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# TEXAS AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

A. B. CONNER, DIRECTOR COLLEGE STATION, BRAZOS COUNTY, TEXAS

BULLETIN NO. 417

NOVEMBER, 1930

# DIVISION OF AGRONOMY

# Varieties of Cotton for North Texas



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<sup>\*</sup>Dean School of Veterinary Medicine. \*\*In cooperation with U. S. Department of Agriculture. †As of November 1, 1930.

In tests of 179 varieties and strains of cotton at Substation No. 6, Denton, Texas, during the 17-year period, 1913 to 1929, inclusive, Half and Half made the largest average yield, 283 pounds of lint per acre. It was followed by Sunshine, New Boykin, Harper, and Cliett Superior, with average yields of 248, 239, 238, and 236 pounds of lint per acre, respectively. While Half and Half had the highest average yield and also the highest gin turn-out, 41.5 per cent, it has certain objectionable features, such as small bolls and a short staple averaging only  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch, which makes it untenderable on future contracts. On the other hand, the better-staple varieties, such as Sunshine, New Boykin, Harper, and Cliett Superior are big-boll, storm-proof varieties with a gin turn-out ranging from 34 to 39.4 per cent, and produce staple of tenderable length, averaging 31/32 to 1 inch.

The selection of a variety of cotton for North Texas will depend largely on the system of marketing and prices paid. If cotton is bought on the "hog-round," or average basis, and no more is paid for staple cotton than for short and untenderable cotton, such as Half and Half, then Half and Half, on account of its higher yield, would be the most profitable variety to grow. If suitable differences in prices, however, can be obtained to compensate for the lower yield, then Sunshine, New Boykin, Harper, and Cliett Superior, which produce lint of tenderable length, 31/32 to 1 inch, would be more profitable to grow than Half and Half.

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# VARIETIES OF COTTON FOR NORTH TEXAS

# P. B. DUNKLE

Varieties of cotton have been tested at Substation No. 6, Denton, Texas, since 1913, with the exception of 1914, when the station was being moved to a new location, and 1915, when the new location was not yet prepared for experimental work. This work on variety testing at Denton is part of the more comprehensive and extensive study of varieties of cotton conducted by the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station in the various agricultural regions of the State. The results obtained with varieties of cotton at the experiment stations at Angleton, Lubbock, Chillicothe, College Station, Nacogdoches, Temple, and Troup have been reported in Bulletins 354, 364, 366, 369, 384, 399, and 406. The results obtained at Substation No. 6, Denton, from 1913 to 1929, inclusive, are published in this Bulletin, which forms the eighth of the series of bulletins on varieties of cotton.

Substation No. 6 is located in central north Texas five miles west of Denton, Denton County, forty miles northwest of Dallas, and forty miles north and slightly east of Fort Worth in the Fort Worth Prairie. Denton is served by the Texas & Pacific and the M. K. & T. Railroads. The elevation is approximately 600 feet above sea level. In general the Fort Worth or Grand Prairie region is undulating to gently rolling and is dissected by a large number of streams. The prairies are treeless with the exception of narrow strips of timber along the larger streams. The soils of the region are, in general, prevailingly grayish or brownish in color with reddish subsoils. The soils of the Denton and San Saba series are the most extensive soils of the region, especially in Denton County. The surface soils of the Denton series are brown and the subsoils are brown or yellowish brown. The soils of the San Saba series are black in color, the subsoils ranging from black through brown or even yellow. The San Saba clay is naturally productive and considered one of the best farming soils of the region.

The variety tests with cotton at Denton have been conducted on San Saba clay. Since this soil is one of the most extensive soils of the region, the results of the variety test are probably

applicable to the region as a whole.

## WEATHER CONDITIONS

The average annual rainfall at Substation No. 6, Denton, Texas, for the 12 years, 1918 to 1929, inclusive, was 32.64 inches (Table 1). The yearly rainfall ranged from 49.93 inches in 1920 down to 19.62 inches in 1924.

It is interesting to note that the average yields of cotton were not in proportion to the annual rainfall nor to the total rainfall of the growing season (Table 1). The yields were affected more by the distribution of rainfall, especially during July and August, the critical months, than by the total rainfall. Usually the rainfall of the region is sufficient in quantity for satisfactory cotton production, but it is not always favorably distributed.

In some years the excessive rainfall or continued, rainy, showery weather during July and August is conducive to heavy infestation of boll weevil and bollworm, resulting in low yields. The yield of cotton is also reduced considerably in some years by

prolonged dry weather during the growing season.

The average length of the frost-free period for the twelve years was 235 days. The shortest frost-free period, 207 days, occurred in 1921, while the longest, 274 days, occurred in 1922. The average date of the last killing frost in the spring was March 27, and the average date of the first killing frost in the fall was November 10. The latest killing frost on record in the spring was April 17, 1921, and the earliest killing frost in the fall was October 24, 1929.

#### METHOD OF CONDUCTING TESTS

Prior to 1920 a large number of varieties, as many as 52 in 1917 and 45 in 1919, were included in the tests. Since 1920 only the leading commercial varieties have been grown in the tests. The elimination of the less desirable varieties made it possible to give the others more thorough tests. Each year planting seed was secured direct from the respective breeders.

The varieties were grown in rows three feet apart and the plants spaced as near as possible a uniform distance of ten inches in the row. Each variety was used two to three times in the test to insure more accurate results. No commercial fer-

tilizers have been used in the variety tests.

Unless weather conditions prevented, the cotton in the variety tests was planted between the 10th and 20th of April, all varieties being planted on the same date and in the same manner. As a general practice, the cotton was planted on lister beds, which left the seed on or slightly above the level. All varieties were cultivated uniformly on the same dates and as frequently as necessary to keep down grass and weeds.

Table 1.-Monthly and yearly rainfall in inches at Denton, Texas, 1918 to 1929, inclusive, with 12-year average

	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	12-year average
Total rainfall for June, July, Aug Acre yield of lint cot- ton in pounds of	5.56	11.42	17.74	6.04	4.08	7.86	3.61	5.54	11.86	7.72	10.00	2.31	7.81
Lone Star	98	283	6	239	156	238	293	hail	250	233	375	284	*233
Total rainfall	35.18	45.75	49.93	22.89	29.57	35.01	19.62	22.83	39.68	33.23	28.94	28.76	32.64
JanuaryFebruary	1.50	2.84 2.64	3.49 .42	2.47 2.28	1.66 1.57	2.43 1.55	1.16	1.32	4.23	2.08 4.93	2.28	2.66 1.11	2.17
March	.08	$\frac{3.17}{2.87}$	2.39 1.82	1.82 5.02	2.29 8.75	1.99	4.04	4.28	3.54 2.75	1.72	. 67	1.30	1.99
May	$\frac{5.66}{2.26}$	4.00	11.01	2.52	4.00	5.59 .88 5.57	1.70	4.56	4.65	3.72	3.18 4.03	$\frac{2.51}{8.75}$	3.91 4.09
June	4.52 .71 .33 3.62	3.23		2.27	3.04	5.57	.92	. 66	3.16	2.91	5.74	. 69	3.29
July	33	$\frac{4.10}{4.09}$	5.24 5.74	2.57 1.16	.26	1.79	2.12	$\frac{.56}{4.32}$	5.40	4.12	1.96 2.30	1.39 .23	2.28
September	3.62	3.54	3.12	.74	.57	1.61	3.23	1.54	1.71	2.60	.13	2.46	
October	5.14			.10	1.89	7.38	.00	3.23	6.08	4.27	2.35	3.26	4.24
November December	$\frac{6.07}{4.43}$	3.31	$\frac{1.76}{2.05}$	1.71	4.57	$\frac{2.40}{5.52}$	2.09	1.53	3.89	5.47	1.82 3.81	$\frac{1.45}{2.95}$	2.00

<sup>\*11-</sup>year average—cotton destroyed by hail in 1925.

Picking of the varieties was started when the first open bolls appeared and weekly pickings were made until the last bolls had opened, all varieties being picked on the same date each time. The yields of lint and seed were obtained by ginning the seed cotton on a 20-saw, 10-inch cotton gin. A sample of lint from each variety was obtained at ginning time to determine the grade and length of staple. The classing was done by official and licensed classers of the Department of Textile Engineering, A. and M. College of Texas.

