Asn Asn Val Leu Ala Asn Asn Pro
4310 4315 4320

Asp Val Asn Ala Ile Lys Thr Asn Lys Ala Glu Ala Glu Arg Ile
4325 4330 4335

Ser Asn Asp Leu Thr Gln Ala Lys Asn Asn Leu Gln Val Asp Thr
4340 4345 4350

Gln Pro Leu Glu Lys Ile Lys Arg Gln Leu Gln Asp Glu Ile Asp
4355 4360 4365

Gln Gly Thr Asn Thr Asp Gly Met Thr Gln Asp Ser Val Asp Asn
4370 4375 4380

Tyr Asn Asp Ser Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Ile Glu Lys Gly Lys Val
4385 4390 4395

Asn Lys Leu Leu Lys Arg Asn Pro Thr Val Glu Gln Val Lys Glu
4400 4405 4410

Ser Val Ala Asn Ala Gln Gln Val Ile Gln Asp Leu Gln Asn Ala
4415 4420 4425

Arg Thr Ser Leu Val Pro Asp Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Glu Ala Lys
4430 4435 4440

Asn Arg Leu Glu Asn Ser Ile Asn Gln Gln Thr Asp Thr Asp Gly
4445 4450 4455

Met Thr Gln Asp Ser Leu Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asp Lys Leu Ala Lys
4460 4465 4470

Ala Arg Gln Asn Leu Glu Lys Ile Ser Lys Val Leu Gly Gly Gln
4475 4480 4485

Pro Thr Val Ala Glu Ile Arg Gln Asn Thr Asp Glu Ala Asn Ala
4490 4495 4500

His Lys Gln Ala Leu Asp Thr Ala Arg Ser Gln Leu Thr Leu Asn
4505 4510 4515

Arg Glu Pro Tyr Ile Asn His Ile Asn Asn Glu Ser His Leu Asn
4520 4525 4530

Asn Ala Gln Lys Asp Asn Phe Lys Ala Gln Val Asn Ser Ala Pro
4535 4540 4545

Asn His Asn Thr Leu Glu Thr Ile Lys Asn Lys Ala Asp Thr Leu
4550 4555 4560

Asn Gln Ser Met Thr Ala Leu Ser Glu Ser Ile Ala Asp Tyr Glu
4565 4570 4575

Asn Gln Lys Gln Gln Glu Asn Tyr Leu Asp Ala Ser Asn Asn Lys
4580 4585 4590

Arg Gln Asp Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val Asn Ala Ala Lys Gly Ile Leu
4595 4600 4605

Asn Gln Thr Gln Ser Pro Thr Met Ser Ala Asp Val Ile Asp Gln
4610 4615 4620

Lys Ala Glu Asp Val Lys Arg Thr Lys Thr Ala Leu Asp Gly Asn
4625 4630 4635

Gln Arg Leu Glu Val Ala Lys Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn His Leu Asn
4640 4645 4650

Thr Leu Asn Asp Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Arg Gln Thr Leu Thr Asp
4655 4660 4665

Thr Ile Asn His Ser Pro Asn Ile Asn Ser Val Asn Gln Ala Lys
4670 4675 4680

Glu Lys Ala Asn Thr Val Asn Thr Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln
4685 4690 4695

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Thr Ile Ala Asn Tyr Asp Asp Glu Leu His Asp Gly Asn Tyr Ile
 4700 4705 4710
 Asn Ala Asp Lys Asp Lys Lys Asp Ala Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Asn
 4715 4720 4725
 Asn Ala Lys Gln Leu Ile Asn Gln Ser Asp Ala Asn Gln Ala Gln
 4730 4735 4740
 Leu Asp Pro Ala Glu Ile Asn Lys Val Thr Gln Arg Val Asn Thr
 4745 4750 4755
 Thr Lys Asn Asp Leu Asn Gly Asn Asp Lys Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys
 4760 4765 4770
 Arg Asp Ala Asn Thr Thr Ile Asp Gly Leu Thr Tyr Leu Asn Glu
 4775 4780 4785
 Ala Gln Arg Asn Lys Ala Lys Glu Asn Val Gly Lys Ala Ser Thr
 4790 4795 4800
 Lys Thr Asn Ile Thr Ser Gln Leu Gln Asp Tyr Asn Gln Leu Asn
 4805 4810 4815
 Ile Ala Met Gln Ala Leu Arg Asn Ser Val Asn Asp Val Asn Asn
 4820 4825 4830
 Val Lys Ala Asn Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn Glu Asp Asn Gly Pro Lys
 4835 4840 4845
 Glu Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ala Val Thr His Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Asn
 4850 4855 4860
 Ala Gln Ser Asn Pro Glu Met Ser Arg Asp Val Val Asn Gln Lys
 4865 4870 4875
 Thr Gln Ala Val Asn Thr Ala His Gln Asn Leu His Gly Gln Gln
 4880 4885 4890
 Lys Leu Glu Gln Ala Gln Ser Ser Ala Asn Thr Glu Ile Gly Asn
 4895 4900 4905
 Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr Asn Thr Gln Lys Ala Lys Glu Lys Glu Leu
 4910 4915 4920
 Val Asn Ser Lys Gln Thr Arg Thr Glu Val Gln Glu Gln Leu Asn
 4925 4930 4935
 Gln Ala Lys Ser Leu Asp Ser Ser Met Gly Thr Leu Lys Ser Leu
 4940 4945 4950
 Val Ala Lys Gln Pro Thr Val Gln Lys Thr Ser Val Tyr Ile Asn
 4955 4960 4965
 Glu Asp Gln Pro Glu Gln Ser Ala Tyr Asn Asp Ser Ile Thr Met
 4970 4975 4980
 Gly Gln Thr Ile Ile Asn Lys Thr Ala Asp Pro Val Leu Asp Lys
 4985 4990 4995
 Thr Leu Val Asp Asn Ala Ile Ser Asn Ile Ser Thr Lys Glu Asn
 5000 5005 5010
 Ala Leu His Gly Glu Gln Lys Leu Thr Thr Ala Lys Thr Glu Ala
 5015 5020 5025
 Ile Asn Ala Leu Asn Thr Leu Ala Asp Leu Asn Thr Pro Gln Lys
 5030 5035 5040
 Glu Ala Ile Lys Thr Ala Ile Asn Thr Ala His Thr Arg Thr Asp
 5045 5050 5055
 Val Thr Ala Glu Gln Ser Lys Ala Asn Gln Ile Asn Ser Ala Met
 5060 5065 5070
 His Thr Leu Arg Gln Asn Ile Ser Asp Asn Glu Ser Val Thr Asn
 5075 5080 5085
 Glu Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn Ala Glu Pro Glu Lys Gln His Ala Phe

