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Up-thrust and Seal Failures on a Vertical Can Pump

Brett Smith, Brian McBroom & William Litton







TURBOMACHINERY LABORATORY TEXAS A&M ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION **Magellan Midstream Partners:**

Brett Smith, PE – Manager Equipment Technology Brian McBroom, PE – Equipment Engineer William Litton, PE – Engineer Equipment Consultant



Pine Bend, MN, 12x10, 9 stage vertical can pump, 600 hp, 1780 rpm

A new smaller, higher efficiency motor was installed to replace the old motor and shortly after numerous mechanical seal failures occurred. The motor is a solid shaft motor that is connected to the pump with a rigid coupling.

The motor hub is connected to the motor shaft with a split ring. On startup it was observed that the pump shaft would move about 3/8 inch upward and the mechanical seal would leak.



600 hp, 2300 volt, 1780 rpm Old Motor New Motor





• During a normal pipeline startup the refinery starts up a tank booster pump which feeds the vertical can pump. When pressure is received from the tank pump the vertical can pump is started.

• First the pump suction valve (MOV) is opened and after it is fully open the unit is given a start.

• When the suction valve was opened it was noticed that the pump shaft moved about 3/8 inch upward before the pump was started since flow through the pump pushed the impellers and shaft upward.

- It was noticed that when the pump shaft moved upward the motor shaft did not move upward so the motor was not providing any force to stop the upward movement of the pump shaft.
- The pump was started and shortly after the pump shaft went back down and stayed down. It was noticed that the seal was dripping product after the start up.
- After further investigation it was determined that the set screws had slid on the pump shaft even when properly tightened.



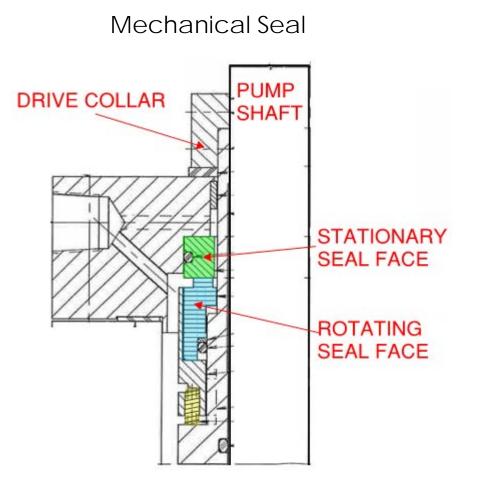
Upward Movement



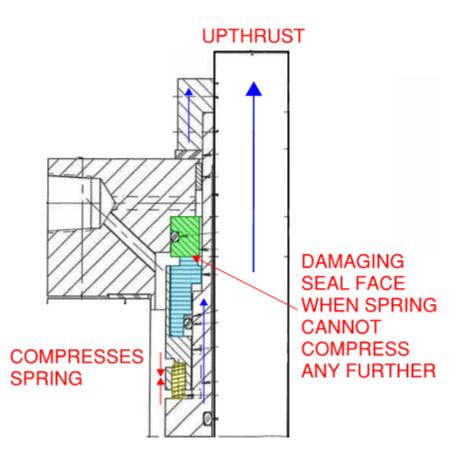
When the suction valve was opened it was noticed that the pump shaft and 4 piece rigid coupling moved about 3/8 inch upward before the pump was started since flow through the pump pushed the components upward.

It was difficult to determine that the motor shaft did not move so it was difficult to trouble shoot and resolve the problem.

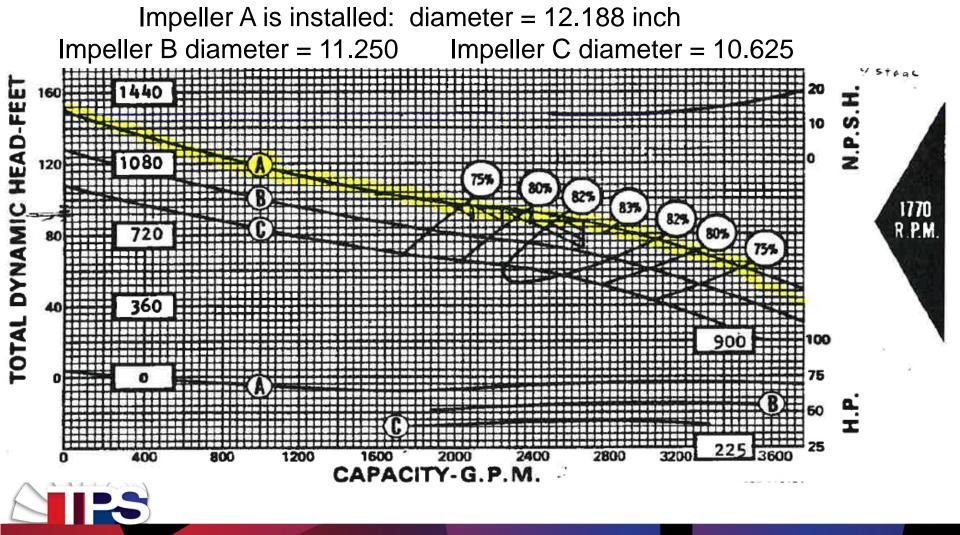
After the pump was started and flow was established the components moved back down to the normal position and the pump was in down thrust.