# CLASSIFICATION OF VARIETIES

The term "variety" is used to refer to each separate cotton tested and does not imply that each cotton reported on in this Bulletin is a separate and distinct type possessing measurable differences. Many of the so-called varieties are really strains of a parent variety which have been selected and developed by individual breeders.

Planting seed for the variety tests are secured direct from leading breeders each year, and each lot of seed is given a separate Texas Station number (T. S. No.). On the sheet bearing this number is recorded the name of the breeder, varietal name given by the breeder, and the available history of the seed.

Classification of some cotton varieties

Type	Parent variety	Current trade name
	Mebane	Mebane Cliett's Superior Harper Blue Wagon
Mebane or Triumph	Kasch	Kasch • Qualla
	New Boykin	New Boykin
	Ferguson Triumph 406	Ferguson Triumph 406
Rowden	Rowden	Rowden Sunshine Belton
Truitt	Truitt	Truitt
Lone Star	Lone Star	Lone Star Lankart Bennett
Acala	Acala	Acala
Half and Half	Half and Half	Half and Half Western Wonder Summerour

### EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS BY YEARS

The results secured in the variety test are discussed by individual years. The varieties tested each year are given in sepa-

rate tables and are listed in order of yield of lint, the highestyielding varieties appearing at the top of the table. The tables also give the yields of seed cotton, percentage of lint, and, when available, the size of bolls, length of lint, and earliness.

# Results in 1913

Forty-four varieties were included in the test of 1913, the results of which are shown in Table 2. Owing to a drouth which damaged cotton, especially during August, the yields in 1913 are low. Webber, with a yield of 103 pounds of lint per acre, was the only variety that produced as much as 100 pounds of lint per acre. Union Big Boll, Half and Half, Edgeworth, and Rowden, in the order named, were the next highest-yielding varieties.

Table 2.—Varieties tested in 1913, arranged in order of yield of lint.

r. s.*		Acre yield	d, pounds	_
No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent
466	Webber	103	318	32.4
135	Union Big Boll	98	285	34.2
443	Half and Half	96	228	42.2
129	Edgeworth	89	255	34.8
77	Rowden	84	249	33.6
487	Dongola	82	216	37.9
483	Columbia	81	273	29.7
79	Jackson	80	216	37.2
7	Burns	80	246	32.3
28	Mebane	79	228	34.8
15	Rowden	79	234	33.8
118	Long Staple	79	249	31.6
474	Truitt	79	237	33.2
14	Unknown	77	234	33.0
414	Durango	76	240	31.6
472	Peterkin	72	195	37.1
486	Roberts	72	201	35.8
480	Culpepper	71	201	35.2
452	Mortgage Lifter	70	216	32.5
485	Cleveland	69	204	34.0
16	Crowder	67	207	35.0
446	Simpkins	66	198	32.6
121	Allen	65	195	33.3
413	Snowflake	65	189	34.4
3	Columbia	64	201	31.7
479	Toole	64	180	35.3
470	Sunflower	63	222	28.2
481	Keenan	61	201	30.4
415	Huffman	61	177	34.5
412	Foster	59	216	27.9
444	Haaga's Extra Long Staple	59	153	38.3
130	Bank Account	59	177	33.2
419	Hawkins	57	159	35.7
169	Webber	56	171	32.6
11	Lone Star	54	159	34.0
481	Cook	54	153	35.1
78	Hendricks	48	144	33.6
445	Webber	46	156	29.4
475	Texas Wood	45	105	37.5
74	Allen	42	117	34.5
496	Broadwell's D. J.	39	126	30.6
10	Mit Affifi	31	114	27.3
477	Webber	29	84	34.0
340	Black Rattler	19	75	25.8

<sup>\*</sup>Texas Station Number.

The varieties tested in 1916 showed a wide range in yield. Sunbeam made the highest yield, 246 pounds of lint per acre, but the yields ranged down to 49 pounds for Sea Island, as shown in Table 3.

Table 3.—Varieties tested in 1916, arranged in order of yield of lint.

Γ. S.	Variety	Acre yield	l, pounds	Per cen
No.	variety	Lint	Seed cotton	lint
1849	Sunbeam	246	542	45.4
924	Cook	242	604	40.0
804	Mebane Triumph	210	573	36.7
1822	A—711	209	575	36.8
1817	Ferguson's Round Nose	192	569	33.8
1819	Mebane Triumph	184	521	35.4
833	Lone Star	180	508	35.4
820	Lone Star	177	540	32.8
821	Rowden Ladd	175	534	32.8
816	Bowden Ladd	168	476	35.4
827	Lone Star	166	526	31.6
848	Matchless E. E. Big Boll.	164	491	33.4
830		161	481	33.4
	Wannamaker	159	520	30
852	Bank Account	158	459	34.4
818	Rowden	157	493	31.8
826	Cleveland Big Boll	155	466	33.2
847	Mortgage Lifter	152	466	32.6
828	Rowden's Big Boll		480	31.8
823	Early King	152		
825		151	533	28.4
861	Ideal	150	493	30.4
851	Union Big Boll	149	489	30.6
834	Simpkin's Prolific	145	483	30.0
800	Wooten's Columbia B. B	133	451	29.4
889	Storm-proof	129	388	33.2
850	Hasting's Upright	126	405	31.2
815	Allen's Express	124	485	25.6
835	Webber No. 82	124	438	28.2
846	Sure Crop	117	384	30.4
829	Long Staple	111	457	24.4
836	Hartsville No. 9	103	358	28.8
838	Webber No. 49	101	365	27.8
853	Yuma	91	311	29.4
837	Keenan-Goodson	70	265	26.6
824	Sea Island	49	204	24.0

# Results in 1917

The growing season in 1917 was favorable for cotton production and all except 11 of the 52 varieties made more than a half bale of cotton per acre (Table 4). Wannamaker-Cleveland ranked highest, with a yield of 390 pounds of lint per acre. Mebane Triumph was second with a yield of 362 pounds.

Table 4.—Varieties tested in 1917, arranged in order of yield of lint.

г с		Acre yiel	d, pounds	Don cont	Langth
Γ. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches
2474	Wannamaker Cleveland	390	894	43.6	7/8
2470	Mebane Triumph	362	1029	35.2	7/8
2473	Holdon	349	955	36.6	1 1/
482	Holdon Matchless E. E. Big Boll	347	958	36.3	7/
498	Moneymaker	345	969	35.6	7/
477	Cook No. 919	344	860	40.0	3/
492	Jackson's Big Boll	338	986	34.4	7/
483	Union Big Boll	336	1003	33.5	1
504	Half and Half	328	923	35.6	7/
459	Mebane	325	914	35.6	1
804	Mebane	320	898	35.7	7/
479	Mortgage Lifter	320	993	32.2	7/
464	F. G. No. 33	319	850	37.5	7/
471	Boykin	318	833	38.2	
491	Mebane Triumph	312	893	34.9	7/
461	Acala	307	867	34.6	1 1/
486	Cleveland's Big Boll	305	886	34.4	17/
465	Kasch's Improved	304 302	791 965	38.4	1
494	Lone Star	302	912	33.0	1 1/7/
469	Ferguson's Round Nose	301	896	33.6	
499	Broadwell's D. J	301	900	33.4	3/ 7/
	Early King	296	834	35.5	7/
500 457	Wexican big boil	296	836	35.3	1 1
493	Webb	295	889	33.2	7/
462	King's Extra Early	294	807	36.5	7/
497	Toole	294	831	35.4	1 "
456	Chisholm	293	846	34.5	î
481	Bank Account	290	872	33.3	
468	Texas Progress	289	876	33.0	7/3/
505	Peterkin	289	819	35.3	
478	Surecrop	286	800	35.8	3/
487	Simpkin's Prolific	285	879	32.4	7/
472	Lone Star	284	834	34.0	1 1/
496	Hite's Prolific	276	808	34.1	7/
466	Cook's Silk L. S	275	851	32.3	1
485	Hawkins	273	848	32.2	1
501	Durango	270	872	30.9	1 1/
463	Vandiver's Heavy Fruiter	269	804	33.5	7/
489	Simpkin's Ideal	255	766	33.3	7/
495	Wannamaker	252	698	36.1	3/
804	Mebane	239	687	34.7	7/
490	Rowden's Choice Prolific	235	692	34.0	1 -
458	Rowden	230	697	33.0 25.1	1 1/
484	Allen's Express	229 229	913 672	34.1	1 1/
480	Hasting's Upright		657	33.7	1 7/
460	Harvell	221 214	803	26.7	1 1/
502	Express	214 208	803 824	25.3	1 1/
503	Trice	208	824 604	34.5	3/
2475	Views V Triumph	190	610	31.2	3/
2476	King's X Triumph	188	685	27.5	1 1/
407	Showhake	100	000	41.0	1 1/

The results of 42 varieties for the year 1918 are given in Table 5. The hot dry weather of July and August reduced yields far below the average and produced inferior quality of staple, the yields ranging from 151 pounds per acre for F. G. No. 33 to 50 pounds for Snowflake. The staple was unusually short and weak, the length being considerably under the average for the respective varieties grown.