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5090	5095	5100
Thr Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Val Asn Glu Gln Gln		
5105	5110	5115
Ala Thr Leu Asp Ala Asn Ser Ile Asn Gln Lys Ala Gln Ala Ile		
5120	5125	5130
Leu Thr Thr Lys Asn Ala Leu Asp Gly Glu Glu Gln Leu Arg Arg		
5135	5140	5145
Ala Lys Glu Asn Ala Asp Gln Glu Ile Asn Thr Leu Asn Gln Leu		
5150	5155	5160
Thr Asp Ala Gln Arg Asn Ser Glu Lys Gly Leu Val Asn Ser Ser		
5165	5170	5175
Gln Thr Arg Thr Glu Val Ala Ser Gln Leu Ala Lys Ala Lys Glu		
5180	5185	5190
Leu Asn Lys Val Met Glu Gln Leu Asn His Leu Ile Asn Gly Lys		
5195	5200	5205
Asn Gln Met Ile Asn Ser Ser Lys Phe Ile Asn Glu Asp Ala Asn		
5210	5215	5220
Gln Gln Gln Ala Tyr Ser Asn Ala Ile Ala Ser Ala Glu Ala Leu		
5225	5230	5235
Lys Asn Lys Ser Gln Asn Pro Glu Leu Asp Lys Val Thr Ile Glu		
5240	5245	5250
Gln Ala Ile Asn Asn Ile Asn Ser Ala Ile Asn Asn Leu Asn Gly		
5255	5260	5265
Glu Ala Lys Leu Thr Lys Ala Lys Glu Asp Ala Val Ala Ser Ile		
5270	5275	5280
Asn Asn Leu Ser Gly Leu Thr Asn Glu Gln Lys Pro Lys Glu Asn		
5285	5290	5295
Gln Ala Val Asn Gly Ala Gln Thr Arg Asp Gln Val Ala Asn Lys		
5300	5305	5310
Leu Arg Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Asp Gln Ser Met Gln Thr Leu Arg		
5315	5320	5325
Asp Leu Val Asn Asn Gln Asn Ala Ile His Ser Thr Ser Asn Tyr		
5330	5335	5340
Phe Asn Glu Asp Ser Thr Gln Lys Asn Thr Tyr Asp Asn Ala Ile		
5345	5350	5355
Asp Asn Gly Ser Thr Tyr Ile Thr Gly Gln His Asn Pro Glu Leu		
5360	5365	5370
Asn Lys Ser Thr Ile Asp Gln Thr Ile Ser Arg Ile Asn Thr Ala		
5375	5380	5385
Lys Asn Asp Leu His Gly Val Glu Lys Leu Gln Arg Asp Lys Gly		
5390	5395	5400
Thr Ala Asn Gln Glu Ile Gly Gln Leu Gly Tyr Leu Asn Asp Pro		
5405	5410	5415
Gln Lys Ser Gly Glu Glu Ser Leu Val Asn Gly Ser Asn Thr Arg		
5420	5425	5430
Ser Glu Val Glu Glu His Leu Asn Glu Ala Lys Ser Leu Asn Asn		
5435	5440	5445
Ala Met Lys Gln Leu Arg Asp Lys Val Ala Glu Lys Thr Asn Val		
5450	5455	5460
Lys Gln Ser Ser Asp Tyr Ile Asn Asp Ser Thr Glu His Gln Arg		
5465	5470	5475
Gly Tyr Asp Gln Ala Leu Gln Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Ile Asn Glu		
5480	5485	5490

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Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Leu Asn Lys Ser Glu Ile Glu Gln Lys Leu
5495 5500 5505

Gln Gln Leu Thr Asp Ala Gln Asn Ala Leu Gln Gly Ser His Leu
5510 5515 5520

Leu Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Asn Ala Ile Thr Gly Ile Asn Lys Leu
5525 5530 5535

Thr Ala Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Arg Gln Lys Ala Ile Glu Asn Val
5540 5545 5550

Gln Ala Gln Gln Thr Ile Pro Ala Val Asn Gln Gln Leu Thr Leu
5555 5560 5565

Asp Arg Glu Ile Asn Thr Ala Met Gln Ala Leu Arg Asp Lys Val
5570 5575 5580

Gly Gln Gln Asn Asn Val His Gln Gln Ser Asn Tyr Phe Asn Glu
5585 5590 5595

Asp Glu Gln Pro Lys His Asn Tyr Asp Asn Ser Val Gln Ala Gly
5600 5605 5610

Gln Thr Ile Ile Asp Lys Leu Gln Asp Pro Ile Met Asn Lys Asn
5615 5620 5625

Glu Ile Glu Gln Ala Ile Asn Gln Ile Asn Thr Thr Gln Thr Ala
5630 5635 5640

Leu Ser Gly Glu Asn Lys Leu His Thr Asp Gln Glu Ser Thr Asn
5645 5650 5655

Arg Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Ser Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala Gln Ile Asn
5660 5665 5670

Ala Glu Lys Asp Leu Val Asn Gln Ala Lys Thr Arg Thr Asp Val
5675 5680 5685

Ala Gln Lys Leu Ala Ala Ala Lys Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Met Ser
5690 5695 5700

Asn Leu Arg Asp Gly Ile Gln Asn Lys Glu Asp Ile Lys Arg Ser
5705 5710 5715

Ser Ala Tyr Ile Asn Ala Asp Pro Thr Lys Val Thr Ala Tyr Asp
5720 5725 5730

Gln Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Glu Asn Ile Ile Asn Ala Thr Pro Asn
5735 5740 5745

Val Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Thr Ile Glu Gln Ala Leu Ser Arg Val
5750 5755 5760

Gln Gln Ala Gln Gln Asp Leu Asp Gly Val Gln Gln Leu Ala Asn
5765 5770 5775

Ala Lys Gln Gln Ala Thr Gln Thr Val Asn Gly Leu Asn Ser Leu
5780 5785 5790

Asn Asp Gly Gln Lys Arg Glu Leu Asn Leu Ile Asn Ser Ala
5795 5800 5805

Asn Thr Arg Thr Lys Val Gln Glu Glu Leu Asn Lys Ala Thr Glu
5810 5815 5820

Leu Asn His Ala Met Glu Ala Leu Arg Asn Ser Val Gln Asn Val
5825 5830 5835

Asp Gln Val Lys Gln Ser Ser Asn Tyr Val Asn Glu Asp Gln Pro
5840 5845 5850

Glu Gln His Asn Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Gln Ala Thr
5855 5860 5865

Ile Asn Asn Asn Ala Gln Pro Val Leu Asp Lys Leu Ala Ile Glu
5870 5875 5880

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Arg	Leu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	His	Gly
5885					5890				5895					
Ala	Gln	Lys	Leu	Thr	Gln	Asp	Gln	Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ile
5900					5905				5910					
Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Glu	Pro	Gln	Lys	Asn	Ala	Glu	Val
5915					5920				5925					
Ala	Lys	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr	Arg	Asp	Glu	Val	Arg	Asn	Ile
5930					5935				5940					
Arg	Gln	Glu	Ala	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Met	Leu	Gly	Leu	Arg
5945					5950				5955					
Lys	Ser	Ile	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asn	Asp	Thr	Lys	Asn	Ser	Ser	Lys	Tyr
5960					5965				5970					
Ile	Asn	Glu	Asp	His	Asp	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Ala	Val
5975					5980				5985					
Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Gln	Val	Ile	Asp	Glu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ser
5990					5995				6000					
Ser	Asp	Thr	Ile	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ala	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Lys
6005					6010				6015					
Ser	Asn	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gln	His	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ser
6020					6025				6030					
Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ile	Ala	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Gln
6035					6040				6045					
Lys	His	Met	Glu	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ile	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ser	Thr	Arg	Thr
6050					6055				6060					
Gln	Val	Gln	His	Asp	Leu	Thr	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gly	Leu
6065					6070				6075					
Met	Gly	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Ile	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ile	Val
6080					6085				6090					
Ser	Asn	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Ala	Glu	Pro	Ser	Lys	Lys	Gln	Ala
6095					6100				6105					
Tyr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ile	Ile	Asn	Gly	Thr
6110					6115				6120					
Asn	Gln	Pro	Thr	Ile	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gln
6125					6130				6135					
Thr	Val	Lys	Asn	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gly	Asp	His	Arg	Leu
6140					6145				6150					
Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gln	Thr	Ile	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ser
6155					6160				6165					
Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Glu	Lys	Asn	Leu	Val	Asn
6170					6175				6180					
Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Leu	Glu	Gln	Val	Gln	Gln	Asn	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala
6185					6190				6195					
Gln	Gln	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Met	Gly	Glu	Leu	Arg	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ala
6200					6205				6210					
Lys	Lys	Asp	Gln	Val	Lys	Ala	Asp	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp
6215					6220				6225					
Pro	Gln	Ile	Lys	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ala	Val	Gln	Arg	Val	Glu
6230					6235				6240					
Thr	Ile	Ile	Asn	Glu	Thr	Gln	Asn	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ala	Asn
6245					6250				6255					
Ile	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Gln	Ser	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu
6260					6265				6270					
His	Gly	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	Asn	Gln	Asp	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr

