

Will Monetized Carbon Emission Reductions Buy Enhanced Building Operations?

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Outline

- Buildings Role in Climate Change
- How CC Programs Treat Buildings

- Cap-and-Trade Agreements
- Policies and Measures

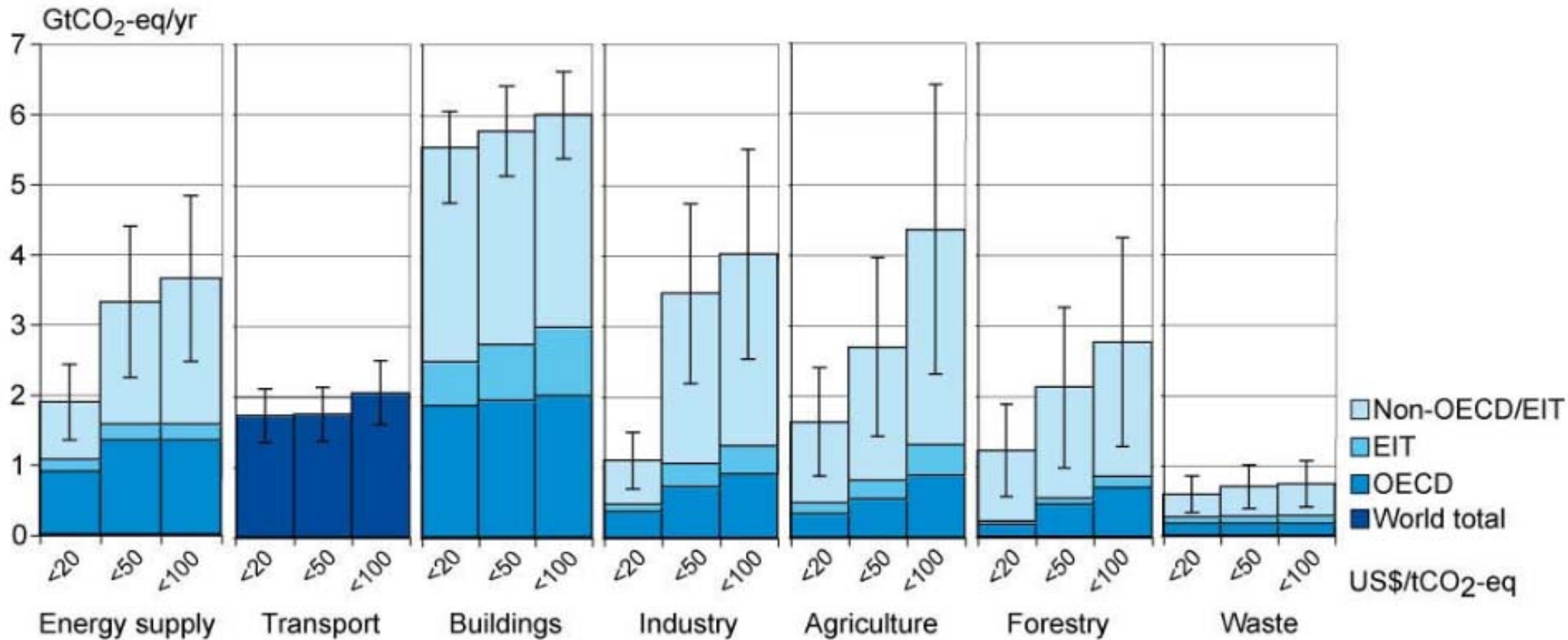
International and United State Programs

- Kyoto Protocol
 - European Union Emission Trading Scheme
 - California Global Warming Solutions Act
 - Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative
 - Strategies for Expanding Buildings Role
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Buildings Role in Climate Change

- Estimates Vary Depending on Definitions
 - IPCC WG-3 Latest Estimate (2007)
 - Buildings Lead in Emission Reduction Potential
 - Buildings Lead in the Certainty of Benefits
 - Collateral Benefits
 - Reduced Industrial Use for Lighting and HVAC
 - Buildings Affect Communities/Urbanization
 - Land-use Planning Affects Transportation Emissions
 - Reductions in Urban Heat Island Effects
 - Community Plans Affect Waste Treatment
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Buildings: Large & Reliable