Table 5.-Varieties tested in 1918, arranged in order of yield of lint

r. s.		Acre yield	d, pounds	Per cent	Length
No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	lint	of lint, inches
3000	F. G. No. 33	151	409	. 36.9	5/
3035	Mebane Triumph	132	359	36.8	3/
047	Simpkin's Prolific	118	370	31.9	1/
	Union Dig Poll	117	377	31.0	1/
995	Union Big Boll	112	334	33.5	5/
066	Half and Half				3/
994	Texas Progress	110	333	33.0	7/
048	Kasch	109	284	38.4	
804	Mebane	108	303	35.6	7/
078	Broadwell's Double Jointed	106	336	31.5	. 3/
077	Money Maker	106	321	33.0	3/
004	Webb	105	299	35.1	3/
038	Boykin	105	275	38.2	1
064	Toole	103	322	32.0	3/
030	Cook's No. 931	101	262	38.5	1/
046	Early King	101	318	31.8	5/
079	Hite's Prolific	100	298	33.5	3/
062	Express	99	374	26.5	1 1/
065	Mexican Big Boll	99	315	31.4	1/
036	Lone Star	98	270	36.3	1
044	Cleveland's Big Boll	97	316	30.6	7/
003	Rowden	96	303	31.7	7/
034	Ferguson Round Nose	92	275	33.5	15/
997	Matchless Extra Early Big Boll	91	259	35.1	5/
001	Chisholm	90	271	33.2	15/
025	Acala	89	271	32.8	7/
$020 \\ 020$		88	282	31.2	1/
026	Sure Crop	88	279	31.5	5/
		85	324	26.2	1
063	Trice	84	318	26.4	.1 1/
061	Bank Account	81	263	30.8	1/
022		77	252	30.6	3/
989	King No. 580				7/
484	Allen's Express	76	286	26.6	5/
029	King X Triumph	76	223	34.1	7/
473	Holdon	75	218	34.4	
998	Vandiver's Heavy Fruiter	72	223	32.3	3/
023	Wannamaker	70	207	33.8	1/
028	Cook's No. 588	70	199	35.2	5/
056	Improved Champion	70	198	35.4	5/
021	Mortgage Lifter	66	204	32.4	7/
033	Simpkins Ideal	63	207	30.4	5/
996	Hastings Prolific	54	182	29.7	5/8
990	Snowflake	50	172	29.1	7/

The test included 45 varieties in 1919 (Table 6). The excessive rains and moisture conditions, however, resulted in fair yields of lint with a good staple. Boll weevils and bollworms were exceedingly numerous and caused a vast amount of damage to the crop. However, seven varieties produced more than one-half bale per acre. Yields ranged from 145 pounds of lint per acre for Snowflake up to 305 pounds for Mebane Triumph.

Table 6.—Varieties tested in 1919, arranged in order of yield of lint

TC		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.	Per cent	Length	Weight of 100
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	lint	of lint, inches	bolls, in grams
2224	Mebane Triumph	305	793	38.5	7/8	765
3634	Medane Trumph	297	867	34.3	3/4	553
3674	Union Big Boll	283	781	36.2	1	666
3643	Lone Star	265	709	37.4	1	751
3636	Mebane Triumph No. 400	258	683	37.8	1	723
3676	Mebane Triumph	258	685	37.7	î	638
3635	Mebane	254	744	34.1	î	666
3647	Jackson		708	34.5	1 1/16	610
3642	Lone Star	244		37.0	1 1/10	695
804	MebaneF. G. No. 33	234	632	37.8	1	581
3663	F. G. No. 33	231	611			808
3633	Mehane	230	625	36.8	1 1/16	666
3660	Truitt	229	627	36.5	1	702
3654	Willis	227	592	38.3	1 1/0	653
3668	Foster	224	696	32.2	1 1/8	695
3659	Acala No. 5	221	579	38.2	1 1/16	
3677	Mebane Triumph	220	563	39.1	7/8	751
2472	Lone Star	219	594	36.9	1 1/16	794
	Belton	219	620	35.3	1 1/16	765
3653	Lone Star	217	637	34.1	1 1/16	638
3646	Lone Star	216	591	36.5	1	751
3645	Lone Stat	211	627	33.7	7/8	588
3639	Webb	211	607	34.8	1 1/8	695
3658	Acala None Nose	207	576	35.9	1 1/16	737
3655	Ferguson's Round Nose	204	563	36.2	1	599
3673	Cleveland	200	531	37.7	1	454
3675	Half and Half	199	589	33.8	1 1/8	652
3669	Kekchi	199	479	41.5	1	822
3637	Kasch	197	589	33.4	Î	645
3661	Chisholm	197	522	37.7	1 1/16	610
3644	Lone Star		543	36.1	1	780
3150	Lone Star	196	551	35.4	1 1/16	
3657	Acala	195	547	35.6	1	808
3664	Gilstrap	195	505	37.8	1 1/16	
3640	Bennett	191	571	33.5	1 1/8	581
3666	Durango	191		34.0	1 1/16	
793	Belton	190	559	35.0	1 1/16	
3656	Acala	190	543		1 1/10	900
3632	Mehane	186	492	37.8	1 1/8	532
3667	Express	185	576	32.1	7/8	737
3638	Boykin (New)	180	468	38.4	1 1/16	
3650	Rowden	110	520	33.6		744
3649	Holdon	171	475	36.0	1 1/10	
	Rowden	166	476	34.8	1 1/16	
3651	Harvell	158	448	35.3	1 1/10	780
3662	Buckelew Big Boll	151	418	36.1	1 1/16	
3665	Snowflake	145	491	29.5	1 3/8	560

The results of 11 varieties tested in 1920 are shown in Table 7. Continued rains in the spring delayed planting until late in May, and throughout the summer and fall continued rains prevented proper cultivation and harvesting. During the month of August boll weevils were numerous and practically destroyed the cotton crop. The season was the wettest on record at Denton and was considered by the older inhabitants as the most unfavorable year for cotton in the history of the county, resulting in a crop failure.

Table 7.—Varieties tested in 1920, arranged in order of yield of lint

T. S. No.	Variety	Acre yield	d, pounds	Per cent	Length	
	variety	Lint	Seed cotton	lint	of lint, inches	
4131 4120 804 3150 4114 4119 793 4117 4118 4115	Acala Mebane Mebane Lone Star Durango Lone Star Belton Kasch Snowflake Bennett Bowden	15.9 9.7 7.6 6.1 5.9 4.4 4.3 3.6 3.6 2.5 2.0	42.3 24.7 20.6 17.6 18.3 12.6 12.9 9.3 10.7 6.6	37.6 39.2 36.9 34.6 32.2 34.9 33.3 38.7 28.0 37.8 33.3	1 1/8 7/8 1 1/1 1 3/1 1 1/1 1 1/1 3/4 1 1/4 1 1/8	

Table 8 gives the results of the variety test in 1921. Yields were reduced by cloudy, showery weather conditions, which were favorable to boll weevils during July, and by hot dry weather in August and September. Bennett's Lone Star made the highest yield, 270 pounds of lint per acre, and was followed by Lone Star with 239 pounds, and Truitt with 231 pounds. Bennett's Lone Star, Mebane, and Lone Star had the largest bolls and Durango and Snowflake the smallest. All varieties except Kasch and Truitt produced a staple which measured one inch or more in length.