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6275	6280	6285
Glu Leu Asp Gly Leu Thr Asp	Leu Thr Asp Ala Gln Arg Glu Lys	
6290	6295	6300
Leu Arg Glu Gln Ile Asn Thr	Ser Asn Ser Arg Asp Asp Ile Lys	
6305	6310	6315
Gln Lys Ile Glu Gln Ala Lys	Ala Leu Asn Asp Ala Met Lys Lys	
6320	6325	6330
Leu Lys Glu Gln Val Ala Gln	Lys Asp Gly Val His Ala Asn Ser	
6335	6340	6345
Asp Tyr Thr Asn Glu Asp Ser	Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Tyr Asn Asn	
6350	6355	6360
Ala Leu Lys Gln Ala Glu Asp	Ile Ile Asn Asn Ser Ser Asn Pro	
6365	6370	6375
Asn Leu Asn Ala Gln Asp Ile	Thr Asn Ala Leu Asn Asn Ile Lys	
6380	6385	6390
Gln Ala Gln Asp Asn Leu His	Gly Ala Gln Lys Leu Gln Gln Asp	
6395	6400	6405
Lys Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Ala	Ile Gly Asn Leu Asn His Leu Asn	
6410	6415	6420
Gln Pro Gln Lys Asp Ala Leu	Ile Gln Ala Ile Asn Gly Ala Thr	
6425	6430	6435
Ser Arg Asp Gln Val Ala Glu	Lys Leu Lys Glu Ala Glu Ala Leu	
6440	6445	6450
Asp Glu Ala Met Lys Gln Leu	Glu Asp Gln Val Asn Gln Asp Asp	
6455	6460	6465
Gln Ile Ser Asn Ser Ser Pro	Phe Ile Asn Glu Asp Ser Asp Lys	
6470	6475	6480
Gln Lys Thr Tyr Asn Asp Lys	Ile Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu Ile Ile	
6485	6490	6495
Asn Gln Thr Ser Asn Pro Thr	Leu Asp Lys Gln Lys Ile Ala Asp	
6500	6505	6510
Thr Leu Gln Asn Ile Lys Asp	Ala Val Asn Leu His Gly Asp	
6515	6520	6525
Gln Lys Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys	Gln Asp Ala Asn Asn Gln Leu Asn	
6530	6535	6540
His Leu Asp Asp Leu Thr Glu	Glu Gln Lys Asn His Phe Lys Pro	
6545	6550	6555
Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala Asp Thr	Arg Asp Glu Val Asn Lys Gln Leu	
6560	6565	6570
Glu Ile Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn	Gly Asp Met Ser Thr Leu His Lys	
6575	6580	6585
Val Ile Asn Asp Lys Asp Gln	Ile Gln His Leu Ser Asn Tyr Ile	
6590	6595	6600
Asn Ala Asp Asn Asp Lys Lys	Gln Asn Tyr Asp Asn Ala Ile Lys	
6605	6610	6615
Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Ile His	Asn His Pro Asp Thr Leu Asp His	
6620	6625	6630
Lys Ala Leu Gln Asp Leu Leu	Asn Lys Ile Asp Gln Ala His Asn	
6635	6640	6645
Glu Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser Arg	Phe Lys Gln Ala Leu Asp Asn Ala	
6650	6655	6660
Leu Asn Asp Ile Asp Ser Leu	Asn Ser Leu Asn Val Pro Gln Arg	
6665	6670	6675

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Gln Thr Val Lys Asp Asn Ile Asn His Val Thr Thr Leu Glu Ser
6680 6685 6690

Leu Ala Gln Glu Leu Gln Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Asn Asp Ala Met
6695 6700 6705

Lys Ala Met Arg Asp Ser Ile Met Asn Gln Glu Gln Ile Arg Lys
6710 6715 6720

Asn Ser Asn Tyr Thr Asn Glu Asp Leu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Tyr
6725 6730 6735

Asn His Ala Val Asp Lys Ile Asn Asn Ile Ile Gly Glu Asp Asn
6740 6745 6750

Ala Thr Met Asp Pro Gln Ile Ile Lys Gln Ala Thr Gln Asp Ile
6755 6760 6765

Asn Thr Ala Ile Asn Gly Leu Asn Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Gln Asp
6770 6775 6780

Ala Lys Thr Asp Ala Lys Gln Gln Ile Thr Asn Phe Thr Gly Leu
6785 6790 6795

Thr Glu Pro Gln Lys Gln Ala Leu Glu Asn Ile Ile Asn Gln Gln
6800 6805 6810

Thr Ser Arg Ala Asn Val Ala Lys Gln Leu Ser His Ala Lys Phe
6815 6820 6825

Leu Asn Gly Lys Met Glu Glu Leu Lys Val Ala Val Ala Lys Ala
6830 6835 6840

Ser Leu Val Arg Gln Asn Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn Glu Asp Val Ser
6845 6850 6855

Glu Lys Glu Ala Tyr Glu Gln Ala Ile Ala Lys Gly Gln Glu Ile
6860 6865 6870

Ile Asn Ser Glu Asn Asn Pro Thr Ile Ser Ser Thr Asp Ile Asn
6875 6880 6885

Arg Thr Ile Gln Glu Ile Asn Asp Ala Glu Gln Asn Leu His Gly
6890 6895 6900

Asp Asn Lys Leu Arg Gln Ala Gln Glu Ile Ala Lys Asn Glu Ile
6905 6910 6915

Gln Asn Leu Asp Gly Leu Asn Ser Ala Gln Ile Thr Lys Leu Ile
6920 6925 6930

Gln Asp Ile Gly Arg Thr Thr Lys Pro Ala Val Thr Gln Lys
6935 6940 6945

Leu Glu Glu Ala Lys Ala Ile Asn Gln Ala Met Gln Gln Leu Lys
6950 6955 6960

Gln Ser Ile Ala Asp Lys Asp Ala Thr Leu Asn Ser Ser Asn Tyr
6965 6970 6975

Leu Asn Glu Asp Ser Glu Lys Lys Leu Ala Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val
6980 6985 6990