Source: *Mitigation of Climate Change*,
Bert Metz, Co-chair IPCC WG III,
UNFCCC, Bonn, May 12, 2007

Global Climate Change Programs

- Cap-and-Trade Mechanisms
 - Establishes Future Target
 - Participants Committed to a Share of the Target
 - Coverage Area Can Vary Greatly
 - Effective Implementation Potential for Covered Area
 - Policies and Measures
 - Term for All Other GHG Emission Reduction Actions
 - Includes Building and Appliance Standards, Labels,
all Forms of Market Transformation
 - Tailored to the Country/State Priorities
 - Varied, Uncertain Results in Different Jurisdictions
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State and Trends of the Carbon Market 2007

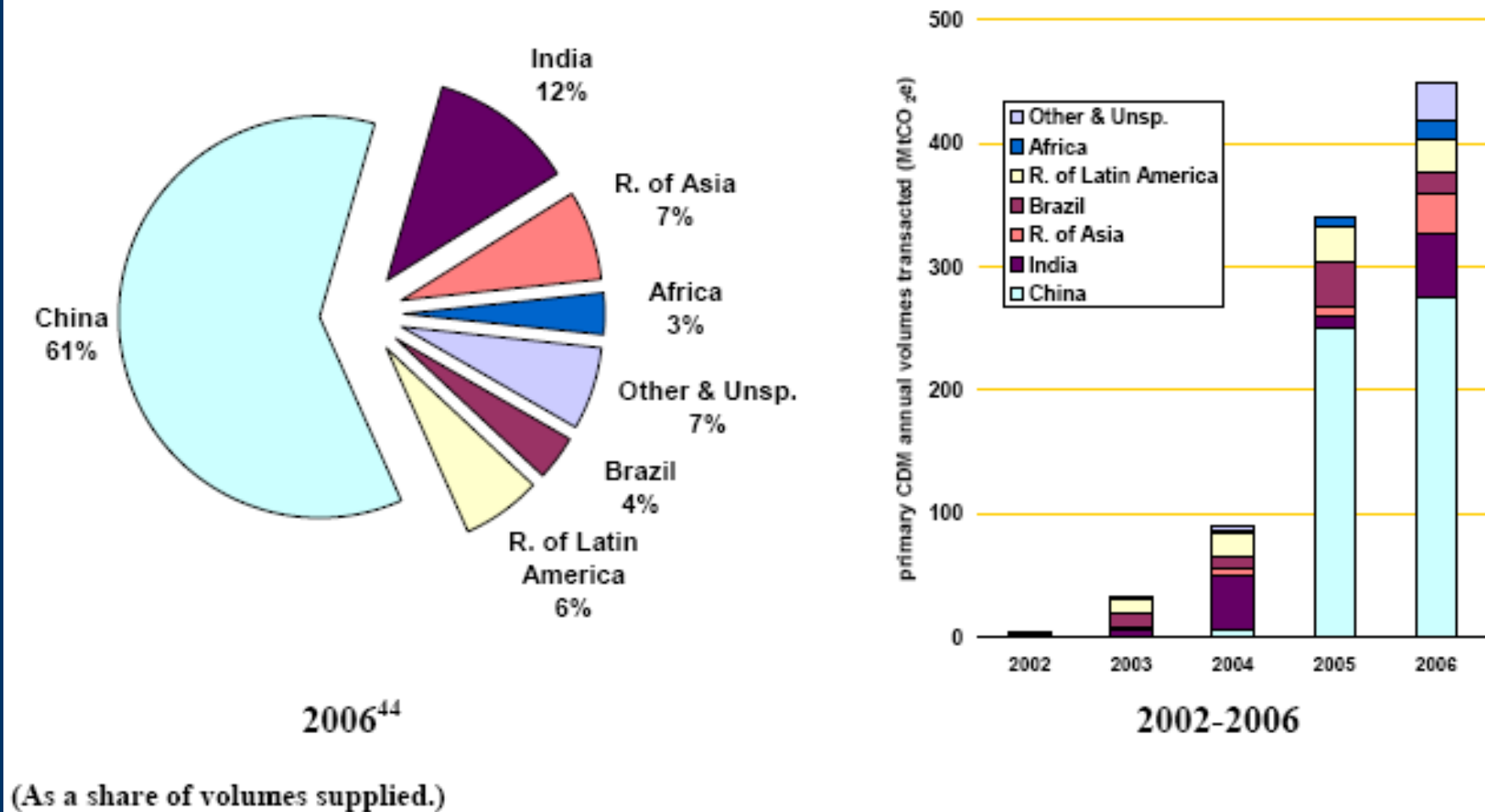
Table 1: Carbon Market at a Glance, Volumes & Values in 2005-06