Table 8.—Varieties tested in 1921, arranged in order of yield of lint

T. S. No.		Acre yi	eld, Lbs.	Don sont	Loueth	Weight
	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	of 100 bolls, ir grams
5994	Bennett	270	696	38.7	1 1/16	733
5995	Lone Star	239	628	38.0	1 1/16	720
5990	Truitt	231	630	36.7	15/16	604
5986	Lone Star	225	646	34.8	1 1/8	650
5984 *	Belton	224	635	35.3	1 1/8	665
5988	Acala	217	638	34.0	1 1/16	580
5989	Mebane	196	509	38.5	1	725
5992	Kasch	187	474	39.4	7/8	708
5987	Durango	172	554	31.0	1.3/16	455
5993	Rowden	163	471	34.6	1 1/8	662
5991	Snowflake	122	424	28.7	1 3/8	500

# Results in 1922

The results of 13 varieties for the year 1922 are presented in Table 9. The yields of lint ranged from 217 pounds of lint per acre for Mueck-Harper down to 92 pounds for Snowflake. As may be seen in Table 1, the summer rainfall was very low, being only .26 inch for July, .78 inch for August, and .57 inch for September. All varieties produced staple shorter than normal.

Durango, Lightning Express, and Snowflake were the only varieties that produced staple of one inch or longer.

Table 9.—Varieties tested in 1922, arranged in order of yield of lint.

T. S. No.		Acre yield, Lbs.			T et l'	as in- y per- f total first ings	Weight
	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness as i dicated by po centage of to crop in fir two pickings	of 100 bolls, grams
6568 804 6573 6563 6566 6574 6571 6565 6572 5984 6567 6564 6575	Mueck-Harper Mebane Kasch Mebane Truitt Rowden Acala Lone Star Bennett Belton Lightning Express Durango Snowflake	217 193 185 182 172 159 157 156 153 133 121 96 92	584 563 468 480 495 463 475 421 399 394 438 324 339	37.2 34.3 39.5 37.9 34.7 34.3 33.0 37.1 38.3 33.7 27.6 29.6 27.1	5/8 7/8 5/8 7/8 3/4 7/8 7/8 3/4 3/4 1 1 1/16	5.68 6.25 2.90 4.89 13.65 4.99 23.34 13.38 2.18 12.91 41.25 25.22 1.65	454 425 510 567 510 538 340 482 510 454 312 284 482

#### Results in 1923

In 1923 the yields of the varieties were approximately equal to the average for the eleven-year period, 1918 to 1929, inclusive (Table 10). Continued dry weather during July, August, and September checked a 10 per cent infestation of boll weevil noted after a 5-inch rain on June 10. Cliett's Superior, Mebane, Bennett's Lone Star, Rowden, New Boykin, and Truitt each made more than one-half bale per acre. Cliett's Superior ranked first with a yield of 282 pounds of lint per acre. Durango and Snow-flake, long-staple varieties, produced the lowest yields.

Table 10.-Varieties tested in 1923, arranged in order of yield of lint

m 6		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.		ss as in- d by per- e of total in first ckings	Weight
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Earliness dicated centage crop in two piel	of 100 bolls, grams
6807 6780 6784 6797 6786 6803 6783 6780 6782 6796 6802 6564 6787	Cliett's Superior Mebane Bennett Rowden New Boykin Truitt Lone Star Kasch Belton Lightning Express Hallmark Durango Snowflake	282 265 264 259 250 238 238 233 226 196 161 154 134	687 666 698 630 702 708 628 654 640 664 577 452	41.0 39.8 37.8 41.9 36.3 37.9 35.6 35.3 29.5 27.9 34.0 32.2	37 . 39 27 . 74 29 . 07 24 . 71 45 . 17 32 . 55 30 . 12 32 . 42 26 . 52 65 . 43 28 . 02 29 . 08 18 . 78	677 668 861 620 507 609 623 633 530 334 409 500 376

The results obtained with the 13 varieties in the test in 1924 are given in Table 11. The season was favorable for the growth of cotton, and nine of the thirteen varieties produced a half bale or more per acre. Half and Half led with a yield of 307 pounds of lint per acre, but it produced one-half inch staple, while Star and Lone Star, which were only slightly lower in yield, produced a staple measuring 1 1/16 and one inch, respectively. None of the varieties produced less than 200 pounds of lint per acre. Only five varieties produced staple under one inch.

Table 11.—Varieties tested in 1924, arranged in order of yield of lint

		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.			by per- of total first kings
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness dicated centage crop in two pick
7468 7384 7386 7385 7408 7388 7459 7387 7383 7409 6314 7391 7411	Half and Half Star Lone Star Kasch Mebane New Boykin Cliett's Superior Sunshine Startex Truitt Burnett Rowden	307 295 293 284 276 262 259 256 250 245 221 216 201	734 739 771 706 738 699 648 721 753 677 695 600 551	41.8 39.9 38.0 40.2 37.4 37.5 40.0 35.5 33.2 36.2 31.8 36.0 36.5	1/2 1 1/16 15/16 5/8 1 7/8 1 1/16 1 5/8	37.54 28.87 28.90 41.61 33.33

### Results in 1925

No results are available for 1925, since the cotton in the variety test in 1925 was totally destroyed by hail on August 13.

### Results in 1926

Sixteen varieties were included in the tests in 1926, the results of which are given in Table 12. Weather conditions were favorable for the production of cotton and resulted in the highest yields during the 11 years of the experiment. Yields ranged from 645 pounds of lint per acre for Half and Half down to 170 for Snowflake. Half and Half produced a half bale more per acre than the next highest variety. It was the only one of the 16 varieties that produced lint less than one inch, measuring only  $\frac{5}{8}$  inch. This is the only year in which Half and Half has been so outstandingly ahead of other varieties in yield of lint, although it led in yield in 1918 and 1924. The five highest-yielding varieties, in order, were Half and Half, Sunshine, Truitt, Harper, and Cliett's Superior.

Table 12.—Varieties tested in 1926, arranged in order of yield of lint

	on the same of the con-	Acre yi	eld, Lbs.		,	s as in- by per- of total n first kings
r. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness dicated centage crop ir two piel
8604 8596 8610 8607 8584 8585 8600 8593 8599 8606 8588 8590	Half and Ḥalf. Sunshine Truitt. Harper. Cliett's Superior Kasch. Qualla. Lankart. New Boykin. Acala (Rogers). Acala (Watson) Mebane. Lone Star	645 377 351 348 339 318 310 307 279 275 268 268 250	1514 1011 1006 892 924 866 836 834 811 804 751 768 733	42.6 37.3 34.9 39.0 36.7 37.1 36.8 34.4 34.2 35.7 34.1	5/8 1 1/32 1 1 1 1 1/16 1 1/8 1 1/16 1 3/32 1 1/8 1 1/16	5.68 12.80 3.29 2.73 10.22 7.56 7.80 7.35 7.11 6.06
984- 91 613 595	Belton	243 231 170	715 649 586	34.0 35.6 29.0	1 1 1 1/2	13.18 6.23 6.76

Most of the varieties tested in 1927 produced yields smaller than the average during the four years, 1926 to 1929, inclusive. Heavy rainfall during June and July aided the increase of boll weevils and at the beginning of August all cotton was heavily infested with weevils. However, very light rainfall in August and several days of very hot, dry weather checked the damage by boll weevils and aided in the fruiting and maturing of cotton.

Table 13.—Varieties tested in 1927, arranged in order of yield of lint

		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.	and the state of t	Langth	less as in- ed by per- ige of total in first pickings
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness dicated centage crop in two pic
9608 9612 9594 9617 9615 9605 9618 9614 9604 9586 9625 9601 9616 9616	New Boykin Sunshine Half and Half Rowden Truitt. Cliett's Superior Lone Star Kasch Harper Lone Star (Bennett) Red Leaf Qualla Acala Anton	363 361 330 270 249 238 233 226 217 205 203 200 195 190	1055 968 775 758 713 649 683 616 556 601 549 539 570	34.4 37.3 42.6 35.6 34.9 36.7 34.1 36.7 39.0 34.1 37.1 34.2 37.9	1 1/16 3/4 1 1/32 1 1/16 1 1/16 1 15/16 1 3/16	19.02 23.44 28.73 30.89 33.33 31.13 24.19 28.44 10.20 26.19
9605 9611	Lankart. Mebane	172 168	467 481	36.8 34.9	1	25.21 23.31

Yields ranged from 168 pounds of lint per acre for Mebane to 363 pounds for New Boykin. New Boykin, Sunshine, and Half and Half each yielded more than 300 pounds of lint per acre. Red Leaf and Half and Half were the only two varieties having lint less than one inch long.