Ser Gln Ala Glu Gln Leu Ile Asn Gln Leu Asn Asp Pro Thr Met
6995 7000 7005

Asp Ile Ser Asn Ile Gln Ala Ile Thr Gln Lys Val Ile Gln Ala
7010 7015 7020

Lys Asp Ser Leu His Gly Ala Asn Lys Leu Ala Gln Asn Gln Ala
7025 7030 7035

Asp Ser Asn Leu Ile Ile Asn Gln Ser Thr Asn Leu Asn Asp Lys
7040 7045 7050

Gln Lys Gln Ala Leu Asn Asp Leu Ile Asn His Ala Gln Thr Lys
7055 7060 7065

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Gln Gln Val Ala Glu Ile Ile Ala Gln Ala Asn Lys Leu Asn Asn
 7070 7075 7080
 Glu Met Gly Thr Leu Lys Thr Leu Val Glu Glu Gln Ser Asn Val
 7085 7090 7095
 His Gln Gln Ser Lys Tyr Ile Asn Glu Asp Pro Gln Val Gln Asn
 7100 7105 7110
 Ile Tyr Asn Asp Ser Ile Gln Lys Gly Arg Glu Ile Leu Asn Gly
 7115 7120 7125
 Thr Thr Asp Asp Val Leu Asn Asn Asn Lys Ile Ala Asp Ala Ile
 7130 7135 7140
 Gln Asn Ile His Leu Thr Lys Asn Asp Leu His Gly Asp Gln Lys
 7145 7150 7155
 Leu Gln Lys Ala Gln Gln Asp Ala Thr Asn Glu Leu Asn Tyr Leu
 7160 7165 7170
 Thr Asn Leu Asn Asn Ser Gln Arg Gln Ser Glu His Asp Glu Ile
 7175 7180 7185
 Asn Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Asn Asp Leu Asn His
 7190 7195 7200
 Ala Lys Ala Leu Asn Glu Ala Met Arg Gln Leu Glu Asn Glu Val
 7205 7210 7215
 Ala Leu Glu Asn Ser Val Lys Lys Leu Ser Asp Phe Ile Asn Glu
 7220 7225 7230
 Asp Glu Ala Ala Gln Asn Glu Tyr Ser Asn Ala Leu Gln Lys Ala
 7235 7240 7245
 Lys Asp Ile Ile Asn Gly Val Pro Ser Ser Thr Leu Asp Lys Ala
 7250 7255 7260
 Thr Ile Glu Asp Ala Leu Leu Glu Leu Gln Asn Ala Arg Glu Ser
 7265 7270 7275
 Leu His Gly Glu Gln Lys Leu Gln Glu Ala Lys Asn Gln Ala Val
 7280 7285 7290
 Ala Glu Ile Asp Asn Leu Gln Ala Leu Asn Pro Gly Gln Val Leu
 7295 7300 7305
 Ala Glu Lys Thr Leu Val Asn Gln Ala Ser Thr Lys Pro Glu Val
 7310 7315 7320
 Gln Glu Ala Leu Gln Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Asn Glu Ala Met Lys
 7325 7330 7335
 Ala Leu Lys Thr Glu Ile Asn Lys Lys Glu Gln Ile Lys Ala Asp
 7340 7345 7350
 Ser Arg Tyr Val Asn Ala Asp Ser Gly Leu Gln Ala Asn Tyr Asn
 7355 7360 7365
 Ser Ala Leu Asn Tyr Gly Ser Gln Ile Ile Ala Thr Thr Gln Pro
 7370 7375 7380
 Pro Glu Leu Asn Lys Asp Val Ile Asn Arg Ala Thr Gln Thr Ile
 7385 7390 7395
 Lys Thr Ala Glu Asn Asn Leu Asn Gly Gln Ser Lys Leu Ala Glu
 7400 7405 7410
 Ala Lys Ser Asp Gly Asn Gln Ser Ile Glu His Leu Gln Gly Leu
 7415 7420 7425
 Thr Gln Ser Gln Lys Asp Lys Gln His Asp Leu Ile Asn Gln Ala
 7430 7435 7440
 Gln Thr Lys Gln Gln Val Asp Asp Ile Val Asn Asn Ser Lys Gln
 7445 7450 7455
 Leu Asp Asn Ser Met Asn Gln Leu Gln Gln Ile Val Asn Asn Asp

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7460	7465	7470
Asn Thr Val Lys Gln Asn Ser Asp Phe Ile Asn Glu Asp Ser Ser		
7475	7480	7485
Gln Gln Asp Ala Tyr Asn His Ala Ile Gln Ala Ala Lys Asp Leu		
7490	7495	7500
Ile Thr Ala His Pro Thr Ile Met Asp Lys Asn Gln Ile Asp Gln		
7505	7510	7515
Ala Ile Glu Asn Ile Lys Gln Ala Leu Asn Asp Leu His Gly Ser		
7520	7525	7530
Asn Lys Leu Ser Glu Asp Lys Lys Glu Ala Ser Glu Gln Leu Gln		
7535	7540	7545
Asn Leu Asn Ser Leu Thr Asn Gly Gln Lys Asp Thr Ile Leu Asn		
7550	7555	7560
His Ile Phe Ser Ala Pro Thr Arg Ser Gln Val Gly Glu Lys Ile		
7565	7570	7575
Ala Ser Ala Lys Gln Leu Asn Asn Thr Met Lys Ala Leu Arg Asp		
7580	7585	7590
Ser Ile Ala Asp Asn Asn Glu Ile Leu Gln Ser Ser Lys Tyr Phe		
7595	7600	7605
Asn Glu Asp Ser Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ala Val Asn		
7610	7615	7620
Lys Ala Lys Asn Ile Ile Asn Asp Gln Pro Thr Pro Val Met Ala		
7625	7630	7635
Asn Asp Glu Ile Gln Ser Val Leu Asn Glu Val Lys Gln Thr Lys		
7640	7645	7650
Asp Asn Leu His Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Ala Asn Asp Lys Thr Asp		
7655	7660	7665
Ala Gln Ala Thr Leu Asn Ala Leu Asn Tyr Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln		
7670	7675	7680
Arg Gly Asn Leu Glu Thr Lys Val Gln Asn Ser Asn Ser Arg Pro		
7685	7690	7695
Glu Val Gln Lys Val Val Gln Leu Ala Asn Gln Leu Asn Asp Ala		
7700	7705	7710
Met Lys Lys Leu Asp Asp Ala Leu Thr Gly Asn Asp Ala Ile Lys		
7715	7720	7725
Gln Thr Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn Glu Asp Thr Ser Gln Gln Val Asn		
7730	7735	7740
Phe Asp Glu Tyr Thr Asp Arg Gly Lys Asn Ile Val Ala Glu Gln		
7745	7750	7755
Thr Asn Pro Asn Met Ser Pro Thr Asn Ile Asn Thr Ile Ala Asp		
7760	7765	7770
Lys Ile Thr Glu Ala Lys Asn Asp Leu His Gly Val Gln Lys Leu		
7775	7780	7785
Lys Gln Ala Gln Gln Ser Ile Asn Thr Ile Asn Gln Met Thr		
7790	7795	7800
Gly Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Lys Glu Gln Leu Asn Gln Glu Ile Gln		
7805	7810	7815
Gln Thr Gln Thr Arg Ser Glu Val His Gln Val Ile Asn Lys Ala		
7820	7825	7830
Gln Ala Leu Asn Asp Ser Met Asn Thr Leu Arg Gln Ser Ile Thr		
7835	7840	7845
Asp Glu His Glu Val Lys Gln Thr Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn Glu Thr		
7850	7855	7860

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Val Gly Asn Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Asp Arg Val Lys
 7865 7870 7875
 Gln Ile Ile Asn Gln Thr Ser Asn Pro Thr Met Asn Pro Leu Glu
 7880 7885 7890
 Val Glu Arg Ala Thr Ser Asn Val Lys Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Leu
 7895 7900 7905
 His Gly Glu Arg Glu Leu Asn Asp Asn Lys Asn Ser Lys Thr Phe
 7910 7915 7920
 Ala Val Asn His Leu Asp Asn Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
 7925 7930 7935
 Leu Thr His Glu Ile Glu Gln Ala Thr Ile Val Ser Gln Val Asn
 7940 7945 7950
 Asn Ile Tyr Asn Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Asn Asn Asp Met Lys Lys
 7955 7960 7965
 Leu Lys Asp Ile Val Ala Gln Gln Asp Asn Val Arg Gln Ser Asn
 7970 7975 7980
 Asn Tyr Ile Asn Glu Asp Ser Thr Pro Gln Asn Met Tyr Asn Asp
 7985 7990 7995
 Thr Ile Asn His Ala Gln Ser Ile Ile Asp Gln Val Ala Asn Pro
 8000 8005 8010
 Thr Met Ser His Asp Glu Ile Glu Asn Ala Ile Asn Asn Ile Lys
 8015 8020 8025
 His Ala Ile Asn Ala Leu Asp Gly Glu His Lys Leu Gln Gln Ala
 8030 8035 8040
 Lys Glu Asn Ala Asn Leu Leu Ile Asn Ser Leu Asn Asp Leu Asn
 8045 8050 8055
 Ala Pro Gln Arg Asp Ala Ile Asn Arg Leu Val Asn Glu Ala Gln
 8060 8065 8070
 Thr Arg Glu Lys Val Ala Glu Gln Leu Gln Ser Ala Gln Ala Leu
 8075 8080 8085
 Asn Asp Ala Met Lys His Leu Arg Asn Ser Ile Gln Asn Gln Ser
 8090 8095 8100
 Ser Val Arg Gln Glu Ser Lys Tyr Ile Asn Ala Ser Asp Ala Lys
 8105 8110 8115
 Lys Glu Gln Tyr Asn His Ala Val Arg Glu Val Glu Asn Ile Ile
 8120 8125 8130
 Asn Glu Gln His Pro Thr Leu Asp Lys Glu Ile Ile Lys Gln Leu
 8135 8140 8145
 Thr Asp Gly Val Asn Gln Ala Asn Asn Asp Leu Asn Gly Val Glu
 8150 8155 8160
 Leu Leu Asp Ala Asp Lys Gln Asn Ala His Gln Ser Ile Pro Thr
 8165 8170 8175
 Leu Met His Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Leu Asn Glu Lys
 8180 8185 8190
 Ile Asn Asn Ala Val Thr Arg Thr Glu Val Ala Ala Ile Ile Gly
 8195 8200 8205
 Gln Ala Lys Leu Leu Asp His Ala Met Glu Asn Leu Glu Glu Ser
 8210 8215 8220
 Ile Lys Asp Lys Glu Gln Val Lys Gln Ser Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asn
 8225 8230 8235
 Glu Asp Ser Asp Val Gln Glu Thr Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val Asp His
 8240 8245 8250