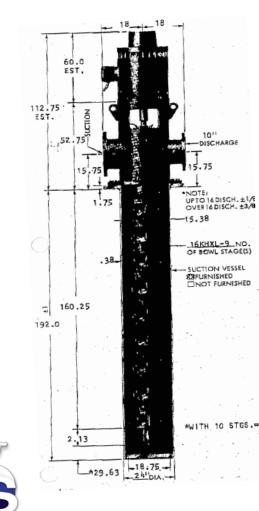
Additonal Details:

- Pump downthrust rating 19,000 lb
- Old motor downthrust rating 19,000 lb
- New motor downthrust rating 22,000 lb
- Total motor weight 3,850 lb
- The new motor had a longer shaft and was smaller diameter so a new motor hub and coupling spacer were manufactured

Additonal Details:

- 300 hp vertical motor
- Old motor shaft diameter: 3.125 inches
- New motor shaft diameter: 2.625 inches



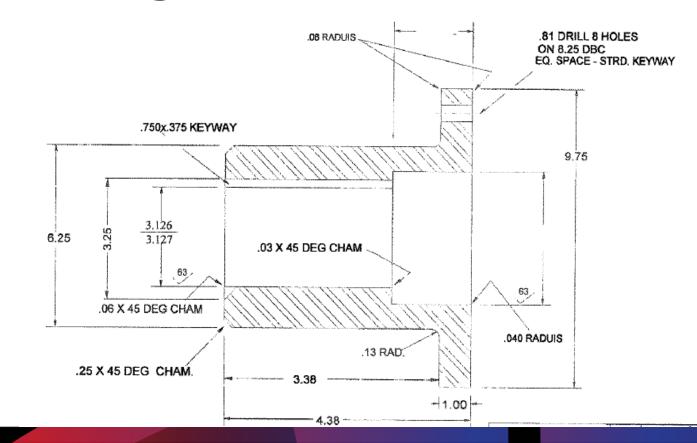


Pump Outline Drawing 12x10, 9 stage pump 600 hp, 1780 rpm, solid shaft motor

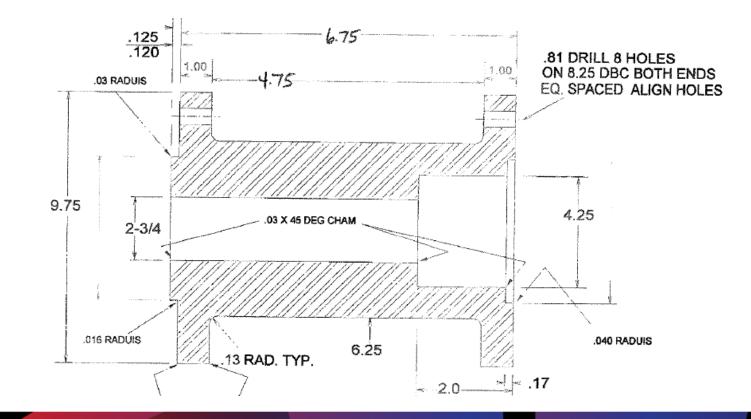
4 piece rigid coupling, spacer, nut, motor hub and pump hub

791 ft at 2660 gpm Suction Vessel 24" OD & 192" Length Suction 12" 150# Discharge 10" 300#