## Results in 1928

Twenty-one varieties were included in the variety test for 1928 and the average yields were among the highest obtained during the eleven-year period, Startex being the only variety producing less than 300 pounds of lint per acre (Table 14). New Boykin, Half and Half, Wacona, and Ferguson 406 each produced more than 400 pounds of lint per acre, New Boykin leading with 425 pounds. The staple was shorter than usual, 17 of the 21 varieties producing less than an inch staple. Half and Half had the shortest lint,  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch.

Table 14.—Varieties tested in 1928, arranged in order of yield of lint.

		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.		Langth	ness as in- ted by per- age of total in first pickings	Walaka
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness dicated centage crop in two pich	Weight of 100 bolls, grams
10089 10097 10072 10088 10077 10070 10093 12574 10104 10076 10102 5984 10103 10470 10079 12573 10073 10090 10092 7000	New Boykin Half and Half Wacona Ferguson No. 406 Truitt Lone Star (Bennett) Lone Star Lightning (Koiner) Harper Sunshine Kasch Qualla Belton No. 91 Cliett's Superior Anton Acala Delfos (Long, W. S.) Lankart Mebane Rowden Startex No. 296	425 422 407 403 391 375 367 367 363 353 351 347 336 335 331 326 311 290	1212 986 1117 1141 1122 980 948 952 937 1093 889 900 978 884 937 1004 1054 831 816 881	35.1 42.8 36.4 35.3 34.8 38.4 39.6 38.8 39.2 39.2 39.2 39.2 35.9 37.0 31.8 39.9 39.8 39.9 39.5 34.4	15/16 3/4 1 7/8 15/16 7/8 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 11/32 15/16 11/18 15/16 15/16	45.69 37.39 58.72 53.32 31.05 32.72 44.59 45.39 45.39 45.39 45.39 45.40	610 525 630 500 565 625 625 635 610 700 685 690 670 670 670 670 670 640 545

#### Results in 1929

Of the 29 varieties in the test in 1929, seven produced above 300 pounds of lint per acre, Kasch (Sims) leading with a yield of 337.6 pounds, followed in order by Harper, New Boykin, Kasch (Atwood), Cliett's Superior, Lone Star (O'Connor-Hasselfield), and Qualla (Table 15). Despite the unusually dry summer, 1929 was about an average year for cotton with respect to yield.

The length of the staple was below the average for the eleven years, 1918 to 1929, inclusive, only 6 of the 29 varieties having lint more than one inch long. The longer-staple varieties made the lowest yields, while 18 of the medium-staple varieties produced more than Half and Half, a short-staple variety.

Table 15.—Varieties tested in 1929, arranged in order of yield of lint

ker.		Acre yie	eld, Lbs.		Tanath	ed by per- in first pickings
T. S. No.	Variety	Lint	Seed	Per cent lint	Length of lint, inches	Earliness as dicated by I centage of to crop in fi two picking
13104 13097 13091 13092 13094 13089 13023 13017 13037 13096 13030 13016 13030 13077 13092 13021 13061 13071 13068 13093 13095 13095 13095 13095 13095 13096	Kasch (Sims) Harper New Boykin Kasch (Atwood) Cliett's Superior Lone Star (O'Connor) Qualla Mebane Okla Triumph No. 44 Lankart. Ferguson No. 406 Kasch (Ed.) D. P. L. No. 4-8 Lone Star (Gorham) Lightning Anton Blue Wagon Rowden Half and Half Truitt. Sunshine Lone Star (Bennett) Greer Wichita Wacona Delfos, 631-910 Wild's No. 2	337.6 322.5 321.6 318.2 316.5 313.4 300.6 299.2 294.5 292.4 289.7 289.7 289.7 289.7 289.7 260.0 262.8 261.7 260.0 246.5 216.5 200.7 4 193.6	889.1 802.9 918.55 785.7 835.5 785.7 241.4 767.4 895.0 735.5 827.2 879.1 753.8 779.1 753.8 699.9 705.4 764.5 838.5 687.5 713.9 716.1 785.7 675.0 624.0 624.0 622.2	38.0 40.2 35.0 39.5 40.3 37.5 40.5 39.4 40.0 35.3 40.8 34.1 37.4 38.7 38.7 38.1 34.4 37.4 38.1 37.4 38.1 37.4 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1	7/8 7/8 7/8 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 13/16 13/16 13/16 11/16 11/13 11/32 11/32 11/32 11/32	35.6 49.9 42.6 41.2 20.3 33.6 27.8 43.4 46.2 27.1 28.9 38.3 38.1 19.6 26.5 27.7 26.9 28.7 26.9 36.9 27.1 28.9 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1 38.1

# SUMMARY OF YIELDS OF LINT

Since it is not possible to make a direct comparison between varieties that were not grown during the same years, percentage ratings and relative yields have been computed. Four varieties, Lone Star, Kasch, Mebane, and Rowden, appeared each of the eleven years and the average yield of these four varieties affords a satisfactory basis or standard by which the other varieties may be compared. The percentage rating of a variety is found by dividing its average yield for the years grown by the average yield of the four standard varieties for the same period of years. The relative yield of a variety is found by multiplying its percentage rating by 212, the average yield in pounds of lint of the four standard varieties for the eleven years. It is a coincidence

Table 16.—Summary of actual yields of lint per acre, relative yields, and percentage rating of varieties tested from 1918 to 1929, inclusive.

Variety	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1926	1927	1928	1929	Percentage rating	Relative yields, Lbs. lint per acre	No. years grown
Half and Half	112	200					307 256	645 377	330 361	422	269.3 262.8		283 248	7 5
New Boykin		180			1	259	262	279 348	363	425 367	$\frac{321.6}{322.5}$	112.6	239 238	7
Cliett's Superior Truitt		229		231	172	282 250	$\frac{259}{245}$	339 351	238 249	351 391	$316.5 \\ 264.6$	107.3	236 227	6 9
	98	283	6.1	239	156	238	293	250 310	233 200	375 353	283.9 300.6		$\begin{array}{c} 223 \\ 221 \\ 217 \end{array}$	11 4 11
Kasch Lone Star (Bennett) Mebane	109	199 -191 234	$\begin{array}{c} 3.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 7.6 \end{array}$	187 270 196	185 153 182	233 264 265	284	318	226 205 168	355 376 326	289.7 261.7 299.8	101.9	216 212	8
Lankart		234			102			307	172 190	331 347	294.5 279.4		209 203	4 3
RowdenBelton	96	166 190	2.0	163 224	159 133	264 226	216 201	231 243	270	311 351	270.6	91.6	195 194	11 8
Acala	89	195	15.9	217	157			268	195	336	202.7	87.7	186	. 9

that the average yield of the four base varieties is identical with the average yield of Mebane, which also is 212 pounds per acre.

A summary of the yields of lint of the varieties that were grown three or more years during the eleven-year period, 1918

to 1929, inclusive, is given in Table 16.

The varieties are listed according to their relative yields of lint per acre. It will be noted that there are 10 varieties above 100 per cent, and five below. Half and Half led with a yield of 283 pounds of lint per acre, followed by Sunshine with 248, New Boykin with 239, Harper with 238, and Cliett's Superior with

236 pounds per acre.

While Half and Half made the largest relative yield, it is undesirable on account of its short staple, averaging less than  $\frac{7}{8}$  inch in length, which is not tenderable on future contracts. If no difference in price, however, is paid on the local market for the better-staple varieties than is paid for Half and Half, then under the present system of marketing it would be more profitable to grow Half and Half on account of its high yield. If an adequate premium can be obtained for the better-staple varieties to offset their slightly lower yield then they should be grown in preference to the shorter-staple varieties.