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Val Thr Glu Ile Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Asn Pro Thr Leu Ser Ile
 8255 8260 8265
 Glu Asp Ile Glu His Ala Ile Asn Glu Val Asn Gln Ala Lys Lys
 8270 8275 8280
 Gln Leu Arg Gly Lys Gln Lys Leu Tyr Gln Thr Ile Asp Leu Ala
 8285 8290 8295
 Asp Lys Glu Leu Ser Lys Leu Asp Asp Leu Thr Ser Gln Gln Ser
 8300 8305 8310
 Ser Ser Ile Ser Asn Gln Ile Tyr Thr Ala Lys Thr Arg Thr Glu
 8315 8320 8325
 Val Ala Gln Ala Ile Glu Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Asn His Ala Met
 8330 8335 8340
 Lys Ala Leu Asn Lys Val Tyr Lys Asn Ala Asp Lys Val Leu Asp
 8345 8350 8355
 Ser Ser Arg Phe Ile Asn Glu Asp Gln Pro Glu Lys Lys Ala Tyr
 8360 8365 8370
 Gln Gln Ala Ile Asn His Val Asp Ser Ile Ile His Arg Gln Thr
 8375 8380 8385
 Asn Pro Glu Met Asp Pro Thr Val Ile Asn Ser Ile Thr His Glu
 8390 8395 8400
 Leu Glu Thr Ala Gln Asn Asn Leu His Gly Asp Gln Lys Leu Ala
 8405 8410 8415
 His Ala Gln Gln Asp Ala Ala Asn Val Ile Asn Gly Leu Ile His
 8420 8425 8430
 Leu Asn Val Ala Gln Arg Glu Val Met Ile Asn Thr Asn Thr Asn
 8435 8440 8445
 Ala Thr Thr Arg Glu Lys Val Ala Lys Asn Leu Asp Asn Ala Gln
 8450 8455 8460
 Ala Leu Asp Lys Ala Met Glu Thr Leu Gln Gln Val Val Ala His
 8465 8470 8475
 Lys Asn Asn Ile Leu Asn Asp Ser Lys Tyr Leu Asn Glu Asp Ser
 8480 8485 8490
 Lys Tyr Gln Gln Gln Tyr Asp Arg Val Ile Ala Asp Ala Glu Gln
 8495 8500 8505
 Leu Leu Asn Gln Thr Thr Asn Pro Thr Leu Glu Pro Tyr Lys Val
 8510 8515 8520
 Asp Ile Val Lys Asp Asn Val Leu Ala Asn Glu Lys Ile Leu Phe
 8525 8530 8535
 Gly Ala Glu Lys Leu Ser Tyr Asp Lys Ser Asn Ala Asn Asp Glu
 8540 8545 8550
 Ile Lys His Met Asn Tyr Leu Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys Gln Ser Ile
 8555 8560 8565
 Lys Asp Met Ile Ser His Ala Ala Leu Arg Thr Glu Val Lys Gln
 8570 8575 8580
 Leu Leu Gln Gln Ala Lys Ile Leu Asp Glu Ala Met Lys Ser Leu
 8585 8590 8595
 Glu Asp Lys Thr Gln Val Val Ile Thr Asp Thr Thr Leu Pro Asn
 8600 8605 8610
 Tyr Thr Glu Ala Ser Glu Asp Lys Lys Glu Lys Val Asp Gln Thr
 8615 8620 8625
 Val Ser His Ala Gln Ala Ile Ile Asp Lys Ile Asn Gly Ser Asn
 8630 8635 8640
 Val Ser Leu Asp Gln Val Arg Gln Ala Leu Glu Gln Leu Thr Gln

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8645	8650	8655
Ala Ser Glu Asn Leu Asp Gly Asp Gln Arg Val Glu Glu Ala Lys		
8660	8665	8670
Val His Ala Asn Gln Thr Ile Asp Gln Leu Thr His Leu Asn Ser		
8675	8680	8685
Leu Gln Gln Gln Thr Ala Lys Glu Ser Val Lys Asn Ala Thr Lys		
8690	8695	8700
Leu Glu Glu Ile Ala Thr Val Ser Asn Asn Ala Gln Ala Leu Asn		
8705	8710	8715
Lys Val Met Gly Lys Leu Glu Gln Phe Ile Asn His Ala Asp Ser		
8720	8725	8730
Val Glu Asn Ser Asp Asn Tyr Arg Gln Ala Asp Asp Asp Lys Ile		
8735	8740	8745
Ile Ala Tyr Asp Glu Ala Leu Glu His Gly Gln Asp Ile Gln Lys		
8750	8755	8760
Thr Asn Ala Thr Gln Asn Glu Thr Lys Gln Ala Leu Gln Gln Leu		
8765	8770	8775
Ile Tyr Ala Glu Thr Ser Leu Asn Gly Phe Glu Arg Leu Asn His		
8780	8785	8790
Ala Arg Pro Arg Ala Leu Glu Tyr Ile Lys Ser Leu Glu Lys Ile		
8795	8800	8805
Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys Ser Ala Leu Glu Asp Lys Val Thr Gln Ser		
8810	8815	8820
His Asp Leu Leu Glu Leu Glu His Ile Val Asn Glu Gly Thr Asn		
8825	8830	8835
Leu Asn Asp Ile Met Gly Glu Leu Ala Asn Ala Ile Val Asn Asn		
8840	8845	8850
Tyr Ala Pro Thr Lys Ala Ser Ile Asn Tyr Ile Asn Ala Asp Asn		
8855	8860	8865
Leu Arg Lys Asp Asn Phe Thr Gln Ala Ile Asn Asn Ala Arg Asp		
8870	8875	8880
Ala Leu Asn Lys Thr Gln Gly Gln Asn Leu Asp Phe Asn Ala Ile		
8885	8890	8895
Asp Thr Phe Lys Asp Asp Ile Phe Lys Thr Lys Asp Ala Leu Asn		
8890	8905	8910
Gly Ile Glu Arg Leu Thr Ala Ala Lys Ser Lys Ala Glu Lys Leu		
8915	8920	8925
Ile Asp Ser Leu Lys Phe Ile Asn Lys Ala Gln Phe Thr His Ala		
8930	8935	8940
Asn Asp Glu Ile Ile Asn Thr Asn Ser Ile Ala Gln Leu Ser Arg		
8945	8950	8955
Ile Val Asn Gln Ala Phe Asp Leu Asn Asp Ala Met Lys Ser Leu		
8960	8965	8970
Arg Asp Glu Leu Asn Asn Gln Ala Phe Pro Val Gln Ala Ser Ser		
8975	8980	8985
Asn Tyr Ile Asn Ser Asp Glu Asp Leu Lys Gln Gln Phe Asp His		
8990	8995	9000
Ala Leu Ser Asn Ala Arg Lys Val Leu Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Lys		
9005	9010	9015
Asn Leu Asp Glu Lys Gln Ile Gln Gly Leu Lys Gln Val Ile Glu		
9020	9025	9030
Asp Thr Lys Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly Ile Gln Arg Leu Ser Lys Ala		
9035	9040	9045

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Lys Ala Lys Ala Ile Gln Tyr Val Gln Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ile Asn
9050 9055 9060

Asp Ala Gln Arg His Ile Ala Glu Asn Asn Ile His Asn Ser Asp
9065 9070 9075

Asp Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala Asn Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Ser Asp Leu
9080 9085 9090

Asp Asn Ala Met Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Thr Ile Glu Ser Asn Ser
9095 9100 9105