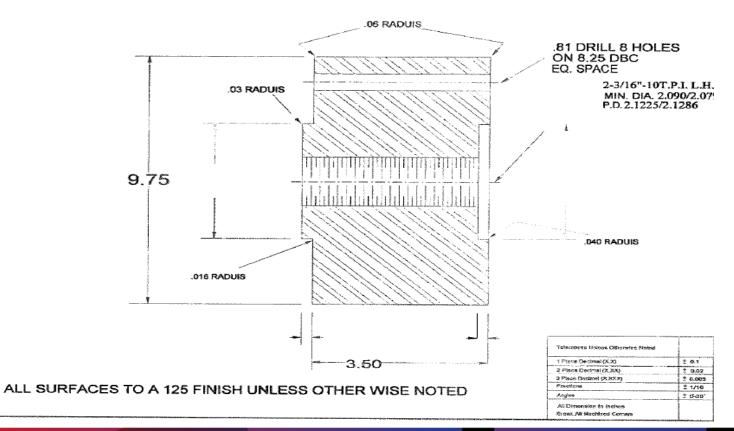
Original Motor Hub



Coupling Spacer



Coupling Nut





Motor Hub

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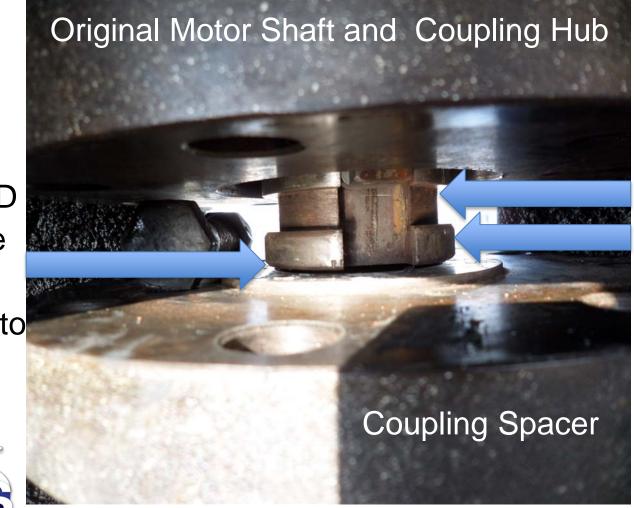
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Coupling Spacer

Coupling Nut

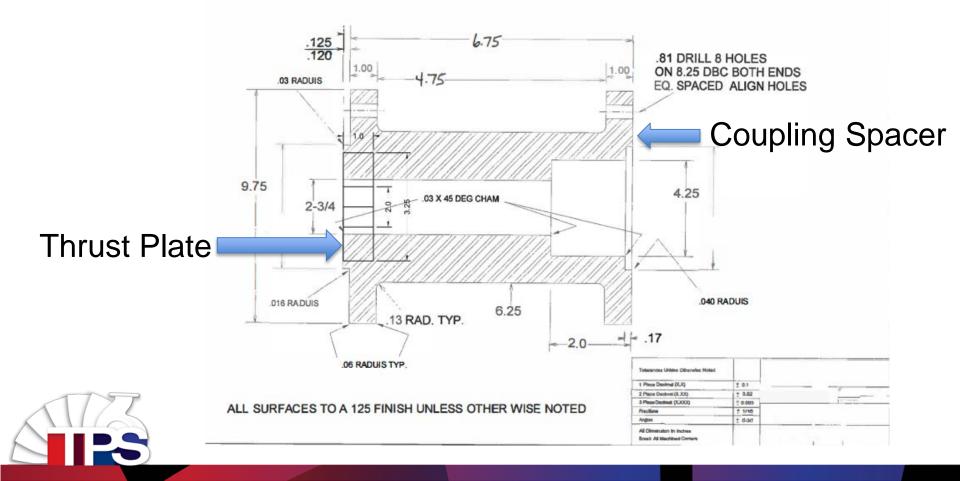
Pump Hub



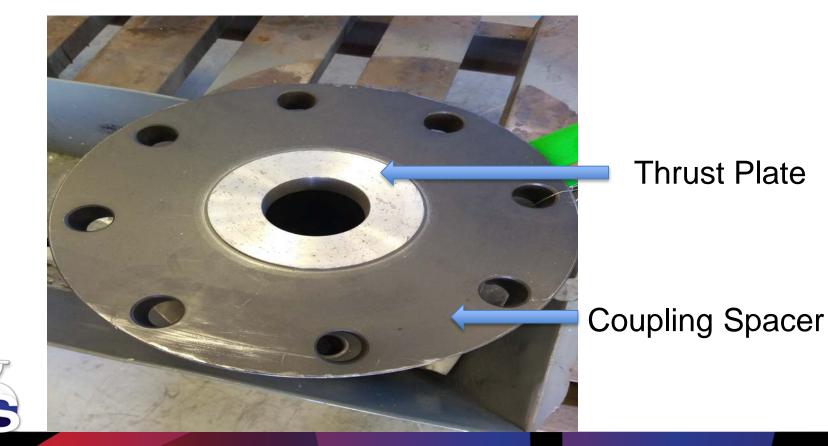
Location for Split Ring Motor Shaft

ID and OD difference transfers up thrust to motor

Modify spacer and install thrust plate – 3.25" OD, 1" thick



Modified coupling spacer with thrust plate installed that stops upward axial movement of pump shaft and prevents seal failures.



Summary

- When installing replacement motors on vertical can pumps, check the up and down thrust ratings on both motors and check the thrust requirements of the pump.
- When installing vertical can pumps, check the operational and start up requirements to see if a unit check valve will be required.
- New motors often have smaller diameter shafts than very old motors so new motor coupling hubs are often required when old motors are replaced.

Summary

- If replacement motors have different shaft diameters make sure that a smaller shaft will not be able to slip inside the hollow coupling spacer/center member and create a condition in which the motor will not be able to supply any force to stop the up thrust movement of the pumps.
- Excessive pump shaft movement upward during start up can damage mechanical seals.