# PERCENTAGE OF LINT

The percentage of lint of individual varieties varied from year to year. For instance, the percentage of lint of Mebane ranged from 34.9 in 1926 to 39.9 in 1928 (Table 17). Similar variations occurred in some of the other varieties. Five varieties, Mebane, Lone Star, Rowden, Kasch, and Truitt, appeared each of the three dry years, 1921, 1922, and 1923, and each of the three wet years, 1926, 1927, and 1928. While the average yield of lint was higher for the wet years, the percentage of lint was higher during the dry years. The average percentage of lint for the five varieties during the three dry years was 37.4, and 36.1 for the three wet years. This variation in percentage of lint appears to be due largely to environmental causes. Half and Half had the highest percentage of lint during the four years, 1926 to 1929. inclusive, with an average of 41.5. During this four-year period, five other varieties, Harper, Qualla, Kasch, Lankart, and Cliett's Superior, averaged above 38 per cent, while the lowest four varieties had percentages between 34 and 35.

#### LENGTH OF LINT

During the four years, 1926 to 1929, inclusive, Half and Half was the only variety in the test that produced lint of untenderable length, averaging only  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch for the period (Table 18). Acala had the longest lint, averaging 1 3/32 inches for the four

Table 17.—Percentage of lint of varieties

Variety	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1926	1927	1928	1929	11-year average	Rank	Three dry year average 1921– 1923	Rank	Three wet year average 1926–27–28	Rank	Last four years 1926– 1929	Ran
Mebane Lone Star Rowden Kasch Belton Lone Star (Bennett) Truitt Acala Half and Half New Boykin Cliett's Superior Sunshine Lankart Qualla Harper Startex Acton Ferguson No. 406 Wacona	35.6 36.3 31.7 38.4 32.8 33.5	37.0 36.2 34.8 41.5 34.0 37.8 36.5 35.4 37.7 38.4	36.9 34.6 33.3 38.7 33.3 37.8 37.6	38.5 38.0 34.6 39.4 35.3 38.7 36.7 34.0	37.9 37.1 34.3 39.5 33.7 38.3 34.7 33.0	39.8 37.9 41.9 35.6 35.3 37.8 35.3 37.8 36.9 41.0	37.4 38.0 36.0 40.2 36.5  41.8 37.5 40.0 35.5 	34.9 34.1 35.6 36.7 34.0  34.9 35.7 42.6 34.4 36.7 37.3 36.8 37.1 39.0	34.9 34.1 35.6 36.7 34.1 34.9 34.2 42.6 34.4 36.7 37.3 36.8 37.1 39.0	39.9 39.6 35.3 39.9 35.9 38.4 34.8 33.5 7 33.2 39.2 39.2 39.2 39.2 37.0 35.3 36.4	39.1 36.4 34.2 40.8 38.1 34.6 32.5 38.1 35.0 40.3 31.3 40.0 40.5 40.2 4 35.3 34.4	37.4 36.6 35.2 38.9	2 3 4 1 1	38.7 37.7 36.9 38.2 34.8 38.3 35.6	1 4 5 3 7 2 6	36.6 35.9 35.5 37.8 34.9 34.5 42.7 34.6 37.7 35.9 37.8 37.8 39.1	7 9 10 5  11 13 1 12 6 8 4 3 2	37.2 36.1 35.2 38.5 34.8 34.0 41.5 34.7 38.4 34.8 34.8 39.4	7 8 9 4  10 13 1 12 5 11 6 3 2
Delfos										31.8 38.8	37.1								
Kasch (Sims) Okla, Triumph No. 44 Delta Pine Land No. 4–8. Blue Wagon Greer Wichita Wilson.											37.5 38.0 33.4 34.1 38.7 36.4 32.1								
Wilds No. 2											31.1 30.1 29.8 39.5			,,,,,,,,					

Table 18.—Length of lint of varieties by years and period averages

Variety	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1924	1926	1927	1928	1929	Average length of lint, inches	4-year average 1926– 1929
Mebane. Lone Star Rowden. Kasch. Belton. Lone Star (Bennett) Truitt. Acala. Half and Half. New Boykin. Cliet's Superior Sunshine. Lankart. Qualla. Harper. Startex. Anton. Ferguson 406. Wacona. Delfos.		7/8	7/8 1 1/16 1 1/16 3/4 1 1/16 1 1/8 1 1/8		7/8 7/8 7/8 5/8 5/8 3/4 3/4 3/4 7/8	5/8 1 15/16 1 1 1 1 1/2 1 7/8 1 1.16	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1/8 \\ 5/8 \\ 1 \\ 1/16 \end{array}$	1 1 1/16  1 1 3/16 3/4 1 1/32 1 1/16	15/16 7/8 15/16 7/8 11/32 15/16 7/8 11/16 3/4 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16	15/16 7/8 15/16 15/16 15/16 11/32 13/16 7/8 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16 15/16	1 29/32 1 31/32 15/16 1 1/32 23/32 31/32 31/32 31/32 1 1 31/32 31/32 29/32	1 31/32 31/32 1 3/32 3/4 31/32 1 1 1 1 31/32
Lightning Lone Star (O'Connor-Hassel-									15/16	7/8	29/32	
field). Kasch (Sims) Okla. Triumph No. 44 Delta Pine Land No. 4-8. Blue Wagon. Greer Wichita Wilson Wild's No. 2. Delfos 6102-911 Delfos 631-910 Kasch (Atwood).										15/16 7/8 7/8 15/16 7/8 1 1/16 13/16 1 1/16 1 1/32 1 1/32 7/8		

Table 19.—Early maturity as measured by the percentage of total crop in the first two pickings

Variety	1922	1923	1924	1926	1927	1928	1929	7-year average 1922-29	4-year average 1926-29	2-year average 1928-29
Mebane Lone Star Rowden Kasch Belton Lone Star (Bennett) Truitt Acala Half and Half New Boykin Cliett's Superior Sunshine Lankart Qualla Harper Startex				6.06 12.13 6.23 2.73 13.18 5.68 7.11 7.82 7.80 3.29 10.16 7.56 10.22 12.80	23 31 33 33 23 44 31 13 28 44 28 73 20 23 19 02 34 10 30 89 31 65 25 21 26 19 24 19	28.46 32.72 31.19 45.39 32.17 31.05 53.32 40.22 45.69 56.76 44.19 48.29 21.87 33.11 36.22 26.06	27.8 27.1 19.4 38.3 26.9 26.5 37.4 41.2 22.7 19.6 33.6 49.9	21.2 26.6 19.9 26.0	21. 4 26. 3 20. 1 29. 4 28. 6 26. 3 26. 8 35. 3 29. 28. 2 18. 6 25. 8 30. 8	28.1 29.9 25.3 41.8 29.0 39.0 40.1 42.7 35.5 20.7 33.3 43.0
Anton. Perguson No. 406. Wacona. Lightning. Lone Star (O'Connor-Hasselfield) Kasch (Sims). Okla. Triumph No. 44. Delta Pine Land No. 4-8. Blue Wagon. Greer Wichita Wilson. Wild's No. 2. Delfos 6102-911. Delfos 631-910 Kasch (Alwood). Delfos (W. S. Long).						45.58 58.72 37.39 44.59	29.3 46.2 28.7 28.9 20.3 35.6 43.4 48.0 38.1 36.1 36.1 37.8 52.7 39.3 46.6			

years. Mebane, Lone Star, Sunshine, Lankart, and Qualla produced one-inch staple, while the lint of the other varieties averaged 31/32 inch in length.

### EARLINESS OF MATURITY

Earliness is expressed as the percentage of the total crop harvested in the first two pickings. A seven-year average, 1922 to 1929, was secured on four varieties; a four-year average, 1926 to 1929, on 13 varieties; and a two-year average, 1928 to 1929,

inclusive, on 18 varieties (Table 19).

Lone Star was the earliest variety in the seven-year average, while New Boykin was the earliest in the four-year average, and Ferguson 406 in the two-year average. In the four-year average, 1926 to 1929, New Boykin, Harper, Cliett's Superior, Kasch, and Truitt were the earliest maturing varieties producing 35.3, 30.8, 29.9, 29.4, and 28.6 per cent, respectively, of their total crops in the first two pickings.