Thr Ser Val Pro Asn Ser Val Asn Tyr Ile Asn Ala Asp Lys Asn
9110 9115 9120

Leu Gln Ile Glu Phe Asp Glu Ala Leu Gln Gln Ala Ser Ala Thr
9125 9130 9135

Ser Ser Lys Thr Ser Glu Asn Pro Ala Thr Ile Glu Glu Val Leu
9140 9145 9150

Gly Leu Ser Gln Ala Ile Tyr Asp Thr Lys Asn Ala Leu Asn Gly
9155 9160 9165

Glu Gln Arg Leu Ala Thr Glu Lys Ser Lys Asp Leu Lys Leu Ile
9170 9175 9180

Lys Gly Leu Lys Asp Leu Asn Lys Ala Gln Leu Glu Asp Val Thr
9185 9190 9195

Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Ala Asn Thr Leu Thr Glu Leu Ser Gln Leu
9200 9205 9210

Thr Gln Ser Thr Leu Glu Leu Asn Asp Lys Met Lys Leu Leu Arg
9215 9220 9225

Asp Lys Leu Lys Thr Leu Val Asn Pro Val Lys Ala Ser Leu Asn
9230 9235 9240

Tyr Arg Asn Ala Asp Tyr Asn Leu Lys Arg Gln Phe Asn Lys Ala
9245 9250 9255

Leu Lys Glu Ala Lys Gly Val Leu Asn Lys Asn Ser Gly Thr Asn
9260 9265 9270

Val Asn Ile Asn Asp Ile Gln His Leu Leu Thr Gln Ile Asp Asn
9275 9280 9285

Ala Lys Asp Gln Leu Asn Gly Glu Arg Arg Leu Lys Glu His Gln
9290 9295 9300

Gln Lys Ser Glu Val Phe Ile Ile Lys Glu Leu Asp Ile Leu Asn
9305 9310 9315

Asn Ala Gln Lys Ala Ala Ile Ile Asn Gln Ile Arg Ala Ser Lys
9320 9325 9330

Asp Ile Lys Ile Ile Asn Gln Ile Val Asp Asn Ala Ile Glu Leu
9335 9340 9345

Asn Asp Ala Met Gln Gly Leu Lys Glu His Val Ala Gln Leu Thr
9350 9355 9360

Ala Thr Thr Lys Asp Asn Ile Glu Tyr Leu Asn Ala Asp Glu Asp
9365 9370 9375

His Lys Leu Gln Tyr Asp Tyr Ala Ile Asn Leu Ala Asn Asn Val
9380 9385 9390

Leu Asp Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asn Lys Asp Ala Asn Ile Ile Ile
9395 9400 9405

Gly Met Ile Gln Asn Met Asp Asp Ala Arg Ala Leu Leu Asn Gly
9410 9415 9420

Ile Glu Arg Leu Lys Asp Ala Gln Thr Lys Ala His Asn Asp Ile
9425 9430 9435

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Lys Asp Thr Leu Lys Arg Gln Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu His Ala Asn
9440 9445 9450

Ala Thr Ser Asn Ser Lys Ala Gln Ala Lys Gln Met Val Asn Glu
9455 9460 9465

Glu Ala Arg Lys Ala Leu Ser Asn Ile Asn Asp Ala Thr Ser Asn
9470 9475 9480

Asp Leu Val Asn Gln Ala Lys Asp Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala Ile Glu
9485 9490 9495

His Ile His Ala Asp Glu Leu Pro Lys Ala Lys Leu Asp Ala Asn
9500 9505 9510

Gln Met Ile Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Asp Ile Asn His Leu Ile Ser
9515 9520 9525

Gln Asn Pro Asn Leu Ser Asn Glu Glu Lys Asn Lys Leu Ile Ser
9530 9535 9540

Gln Ile Asn Lys Leu Val Asn Gly Ile Lys Asn Glu Ile Gln Gln
9545 9550 9555

Ala Ile Asn Lys Gln Gln Ile Glu Asn Ala Thr Thr Lys Leu Asp
9560 9565 9570

Glu Val Ile Glu Thr Thr Lys Lys Leu Ile Ile Ala Lys Ala Glu
9575 9580 9585

Ala Lys Gln Met Ile Lys Glu Leu Ser Gln Lys Lys Arg Asp Ala
9590 9595 9600

Ile Asn Asn Asn Thr Asp Leu Thr Pro Ser Gln Lys Ala His Ala
9605 9610 9615

Leu Ala Asp Ile Asp Lys Thr Glu Lys Asp Ala Leu Gln His Ile
9620 9625 9630

Glu Asn Ser Asn Ser Ile Asp Asp Ile Asn Asn Asn Lys Glu His
9635 9640 9645

Ala Phe Asn Thr Leu Ala His Ile Ile Ile Trp Asp Thr Asp Gln
9650 9655 9660

Gln Pro Leu Val Phe Glu Leu Pro Glu Leu Ser Leu Gln Asn Ala
9665 9670 9675

Leu Val Thr Ser Glu Val Val Val His Arg Asp Glu Thr Ile Ser
9680 9685 9690

Leu Glu Ser Ile Ile Gly Ala Met Thr Leu Thr Asp Glu Leu Lys
9695 9700 9705

Val Asn Ile Val Ser Leu Pro Asn Thr Asp Lys Val Ala Asp His
9710 9715 9720

Leu Thr Ala Lys Val Lys Val Ile Leu Ala Asp Gly Ser Tyr Val
9725 9730 9735

Thr Val Asn Val Pro Val Lys Val Val Glu Lys Glu Leu Gln Ile
9740 9745 9750

Ala Lys Lys Asp Ala Ile Lys Thr Ile Asp Val Leu Val Lys Gln
9755 9760 9765

Lys Ile Lys Asp Ile Asp Ser Asn Asn Glu Leu Thr Ser Thr Gln
9770 9775 9780

Arg Glu Asp Ala Lys Ala Glu Ile Glu Arg Leu Lys Lys Gln Ala
9785 9790 9795

Ile Asp Lys Val Asn His Ser Lys Ser Ile Lys Asp Ile Glu Thr
9800 9805 9810

Val Lys Arg Thr Asp Phe Glu Glu Ile Asp Gln Phe Asp Pro Lys
9815 9820 9825

Arg Phe Thr Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Lys Asp Ile Ile Thr Asp Val

-continued

9830	9835	9840
Asn Thr Gln Ile Gln Asn Gly Phe Lys Glu Ile Glu Thr Ile Lys		
9845	9850	9855
Gly Leu Thr Ser Asn Glu Lys Thr Gln Phe Asp Lys Gln Leu Thr		
9860	9865	9870
Ala Leu Gln Lys Glu Phe Leu Glu Lys Val Glu His Ala His Asn		
9875	9880	9885
Leu Val Glu Leu Asn Gln Leu Gln Gln Glu Phe Asn Asn Arg Tyr		
9890	9895	9900
Lys His Ile Leu Asn Gln Ala His Leu Leu Gly Glu Lys His Ile		
9905	9910	9915
Ala Glu His Lys Leu Gly Tyr Val Val Val Asn Lys Thr Gln Gln		
9920	9925	9930
Ile Leu Asn Asn Gln Ser Ala Ser Tyr Phe Ile Lys Gln Trp Ala		
9935	9940	9945
Leu Asp Arg Ile Lys Gln Ile Gln Leu Glu Thr Met Asn Ser Ile		
9950	9955	9960
Arg Gly Ala His Thr Val Gln Asp Val His Lys Ala Leu Leu Gln		
9965	9970	9975
Gly Ile Glu Gln Ile Leu Lys Val Asn Val Ser Ile Ile Asn Gln		
9980	9985	9990
Ser Phe Asn Asp Ser Leu His Asn Phe Asn Tyr Leu His Ser Lys		
9995	10000	10005
Phe Asp Ala Arg Leu Arg Glu Lys Asp Val Ala Asn His Ile Val		
10010	10015	10020
Gln Thr Glu Thr Phe Lys Glu Val Leu Lys Gly Thr Gly Val Glu		
10025	10030	10035
Pro Gly Lys Ile Asn Lys Glu Thr Gln Gln Pro Lys Leu His Lys		
10040	10045	10050
Asn Asp Asn Asp Ser Leu Phe Lys His Leu Val Asp Asn Phe Gly		
10055	10060	10065
Lys Thr Val Gly Val Ile Thr Leu Thr Gly Leu Leu Ser Ser Phe		
10070	10075	10080
Trp Leu Val Leu Ala Lys Arg Arg Lys Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu Lys		
10085	10090	10095
Gln Ser Ile Lys Asn His His Lys Asp Ile Arg Leu Ser Asp Thr		
10100	10105	10110
Asp Lys Ile Asp Pro Ile Val Ile Thr Lys Arg Lys Ile Asp Lys		
10115	10120	10125
Glu Glu Gln Ile Gln Asn Asp Asp Lys His Ser Ile Pro Val Ala		
10130	10135	10140
Lys His Lys Lys Ser Lys Glu Lys Gln Leu Ser Glu Glu Asp Ile		
10145	10150	10155
His Ser Ile Pro Val Val Lys Arg Lys Gln Asn Ser Asp Asn Lys		
10160	10165	10170
Asp Thr Lys Gln Lys Lys Val Thr Ser Lys Lys Lys Lys Thr Pro		
10175	10180	10185
Gln Ser Thr Lys Lys Val Val Lys Thr Lys Lys Arg Ser Lys Lys		
10190	10195	10200