| | 2005 | | 2006 | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| | Volume (MtCO ₂ e) | Value (MUS\$) | Volume (MtCO ₂ e) | Value (MUS\$) |
| Allowances | | | | |
| EU ETS | 321 | 7,908 | 1,101 | 24,357 |
| New South Wales | 6 | 59 | 20 | 225 |
| Chicago Climate Exchange | 1 | 3 | 10 | 38 |
| UK-ETS | 0 | 1 | na | na |
| Sub total | 328 | 7,971 | 1,131 | 24,620 |
| Project-based transactions | | | | |
| Primary CDM | 341 | 2,417 | 450 | 4,813 |
| Secondary CDM | 10 | 221 | 25 | 444 |
| JI | 11 | 68 | 16 | 141 |
| Other compliance | 20 | 187 | 17 | 79 |
| Sub total | 382 | 2,894 | 508 | 5,477 |
| TOTAL | 710 | 10,864 | 1,639 | 30,098 |

Source: State Trends of the Carbon Market 2007, The World Bank, pg. 3.

Location of CDM Projects

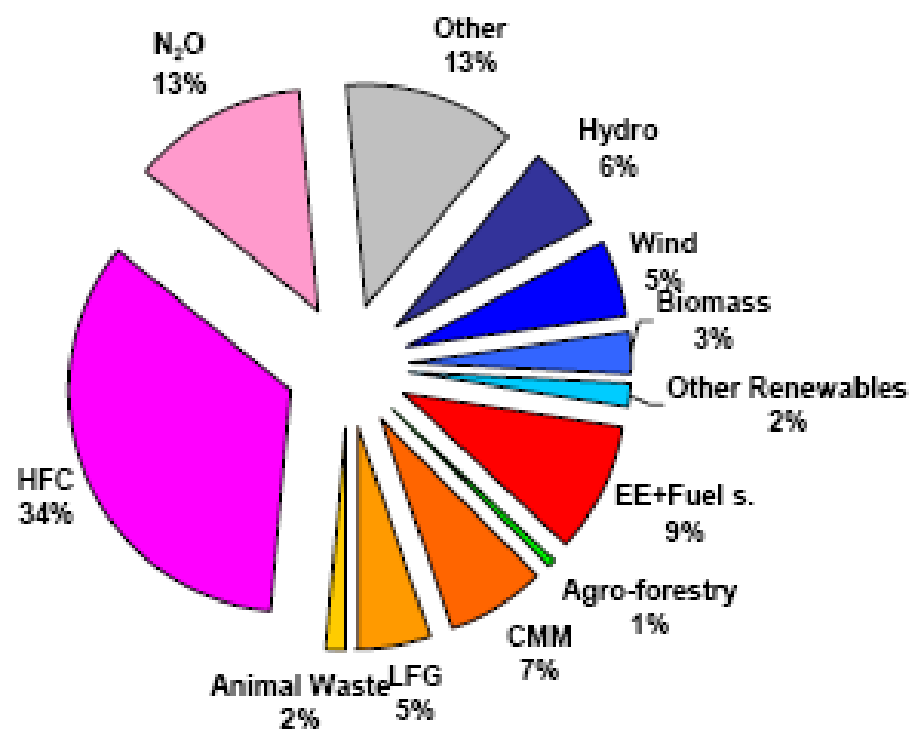
Figure 4: Location of CDM Projects



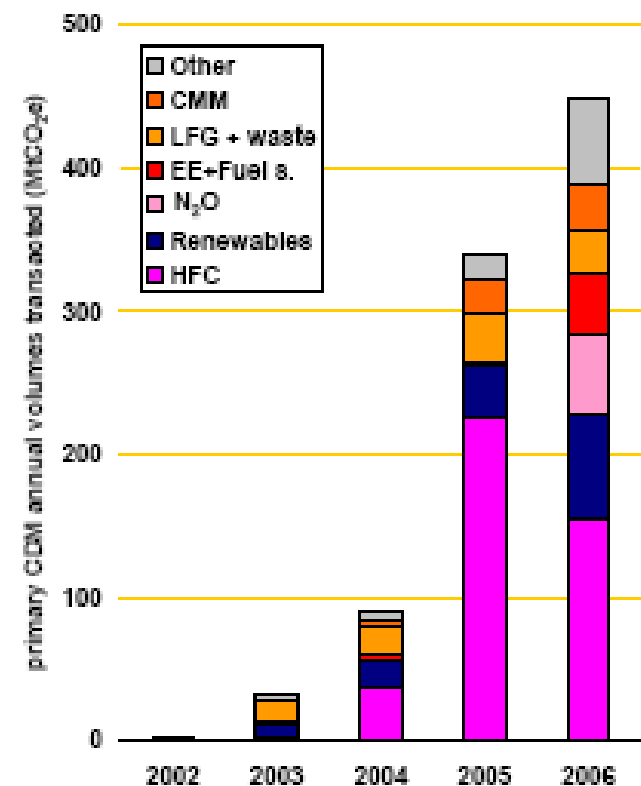
Source: State Trends of the Carbon Market 2007, The World Bank, pg. 24.

Asset Classes of CDM Projects

Figure 6: Asset Classes of CDM projects.



As a share of volumes contracted in 2006



2002-2006

Source: State Trends of the Carbon Market 2007, The World Bank, pg. 27.

International Programs

- UNFCCC Kyoto Protocol
 - Dominant Global Climate Change Program
 - Mandatory Emission Targets in 2008-2012 for 37 Annex I Countries Which Have Ratified It
 - Relies Primarily on Policies and Measures
 - Flexibility Measures Include CDMs and JIs
 - European Climate Change Program
 - Reflects EU's Leadership in Implementing Kyoto
 - Coordinates EU's 22 Annex I Countries' Kyoto Plans
 - Allocation C&T for Largest Emission Emitters
 - Greatest Uncertainty is Policies and Measures