#### SIZE OF BOLL

Data on the size of boll were obtained in five of the eleven years of the test (Table 20). The size of boll is expressed as the weight in grams of 100 well-opened bolls. (One pound is equal to 453.6 grams.) The size of boll was determined on all of the varieties grown in 1928 and such of these varieties as were grown in 1919, 1921, 1922, and 1923. Lightning (a strain of Mebane) and Lankart produced the largest bolls in 1928. During these five years in which Lightning and Lankart were not included for the entire period, Bennett's Lone Star and Kasch produced the largest bolls, 100 well-opened bolls averaging 733 and 675 grams, respectively.

Table 20.—Size of bolls, arranged in order of average weight

V		Weight of	f 100 bolls	, in grams		Average for five	Average for years
Variety	1919	1921	1922	1923	1928	years	grown
Lone Star (Bennett)	936	733	510	861	625	733	
Kasch	822	708	510	633	700	675	
Mebane	695	725	567	668	670	665	
Rowden	808	662	538	620	600	646	
Lone Star	666	720	482.	623	650	628	
Belton	780	665	454	530	690	624	
Truitt	666	604	510	609	565	591	
Acala	659	580	340		600		545 4 year
New Boykin	737			507	610		618 3 year
Cliett's Superior				677	670		674 2 year
Harper			454		635		545 2 year
Half and Half	454				525		490 2 year
Lightning					720		720 1 year
Lankart					710	1	710 1 year
Qualla					685		685 1 year
Änton					675		675 1 year
Wacona					630		630 1 year
Sunshine					610		610 1 year
Startex					545	1	545 1 year
Ferguson 406					500		500 1 year

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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### SUMMARY

One hundred and seventy-nine varieties and strains of cotton were tested at Substation No. 6, Denton, Texas, during the seventeen-year period 1913-1929, inclusive.

Half and Half made the highest average yield, 283 pounds of lint per acre. Next in order of yield were Sunshine, New Boykin, and Harper, with yields of 248, 239, and 238 pounds per acre, respectively.

Half and Half produced  $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch lint, which is untenderable on future contracts. Sunshine, New Boykin, and Harper, the next three high-yielding medium-staple varieties, produced staple of tenderable length, 31/32 to 1 inch. The longer-staple varieties were not as productive as the medium-staple varieties.

Half and Half, Harper, and Kasch had the highest percentages of lint or gin turn-out, averaging 41.5, 39.4, and 38.5 per cent, respectively. A high percentage of lint, however, was not always associated with high yields of lint per acre. For example, Sunshine and New Boykin, two of the highest-yielding varieties, averaged only 35 per cent lint.

The size of boll was measured by the weight in grams of 100 well-opened bolls. Bennett's Lone Star ranked first with 733 grams to the 100 bolls (62 to the pound); Kasch second with 675 (67 to the pound); Mebane third with 665 (68 to the pound); and Rowden fourth with 646 grams (70 to the pound).

Earliness was measured by the percentage of the total crop harvested in the first two pickings. On this basis New Boykin, Harper, Cliett's Superior, Kasch, and Truitt were the earliest-maturing varieties, producing 35.3, 30.8, 29.9, 29.4, and 28.6 per cent, respectively, of their total crop in the first two pickings made at approximately weekly intervals.

The selection of a variety of cotton for North Texas will depend largely on the system of marketing and prices paid. If cotton is bought on the "hog-round" or average basis, and no more is paid for staple cotton than for short and untenderable cotton such as Half and Half, then Half and Half, on account of

its high yield, would be the most profitable variety to grow. If suitable differences in prices, however, can be obtained to compensate for the lower yield, then Sunshine, New Boykin, Harper, and Cliett's Superior, which produce lint of tenderable length, 31/32 to 1 inch, would be more profitable to grow than Half and Half.

Table 21.—Varieties of cotton tested at Denton from 1913 to 1929,\* inclusive, with source of seed and yield in pounds of lint per acre. Variety Source of Seed 1916 1918 1919 1920 1913 1917 1921 1922 1923 1924 1926 1927 1928 Barrow Bros., Quinlan, Texas.... A. B. Fowler, Clarksville, Texas.... 211 ..... ...... Watson Seed Farms, Waxahachie, Texas . . . . 195 15.9 Henry Dunlavy, Allenfarm, Texas. John D. Rogers, Navasota, Texas C. N. Nunn, Porter, Okla Amzi Godden Seed Co., Birmingham, Ala... Peter Henderson Co., New York, N. Y.... Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La..... 124 76 F. Alves & J. W. Karback Co., Lubbock, Tex. Andres Anton, New Braunfels, Texas..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 

1929 Acala No. 5 Allen Express..... Anton.... 279.4 Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas.... H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga..... Bank Account ..... 159 290 81 Belton H. Stubblefield, Belton, Texas . . . . . . Substation No. 5, Temple, Texas..... 190 4.3 224 133 201 Bennett (Lone Star) R. L. Bennett, Dallas, Texas.... 191 2.5 270 153 264 376 261.7 Black Rattler.... S. H. Tracy, Biloxi, Miss. Blanks Seed Farm, Lockhart, Texas..... Bolivia.... J. R. Wooten, Columbus, Texas Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas..... 318 105 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . W. P. Broadwell & Co., Alpharetta, Ga.... Broadwell's Double Jointed Broadwell's Double Jointed N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga.... 301 106 Buckelew Bros., Oenaville, Texas..... Buckelew Big Boll..... 151 .......... Leeves Leeves M. M. Wooley, Ralls, Texas E. E. Fant, Seneca, S. C. ...... ..... ..... ..... ..... Chisholm..... Texas Seed Breeding Farms, Sherman, Tex... Chisholm..... Pittman & Harrison, Sherman, Texas..... 197 N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga..... Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La.... Cleveland . 204 ..... ..... Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La.... Cleveland's Big Boll . . . . . . 157 305 97 Cleveland's No. 641 Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala... 208 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . O. W. Cliett, San Marcos, Texas..... Cliett's Superior..... San Marcos Valley Seed Farm, San Marcos, Cliett's Superior..... J. R. Wooten, Columbus, Texas.... N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga..... 81 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 54 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas..... Cook..... 242 ..... Cooks ..... Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala. 344 101 The state of the s Alabama Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala... 70 ..... Cook's Silk Long Staple .... Peter Henderson & Co., New York, N. Y.... ..... Crowder..... B. A. Crowder, Marquez, Texas.... Culpepper...... Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La..... 71 

Delfos 6102-911	Stoneville Pedigreed Seed Co., Stoneville,														236.5
Delfos 631–910	MissStoneville Pedigreed Seed Co., Stoneville,		14.55	100000		-									200.4 284.2
Delta Pine Land No. 4-8	Miss.  Delta Pine Land Co., Scott, Miss.  N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga.  N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga.														
Dongola	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga	04		270	84										
Durango	F. C. Tracy Carlsbad, N. M.					191									
Durango	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga. N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga. F. C. Tracy, Carlsbad, N. M. Subtation No. 8, Lubbock, Texas. M. Falkner & Son, Waco, Texas. Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La. (C. Little, Lorgiculla Ga.						5.9	172	90	194					
Durango	M. Falkner & Son, Waco, Texas	10	152	301	101										
Early King Edgeworth	J. C. Little, Lewisville, Ga	89													
								1			A Property	10000000		403	292.4
					92	207	1 1 200								
Ferguson Round Nose	Ferguson Seed Farms, Inc., Sherman, Texas. Ferguson Seed Farms, Inc., Sherman, Texas. Wilmon Newell, College Station, Texas Morgan Lattimer, Clarksville, Texas	59	102					100	188		1000				
Foster	Morgan Lattimer, Clarksville, Texas					224									
F. G. No. 33															
Gilstrap	Olin Gilstrap, Omen, Texas					100									260.0
Greer Wichita	Olin Gilstrap, Omen, Texas														200.0
Haagas Extra Long Staple	Oggon Hoogs Momphie Tenn	00								404		1			A STATE OF THE STA
Hallmark	A. S. McKain, Greenville, Texas	96													
Half and Half	Oscar Hanga, Memphis, Texas  A.S. McKain, Greenville, Texas Oscar Hanga, Memphis, Tenn  N. L. Willet Seed Co, Augusta, Ga Fred Gee, Troup, Texas			328	112	200									
Half and Half	Fred Gee, Troup, Texas										307	645			
Half and Half	W. S. Hotchkiss, 1roup, 1exas		1	1000		To the ball	1	1. 1. 10					330	422	
Half and Half	B. F. Summerour Seed Co., Vernon, Texas														269.3
Half and Half	B. F. Summerour Seed Co., Vernon, Texas Wharton Mercantile Co., Wharton, Texas			v								348	917	367	322 5
Harper	R. M. Harper, Martindale, Texas											100			
Hartsville	D. R. Coker, Hartsville, S. C. Chas. Eden, Bryan, Texas		103	221											
Harvell	Chas. Eden, Bryan, Texas					150		1		1000	1000				
					54										
Hastings Upright	H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga.		126	229											
Hawkins	. U. S. Dept. Agri., washington, D. C			070											
Hawkins Prolife	Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La		151												
Hendricks	A. F. Hendricks, Diair, Okia	10			1.00					100					
Hites Prolific															
Holdon	W. M. Parks, Clarksville, 1 exas					171									t.
Huffman	G. S. Huffman Longview, Texas	61						,							
Ideal	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, va. W. M. Parks, Clarksville, Texas. H. Stubblefield, Belton, Texas. G. S. Huffman Longview, Texas. W. A. Simpkins, Raleigh, N. C. W. M. Bodeman, Lockhart, Texas. James Jackson, Pottsboro, Texas. Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.		150	204	70										
Improved Champion	. W. M. Bodeman, Lockhart, Texas	80		294	10										
Jackson	Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas					. 254									
Jackson's Big Boll	James Jackson, Pottsboro, Texas. Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas. Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.	.l	.1	.1 338	1	.1		.1							1
			11- 0	41		1 in 100	5 the w	ariety r	lantings	were	lestrove	ed by ha	il.		