<210> SEQ ID NO 24

<211> LENGTH: 1973

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus epidermidis

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Met Lys Glu Asn Lys Arg Lys Asn Asn Leu Asp Lys Asn Asn Thr Arg
 1 5 10 15

Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Gly Ala Thr Ser Val Ala Ile
 20 25 30

Ile Gly Phe Ile Ile Ile Ser Cys Phe Ser Glu Ala Lys Ala Asp Ser
 35 40 45

Asp Lys His Glu Ile Lys Ser His Gln Gln Ser Met Thr Asn His Leu
 50 55 60

Thr Thr Leu Pro Ser Asp Asn Gln Glu Asn Thr Ser Asn Asn Glu Phe
 65 70 75 80

Asn Asn Arg Asn His Asp Ile Ser His Leu Ser Leu Asn Lys Ser Ile
 85 90 95

Gln Met Asp Glu Leu Lys Lys Leu Ile Lys Gln Tyr Lys Ala Ile Asn
 100 105 110

Leu Asn Asp Lys Thr Glu Glu Ser Ile Lys Leu Phe Gln Ser Asp Leu
 115 120 125

Val Gln Ala Glu Ser Leu Ile Asn Asn Pro Gln Ser Gln Gln His Val
 130 135 140

Asp Ala Phe Tyr His Lys Phe Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Lys Leu Arg Lys
 145 150 155 160

Lys Glu Thr Val Ser Ile Lys His Glu Arg Ser Glu Ser Asn Thr Tyr
 165 170 175

Arg Leu Gly Asp Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Thr Phe Ser His Ile Arg His
 180 185 190

Lys Arg Asn Ala Val Ser Phe Arg Asn Ala Asp Gln Ser Asn Leu Ser
 195 200 205

Thr Asp Pro Leu Lys Ala Asn Glu Ile Asn Pro Glu Ile Gln Asn Gly
 210 215 220

Asn Phe Ser Gln Val Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Pro Thr Ser Ser Lys Arg
 225 230 235 240

Leu Thr Val Val Thr Asn Val Asp Asn Trp His Ser Tyr Ser Thr Asp
 245 250 255

Pro Asn Pro Glu Tyr Pro Met Phe Tyr Thr Thr Ala Val Asn Tyr
 260 265 270

Pro Asn Phe Met Ser Asn Gly Asn Ala Pro Tyr Gly Val Ile Leu Gly
 275 280 285

Arg Thr Thr Asp Gly Trp Asn Arg Asn Val Ile Asp Ser Lys Val Ala
 290 295 300

Gly Ile Tyr Gln Asp Ile Asp Val Val Pro Gly Ser Glu Leu Asn Val
 305 310 315 320

Asn Phe Ile Ser Thr Ser Pro Val Phe Ser Asp Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala
 325 330 335

Lys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asn Val Glu Gln Asn Arg Val Leu Phe Asp Ser
 340 345 350

Arg Leu Asn Gly Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Thr Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Met
 355 360 365

Val Asn Ile Pro Asn Asp Ile Asn Arg Val Arg Ile Ser Phe Leu Pro
 370 375 380

Val Ser Ser Thr Gly Arg Val Ser Val Gln Arg Ser Ser Arg Glu His
 385 390 395 400

Gly Phe Gly Asp Asn Ser Ser Tyr Tyr His Gly Gly Ser Val Ser Asp

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405	410	415
Val Arg Ile Asn Ser Gly Ser Tyr Val Val Ser Lys Val Thr Gln Arg		
420	425	430
Glu Tyr Thr Thr Arg Pro Asn Ser Ser Asn Asp Thr Phe Ala Arg Ala		
435	440	445
Thr Ile Asn Leu Ser Val Glu Asn Lys Gly His Asn Gln Ser Lys Asp		
450	455	460
Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Val Ile Leu Pro Gln Asn Ser Arg Leu Ile Ser Thr		
465	470	475
Arg Gly Gly Ser Gly Asn Tyr Asn Asn Ala Thr Asn Lys Leu Ser Ile		
485	490	495
Arg Leu Asp Asn Leu Asn Pro Gly Asp Arg Arg Asp Ile Ser Tyr Thr		
500	505	510
Val Asp Phe Glu Ser Ser Pro Lys Leu Ile Asn Leu Asn Ala His		
515	520	525
Leu Leu Tyr Lys Thr Asn Ala Thr Phe Arg Gly Asn Asp Gly Gln Arg		
530	535	540
Thr Gly Asp Asn Ile Val Asp Leu Gln Ser Ile Ala Leu Leu Met Asn		
545	550	555
Lys Asp Val Leu Glu Thr Glu Leu Asn Glu Ile Asp Lys Phe Ile Arg		
565	570	575
Asp Leu Asn Glu Ala Asp Phe Thr Ile Asp Ser Trp Ser Ala Leu Gln		
580	585	590
Glu Lys Met Thr Glu Gly Gly Asn Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Gln Asn Gln		
595	600	605
Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln Ala Ser Gln Glu Thr Ile Asn Asn Val Thr		
610	615	620
Gln Ser Leu Glu Ile Leu Lys Asn Asn Leu Lys Tyr Lys Thr Pro Ser		
625	630	635
Gln Pro Ile Ile Lys Ser Asn Asn Gln Ile Pro Asn Ile Thr Ile Ser		
645	650	655
Pro Ala Asp Lys Ala Asp Lys Leu Thr Ile Thr Tyr Gln Asn Thr Asp		
660	665	670
Asn Glu Ser Ala Ser Ile Ile Gly Asn Lys Leu Asn Asn Gln Trp Ser		
675	680	685
Leu Asn Asn Ile Pro Gly Ile Glu Ile Asp Met Gln Thr Gly Leu		
690	695	700
Val Thr Ile Asp Tyr Lys Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu Ser Val Val Gly Ala		
705	710	715
Asn Asp Lys Thr Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr		
725	730	735
Met Pro Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn		
740	745	750
Glu Glu Arg Val Asn Val Val Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln		
755	760	765
Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu Val		
770	775	780
Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile Asp Tyr		
785	790	795
Val Asn Ile Glu Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly Tyr Gln Ala		
805	810	815
Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Lys Gly Asn Ser		
820	825	830