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Leading New U.S. Programs

- California Global Warming Solutions
 - Passed, 2006; Development, Now; Enforcement, 2012
 - Enforceable Target: Reduce State's Kyoto GHG Emissions to 1990 Levels by 2020
 - Advisors Recommend Allocation-Based C&T with 4 Options—EU ETS Type to Broad Coverage
 - Advisors Recommend Offsets, e.g. CDMs and JIs
 - Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative
 - MOU Agreement: 10 States in NE and Mid-Atlantic
 - C&T: Power Plants > 25MW, >50% Fossil Fuels
 - Limits: Current, 2009-2014; Down 10%, 2019
 - Offsets Planned in Designated Types
 - Special Consideration for Residential Projects
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Critical Years: 2008-2012

- Kyoto and EU Challenges
 - Policies and Measures That Meet Their Targets
 - Successful, Debugged, Phase II EU ETS
 - United States Challenges
 - Progress in Implementing California and RGGI
 - Coordination of New Federal Legislation with Developing State and Regional Programs
 - Global Challenge
 - Merge Kyoto and U.S. Activities Into a Single, Global Program in 2013
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Challenges for Buildings

- Participate in Climate Change Decisions or the Buildings Role Will Be Minimized
 - Apply Rigorous Standards to Monitor and Verify Carbon Savings in Building Projects
 - Actively Exchange Experience to Identify Successes and Problems
 - Market the Contribution Buildings and Related Community Projects Make to a Wide Range of Climate Change Goals
 - *When Carbon is Monetized, Improved Buildings Are a Best Buy* -
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