<sup>\*</sup>Due to change of location of the station in 1914 and 1915 no yields are available for these years and in 1925 the variety plantings were destroyed by hail.

Variety Source of Seed 1913 1916 1917 1918 1920 1919 1921 1922 1923 1924 1926 1927 1928 1929 Ed Kasch, San Marcos, Texas..... 199 109 3.6 187 185 233 289.7 Geo. W. Baker & Son, Lockhart, Texas.... . . . . . . . 318 Ellis County Cottonseed Co., Waxahachie. Atwood Pedigreed Seed Farm. Ennis, Texas. Kasch..... Ed Kasch, Lockhart, Texas.... Kasch Improved..... 304 N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta Ga....... 61 Keenan Keenan-Goodson . . . . . . . . . D. R. Coker, Hartsville, S. C. 70 W. M. Parks, Clarksville, Texas.... Kekchi.... Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.... King's Extra Early..... 295 Texas Seed and Floral Co, Dallas, Texas.... ............ ..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . King X Triumph..... Alabama Exp. Station, Auburn, Ala..... 190 76 Lankart Bred Seed Farms, Waco, Texas.... Lankart..... ..... 331 294.5 H. P. Koiner, Krum, Texas.... Lightning ........... 369 Lightning Cottonseed Co., Lockhart, Texas. ..... 279.4 . . . . . . Lightning Express..... ...... D. M. Crenshaw, Waco, Texas.... Lone Star 54 |..... ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas..... 177 98 197 Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.... 166 302 216 John Gorham, Waco, Texas..... Lone Star 180 J. A. Moore, Grand Prairie, Texas..... Pittman & Harrison, Sherman, Texas..... 217 F. & B. Station, College Station, Texas.... 196 Lone Star..... D. A. Saunders, Greenville, Texas 4.4 156 R. H. Niesch, Clarksville, Texas..... 225 ............ O'Connor-Hasselfield, Tivoli, Texas..... 313.4 Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.... 111 . . . . . . H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga Matchless E. E. Big Boll ... 164 347 91 Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.... 79 |..... 305 Texas Seed Breeding Farms, Sherman, Texas Mebane..... 325 H. A. Brewer, Dale, Texas.... 320 108 7.6 193 Mebane..... W. S. Hotchkiss, Troup, Texas.... A. D. Mebane, Lockhart, Texas 230 196 182 265 268 168 299.8 J. P. Horner, Lockhart, Texas Mebane..... 9.7 Ferguson Seed Farms, Inc., Sherman, Texas. New Boykin.... 262 279 363 425 321.6 Oklahoma Triumph No. 44 . . Oklahoma A. and M. College, Stillwater, Okla 299.2 N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga..... 72 |..... W. H. Mixson Seed Co., Charleston, S. C... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . H. Conrads, San Marcos, Texas. Qualla 310 300.6 F. M. Fagg, Lewisville, Texas. 203 N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga..... ........... Rowden Bros., Wills Point, Texas..... 158 ...... 175 2.0 84 ..... Rowden ...... R. H. Norwood, Wills Point, Texas .....

Table 21.—Varieties of cotton tested at Denton from 1913 to 1929, inclusive, with source of seed and yield in pounds of lint per acre.—Continued

Rowden	Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas		168	11	1		1							[	
Rowden	Texas Seed Breeding Farm, Sherman, Texas			230	96										
Rowden	R. M. Womack, Wills Point, Texas														
Rowden Big Boll	Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas		152												
Row Jen Choice Prolific	Texas Seed and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas		1	235											
Rowden Ladd	Ferguson Seed Farms, Sherman, Texas		175												
Sea Island	Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La		49		Latin										
Simpling	North Carolina Test Farm Raleigh N C	hh													
Simpkins Ideal	Wake County Cottonseed Co., Raleigh, N. C.														
Simpkins Prolific	Chris Reuter, New Orleans, La		145	285	118										
Snowflake	Nichola & Hooka Clarkeville Teyes	65	-10												
Snowflake	Nichols & Hooks, Clarksville, Texas John C. McLernon, Clarksville, Texas	00		188	50	145	3.0	122	92	134		170			
Star	C. S. Lankart, Waco, Texas			100	00	-10	0.0								
Startex No. 296	F. & B. Station, College Station, Texas													290	
Startex No. 290	Main Station Farm, College Station, Texas														
	John H. Hearn, Terrell, Texas		120								200				
Stormproof	H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga		246												
Sunbeam	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga	62	240												
Sunflower	H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga	00	117	286											
Sure Crop	H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga		111	200							256	377	361	363	262.8
	J. W. Davidson, McKinney, Texas										200	011	001	000	202.0
Texas Progress	Progress Seed Improvement Co., Carlton,			289	110						1000	11.			
	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga.				77.7										
Texas Wood					100										
Toole	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga	64			103 85										
Trice	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga														
Truitt	N. L. Willet Seed Co., Augusta, Ga	79									245	351	249	391	904 6
Truitt	Truitt Seed Co., Ennis, Texas										240	991			264.6
Truitt	Hugo Endler, Bristol, Texas									250					
Union Big Boll	H. G. Hastings Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga W. B. Lawrence, Columbia, S. C	98	149	336	117	297									
Unknown	W. B. Lawrence, Columbia, S. C	77													
Vandiver's Heavy Fruiter	Vandivers Seed Co., Lavonia, Ga			269	72										111111
Wacona	Lankart Bred Seed Farms, Waco, Texas													407	246.3
Wannamaker	Model Seed Farm, St. Matthews, S. C		161	252											
Wannamaker	T. W. Wood & Son, Richmond, Va				70										
Wannamaker Cleveland	T. W. Wood & Son, Richmond, Va			390											
Webb	Texas Seed Breeding Farm, Sherman, Texas.			296											
Webb	Pittman & Harrison, Sherman, Texas					211									
Webber	D. R. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.	103													
Webber	Oscar Haaga, Memphis, Tenn	46													
Webber	J. L. Coker, Memphis, Tenn	56													
Webber	N. L. Willett Seed Co., Augusta, Ga	29													
Webber No. 82	D. R. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.		124												
Webber No. 49	D. R. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.		101												
Wild's No. 2	Coker's Pedigreed Seed Co., Hartsville, S. C.														193.6
Wilson	Caldwell-Wilson Pure Seed Co., Abilene, Tex.														
Willis	R. E. Willis, Oenaville, Tex														
Wootens Columbia Rig Roll	Reichardt & Schulte, Houston, Texas		133		111111										
Yuma	Egyptian Cottonseed Co., Meza, Arizona			1											
Tuma	. Egyptian Cottonsect Co., Meza, Arizona		31									1			
			1					1					1	-	-