-continued

Asp Glu Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Val Thr Met Pro Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr
 835 840 845
 Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn Glu Glu His Val Asn Val Thr
 850 855 860
 Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Thr Thr Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser
 885 890 895
 Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile Asp Tyr Val Asn Ile Glu Glu Asn Ser
 900 905 910
 Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Leu Glu Ser Glu Val
 915 920 925
 Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg
 930 935 940
 Ile Thr Met Leu Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Ala Asn Glu Glu His Val Asn Val Thr Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala
 965 970 975
 Thr Gln Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr
 980 985 990
 Leu Val Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
 995 1000 1005
 Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
 1010 1015 1020
 Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
 1025 1030 1035
 Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
 1040 1045 1050
 Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Ile Pro Pro Thr Leu Glu Ala Ser Val
 1055 1060 1065
 Gln Glu Ala Ser Val Thr Val Thr Pro Asn Glu Asn Ala Thr Lys
 1070 1075 1080
 Val Phe Ile Lys Tyr Leu Asp Ile Asn Asp Glu Ile Ser Thr Ile
 1085 1090 1095
 Ile Ala Ser Lys Ile Asn Gln Gln Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Asp Asn
 1100 1105 1110
 Phe Gly Ile Lys Ile Asn Pro Leu Thr Gly Lys Val Ile Ile Ser
 1115 1120 1125
 Tyr Val Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Asp Val Ile Ala Ile Glu Ser
 1130 1135 1140
 Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Ser Glu Glu Ser Arg Ile Ile Met Pro
 1145 1150 1155
 Thr Lys Glu Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Ile Leu Glu Ser Asp Ser
 1160 1165 1170
 Ile Glu Ala Lys Val Asn Ile Phe Pro Asn Asp Glu Ala Thr Arg
 1175 1180 1185
 Ile Val Ile Met Tyr Thr Ser Leu Glu Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu
 1190 1195 1200
 Val Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
 1205 1210 1215
 Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
 1220 1225 1230

-continued

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1235 1240 1245

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Val Thr Met Pro
1250 1255 1260

Arg Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Thr Asn Glu
1265 1270 1275

Glu Arg Val Asn Val Val Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Ala Thr Gln
1280 1285 1290

Ile Ala Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Thr Thr Leu
1295 1300 1305

Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
1310 1315 1320

Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
1325 1330 1335

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1340 1345 1350

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
1355 1360 1365

Arg Lys Glu Ala Ile Pro His Ser Pro Ile Val Glu Ala Asn Glu
1370 1375 1380

Glu His Val Asn Val Thr Ile Ala Pro Asn Gly Glu Thr Thr Gln
1385 1390 1395

Ile Ala Val Lys Tyr Arg Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Glu Ala Thr Leu
1400 1405 1410

Ile Ala Ser Lys Asn Glu Ser Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Gln Ile
1415 1420 1425

Asp His Val Asn Ile Asp Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Val Thr Ile Gly
1430 1435 1440

Tyr Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr
1445 1450 1455

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Ile Thr Met Pro
1460 1465 1470

Val Lys Glu Lys Thr Pro Ala Pro Pro Ile Ser Ile Ile Asn Glu
1475 1480 1485

Ser Asn Ala Ser Val Glu Ile Ile Pro Gln Val Asn Val Thr Gln
1490 1495 1500

Leu Ser Leu Gln Tyr Ile Asp Ala Lys Gly Gln Gln Asn Leu
1505 1510 1515

Ile Ala Thr Leu Asn Gln Asn Gln Trp Thr Leu Asn Lys Asn Val
1520 1525 1530

Ser His Ile Thr Val Asp Lys Asn Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ile Asn
1535 1540 1545

Tyr Gln Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu Ser Glu Val Ile Ala Arg Glu Ser
1550 1555 1560

Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Met Val Ile Met Pro
1565 1570 1575

Arg Lys Thr Ala Thr Pro Lys Pro Pro Ile Ile Lys Val Asp Glu
1580 1585 1590

Met Asn Ala Ser Leu Ala Ile Ile Pro Tyr Lys Asn Asn Thr Ala
1595 1600 1605

Ile Asn Ile His Tyr Ile Asp Lys Lys Gly Ile Lys Ser Met Val
1610 1615 1620

Thr Ala Ile Lys Asn Asn Asp Gln Trp Gln Leu Asp Glu Lys Ile

-continued

1625	1630	1635
Lys Tyr Val Lys Ile Asp Ala	Lys Thr Gly Thr Val	Ile Ile Asn
1640	1645	1650
Tyr Gln Ile Val Gln Glu Asn	Ser Glu Ile Ile Ala	Thr Ala Ile
1655	1660	1665
Asn Gly Asn Ser Asp Lys Ser	Glu Glu Val Lys Val	Leu Met Pro
1670	1675	1680
Ile Lys Glu Phe Thr Pro Leu	Ala Pro Leu Leu Glu	Thr Asn Tyr
1685	1690	1695
Lys Lys Ala Thr Val Ser Ile	Leu Pro Gln Ser Asn	Ala Thr Lys
1700	1705	1710
Leu Asp Phe Lys Tyr Arg Asp	Lys Lys Gly Asp Ser	Lys Ile Ile
1715	1720	1725
Ile Val Lys Arg Phe Lys Asn	Ile Trp Lys Ala Asn	Glu Gln Ile
1730	1735	1740
Ser Gly Val Thr Ile Asn Pro	Glu Phe Gly Gln Val	Val Ile Asn
1745	1750	1755
Tyr Gln Ala Val Tyr Pro Glu	Ser Asp Ile Leu Ala	Ala Gln Tyr
1760	1765	1770
Val Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser	Glu Trp Ala Lys Val	Lys Met Pro
1775	1780	1785
Lys Lys Glu Leu Ala Pro His	Ser Pro Ser Leu Ile	Tyr Asp Asn
1790	1795	1800
Arg Asn Asn Lys Ile Leu Ile	Ala Pro Asn Ser Asn	Ala Thr Glu
1805	1810	1815
Met Glu Leu Ser Tyr Val Asp	Lys Asn Asn Gln Ser	Leu Lys Val
1820	1825	1830
Lys Ala Leu Lys Ile Asn Asn	Arg Trp Lys Phe Asp	Ser Ser Val
1835	1840	1845
Ser Asn Ile Ser Ile Asn Pro	Asn Thr Gly Lys Ile	Val Leu Gln
1850	1855	1860
Pro Gln Phe Leu Leu Thr Asn	Ser Lys Ile Ile Val	Phe Ala Lys
1865	1870	1875
Lys Gly Asn Ser Asp Ala Ser	Ile Ser Val Ser Leu	Arg Val Pro
1880	1885	1890
Ala Val Lys Lys Ile Glu Leu	Glu Pro Met Phe Asn	Val Pro Val
1895	1900	1905
Leu Val Ser Leu Asn Lys Lys	Arg Ile Gln Phe Asp	Asp Cys Ser
1910	1915	1920
Gly Val Lys Asn Cys Leu Asn	Lys Gln Ile Ser Lys	Thr Gln Leu
1925	1930	1935
Pro Asp Thr Gly Tyr Ser Asp	Lys Ala Ser Lys Ser	Asn Ile Leu
1940	1945	1950
Ser Val Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe	Gly Phe Leu Ser Tyr	Ser Arg Lys
1955	1960	1965
Arg Lys Glu Lys Gln		
1970		

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What is claimed is:

1. An isolated antibody capable of binding to an amino acid sequence consisting of amino acids 33-592 of SEQ ID NO: 13.
2. The antibody according to claim 1 wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
3. The antibody according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of single chain, chimeric, murine, humanized and human monoclonal antibodies.
4. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein said antibody treats an *E. faecalis* bacterial infection in a human or animal.
5. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein said antibody is suitable for parenteral, oral, intranasal, subcutaneous, aerosolized or intravenous administration in a human or animal.

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6. Isolated antisera containing an antibody according to claim 1.
7. A diagnostic kit comprising an antibody according to claim 1 and means for detecting binding by that antibody.
8. A diagnostic kit according to claim 7 wherein said means for detecting binding comprises a detectable label that is linked to said antibody.
9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of the antibody of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, carrier or excipient.
10. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein the antibody is a polyclonal antibody.

* * * * *

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 7,615,616 B2
APPLICATION NO. : 10/661809
DATED : November 10, 2009
INVENTOR(S) : Hook et al.

Page 1 of 1

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

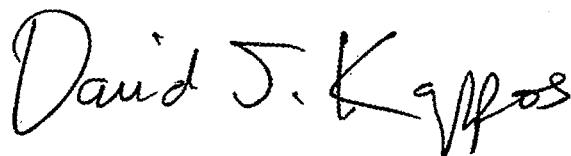
On the Title Page:

The first or sole Notice should read --

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)
by 590 days.

Signed and Sealed this

Nineteenth Day of October, 2010



David J. Kappos
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office